How and Why to go Beyond the Discovery of the Higgs Boson

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University of Chicago

http://hep.uchicago.edu/~johnda/ComptonLectures.html

Lecture Outline

April 1st: Newton's dream & 20th Century Revolution

April 8th: Mission Barely Possible: QM + SR

April 15th: The Standard Model

April 22nd: Importance of the Higgs

April 29th: Guest Lecture

May 6th: The Cannon and the Camera

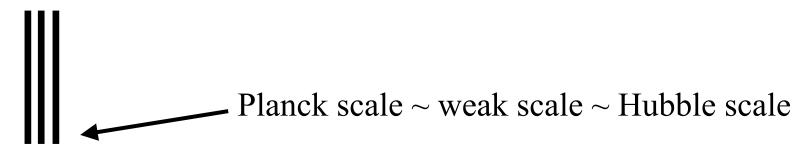
May 13th: The Discovery of the Higgs Boson

May 20th: Problems with the Standard Model

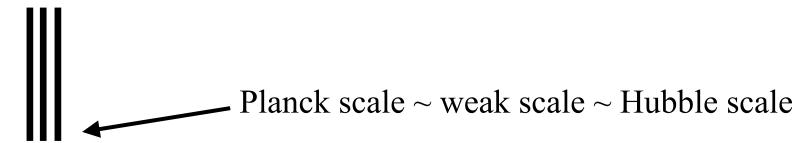
May 27th: Memorial Day: No Lecture

June 3rd: Going beyond the Higgs: What comes next?

Quantum Mechanics + Space-time leads us to expect:



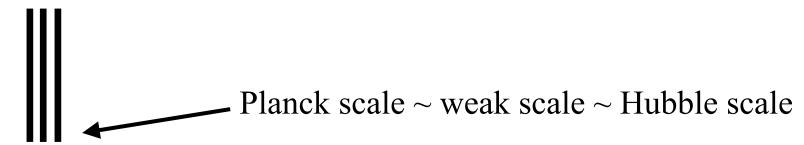
Quantum Mechanics + Space-time leads us to expect:



We observe:



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We observe:



Current theory accounts for huge difference w/implausible cancellation Need modifications QM or Space-time to avoid fine tuning

Problems associated to each fundamental scale.

Planck Scale:

What replaces spacetime? ("Quantum Gravity")

Weak Scale:

Why is Gravity so weak? ("Hierarchy Problem")

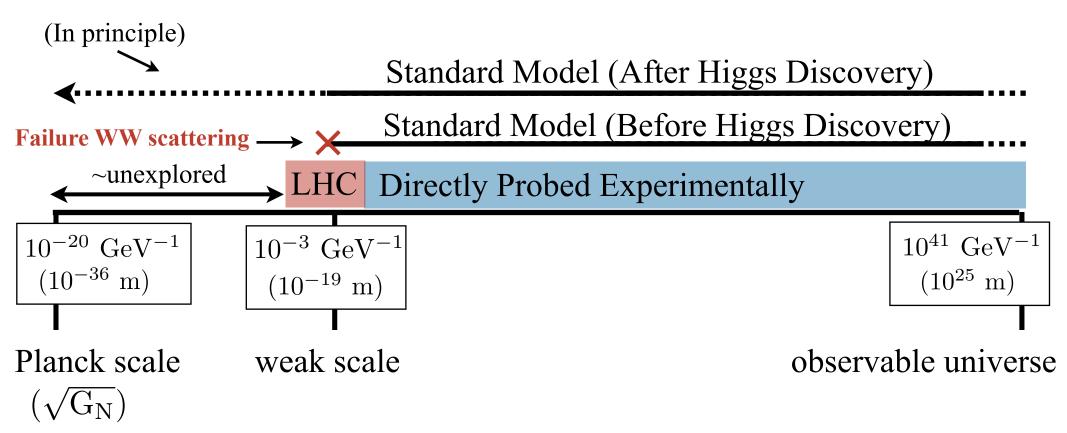
Hubble Scale:

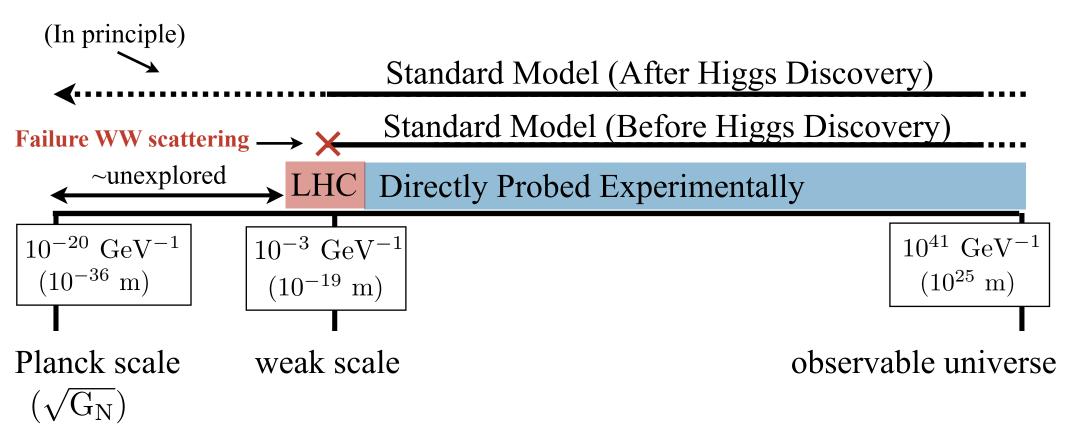
Why is the universe so big? ("Cosmological Constant Problem")

Current theory accounts for huge difference w/implausible cancellation Need modifications QM or Space-time to avoid fine tuning

Today's Lecture

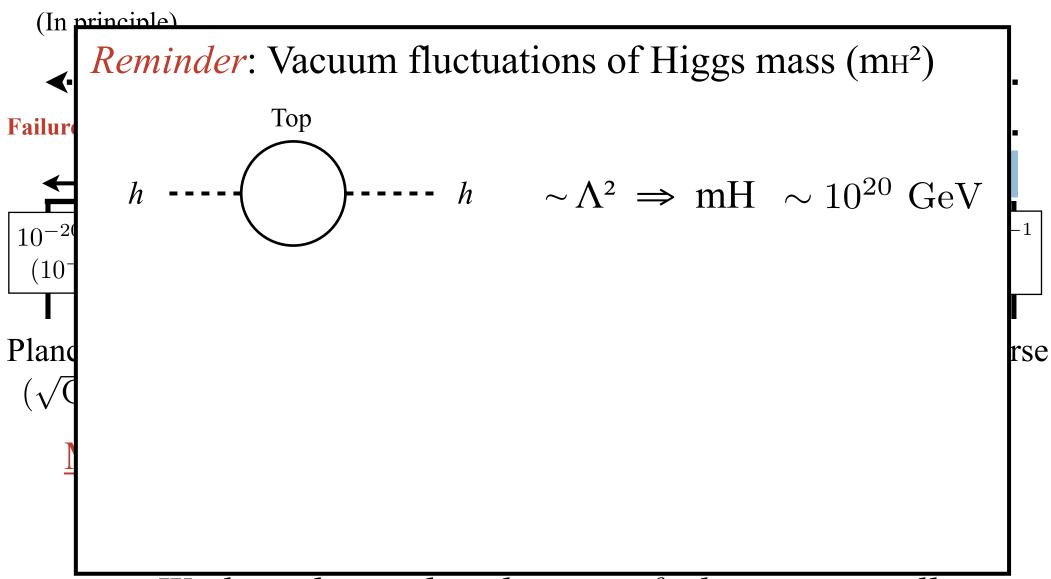
Going beyond the Higgs Discovery: What comes next?



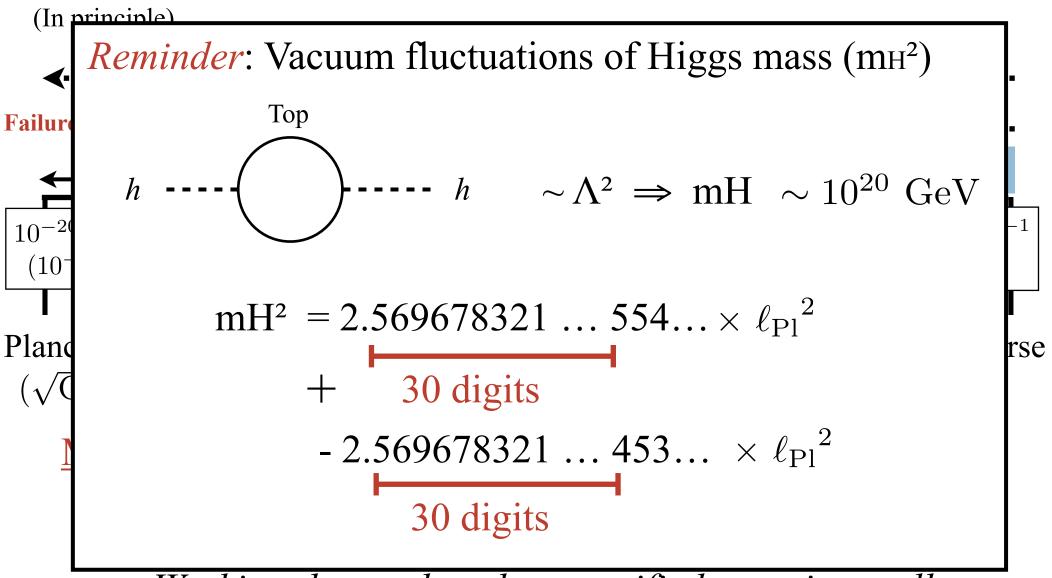


Most tractable now:

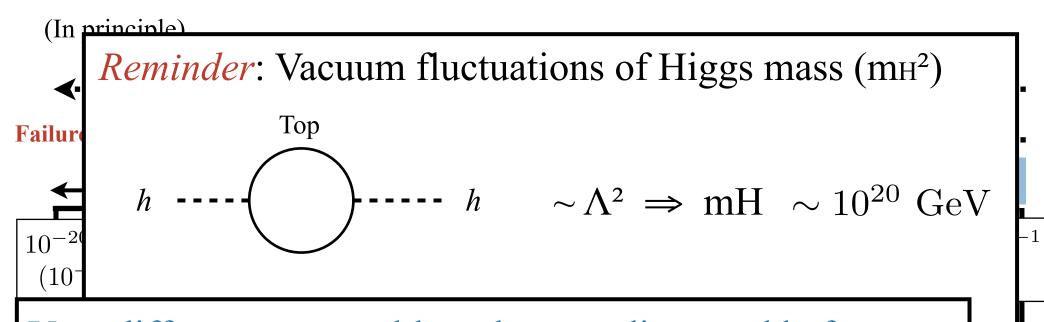
- Currently directly probing this scale with the LHC
- Understand the physics at this scale incredibly well *Working theory thats been verified experimentally*



Working theory thats been verified experimentally



Working theory thats been verified experimentally



Very different type problem than we discussed before: "*Naturalness*" *Problem*:

- Theory is fully logically consistent
- Need bizarre (un-natural) choice of input parameters

Un-like situation before Higgs where theory broke down $P(\omega\omega\to\omega\omega) > 1$ / Inconsistent mass description

What scale do we need Modification?

$$mH^2 = \cdots + \cdots + \cdots$$
 $\sim (\text{weak-scale})^2 \qquad mH^2_{\text{Classical}} \qquad \sim \Lambda^2$

Can avoid need for fine tuning only if $\Lambda \sim$ weak-scale.

What scale do we need Modification?

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Need changes to stop vacuum fluctuations below: 10^{-3} GeV^{-1} (10^{-19} m)

new particle

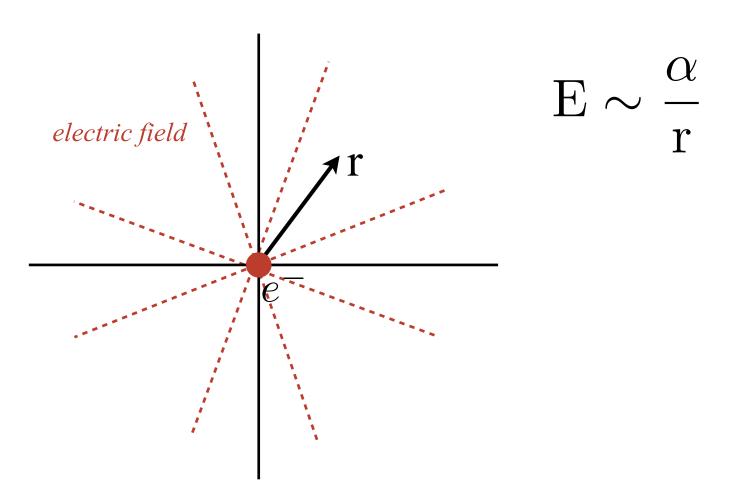
mX ~ 1000 GeV

$$h \longrightarrow h$$

(Pencil metaphor: analogous to the pencil glue/string)

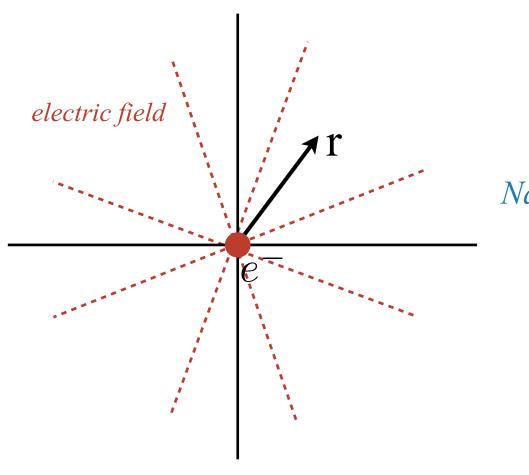
Same type of problems have occurred before in history of physics Same types of arguments for scale of new physics worked

Example: Energy stored in the electric field around electron



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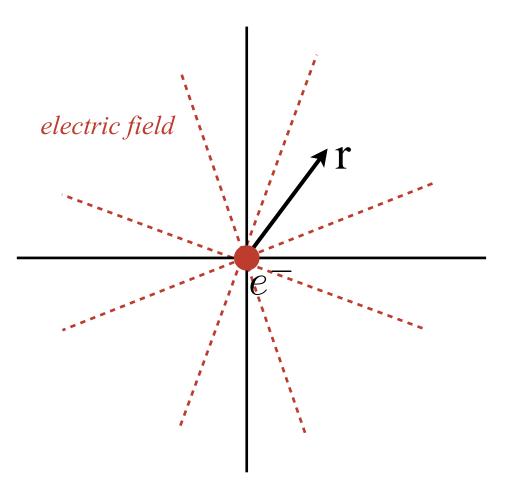


$${
m E} \sim rac{lpha}{{
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Naively seems infinite

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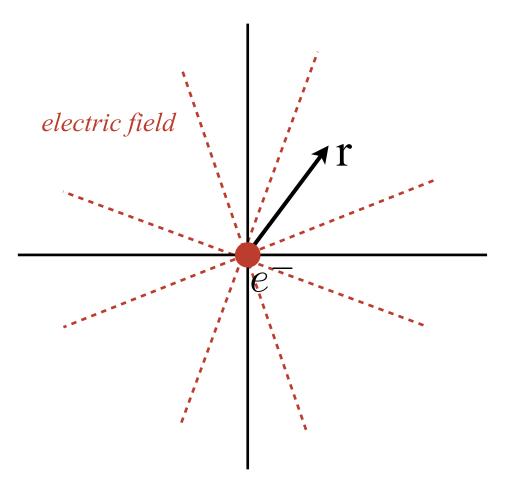
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$$E \sim \frac{\alpha}{r} \sim \frac{\alpha}{\Lambda}$$

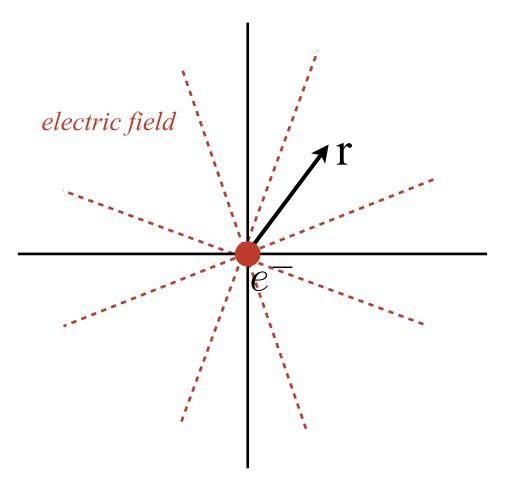
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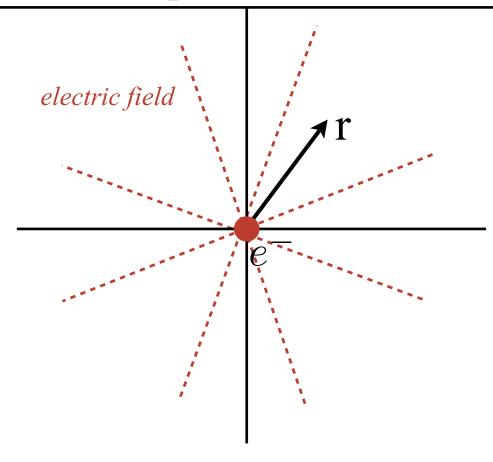
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Need $\Lambda \ge \alpha/E$ to avoid fine tuning

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Naturalness requires new physics kick in $\Lambda \ge \alpha/me$ Picture of point like electron must break down at this scale



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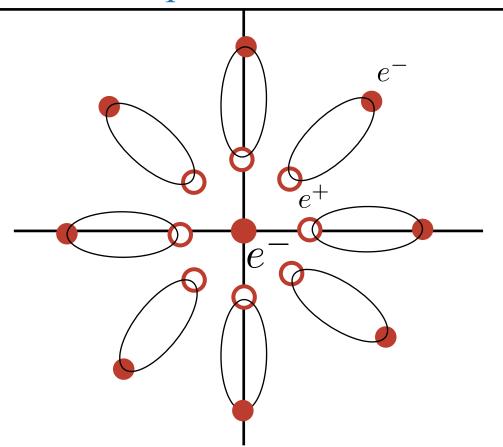
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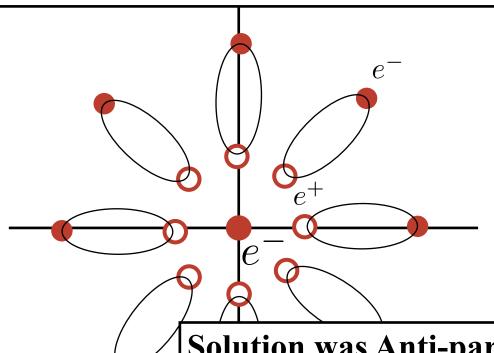


Exactly what happens!

At scale $\Lambda \sim 1/\text{me}$ start seeing particle-anti-particle cloud

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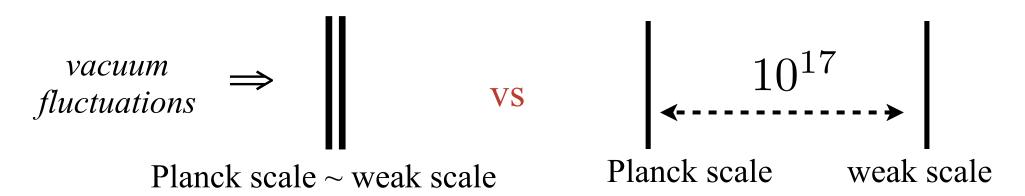


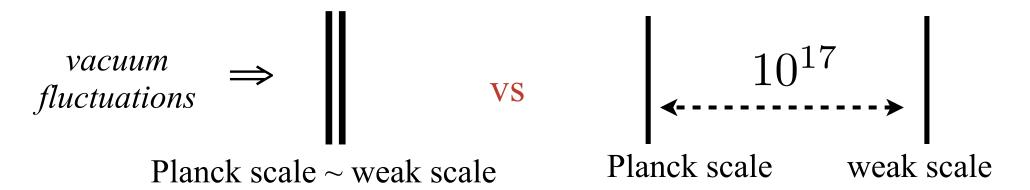
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Solution was Anti-particles:

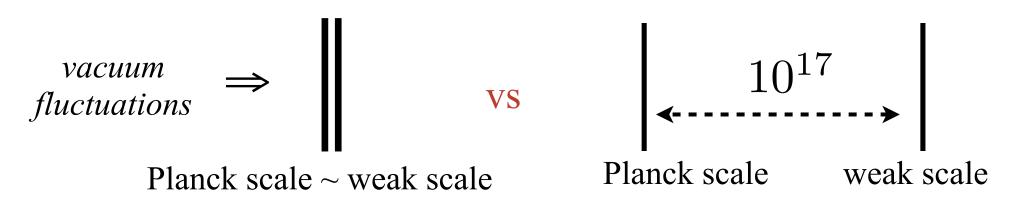
- Direct result of extension of Space-time (adding QM)
- Doubled the number of particles in the theory

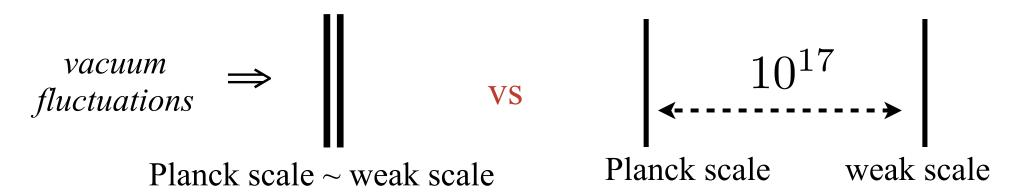




Expect any potential solutions to be dramatic

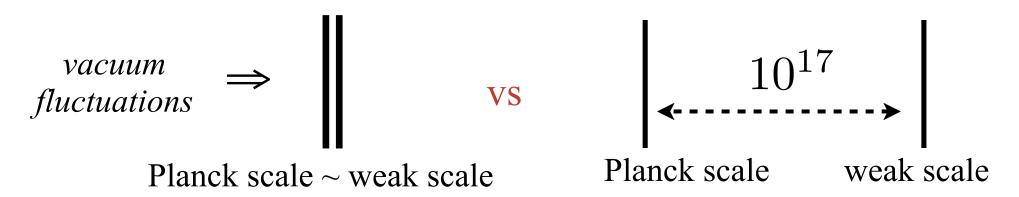
- Basic feature of space time get us in this mess
- Not like $\omega\omega$ scattering where could just add one new particle





"Compositeness" Higgs made of smaller particles

Weak scale not fundamental / Similar to size of the proton New underlying physics responsible for Higgs/Higgs potential ⇒ New forces / New matter

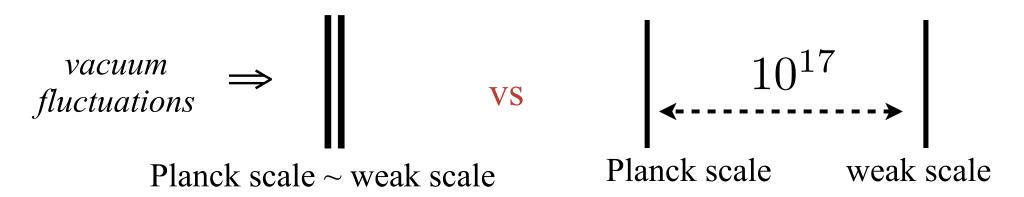


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Extra dimensions

Planck scale is really at the weak scale Gravity appears weak b/c gravitons can propagate in extra dim.



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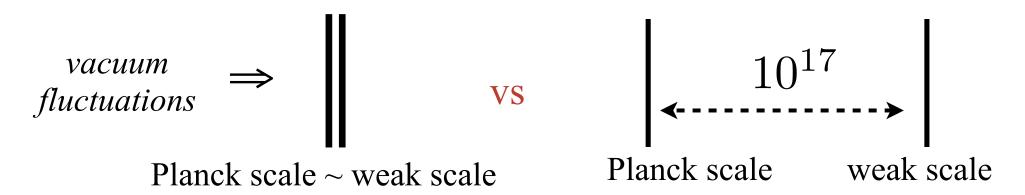
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Supersymmetry

Vacuum corrections suppressed below weak scale



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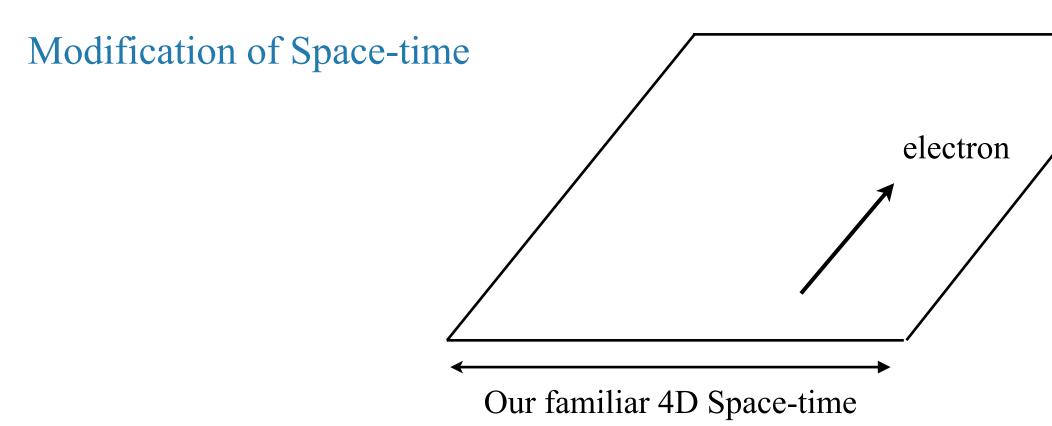
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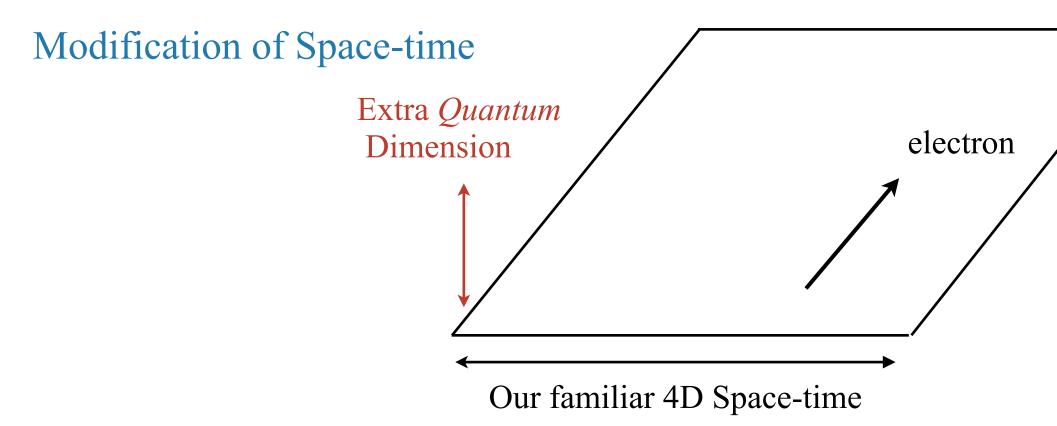
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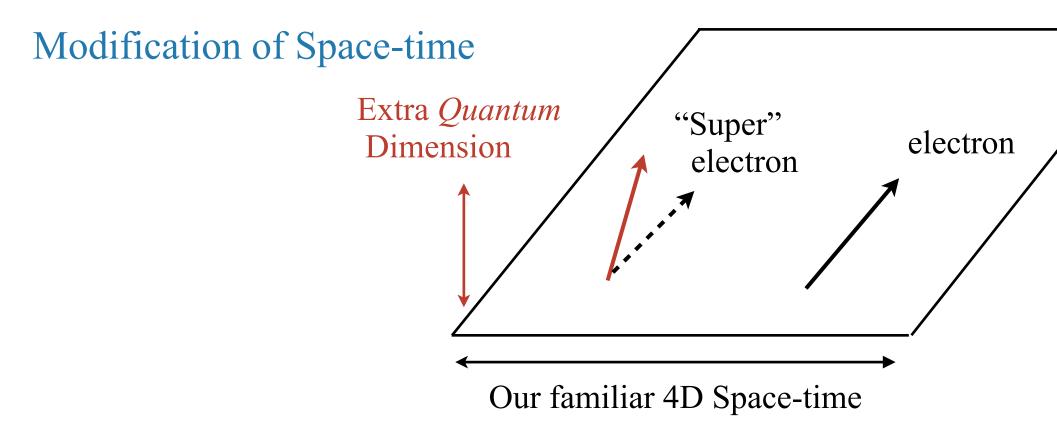
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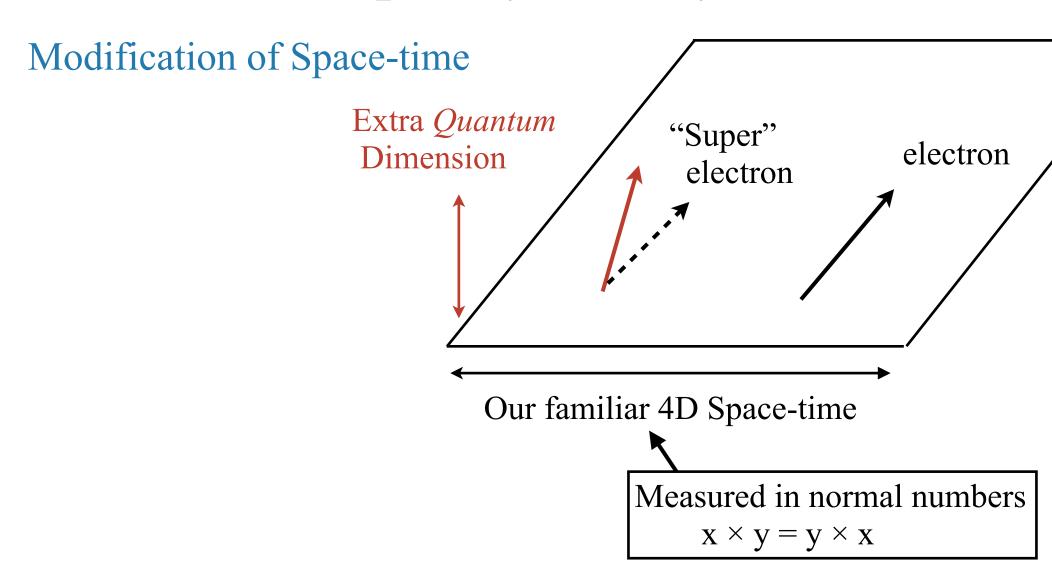
Go through example of how works in detail Supersymmetry Has been a favorite within the field

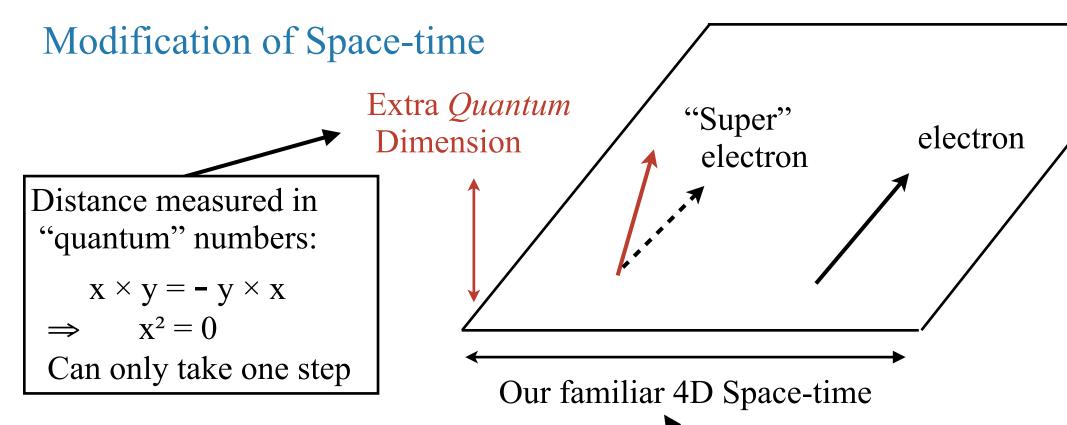
Vacuum corrections suppressed below weak scale











Measured in normal numbers

 $\mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{y} \times \mathbf{x}$

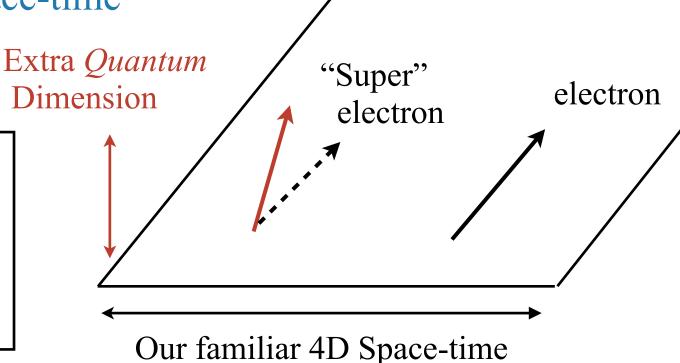


Distance measured in "quantum" numbers:

$$x \times y = -y \times x$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = 0$$

Can only take one step



Doubles number of particles:

- Standard Model particles
- Super-partners w/step in extra dimension

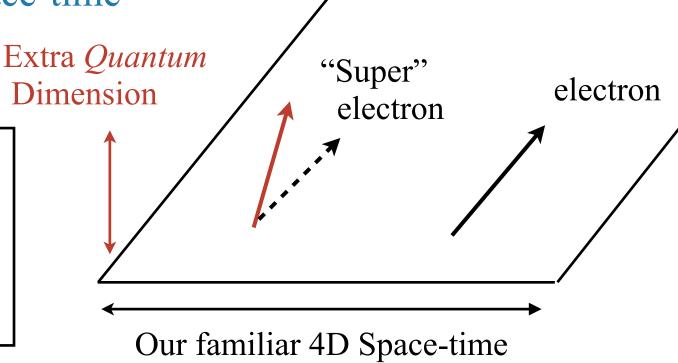
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Measured in normal numbers $x \times y = y \times x$

All regular rules of QFT apply / Symmetry relating particles/Super particles

Super Symmetry

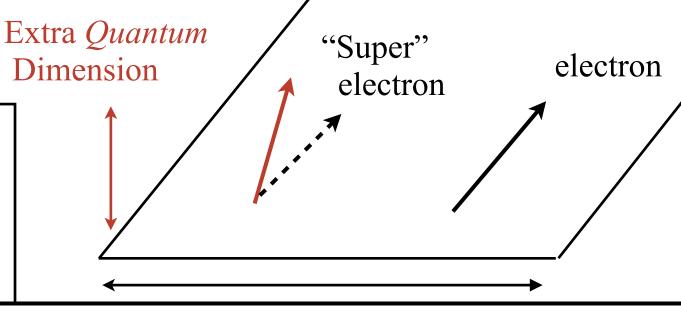


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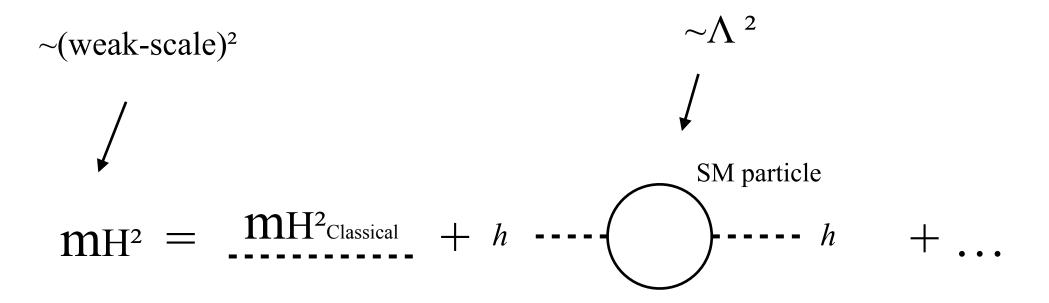
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<u> Pan only take one sten</u>



- Havent seen super-partners
- Could be another example of long-distance illusion: eg: difference between forces
- Idea: going to short enough distances start seeing symmetry
- To avoid fine-tuning needs to happen around weak scale

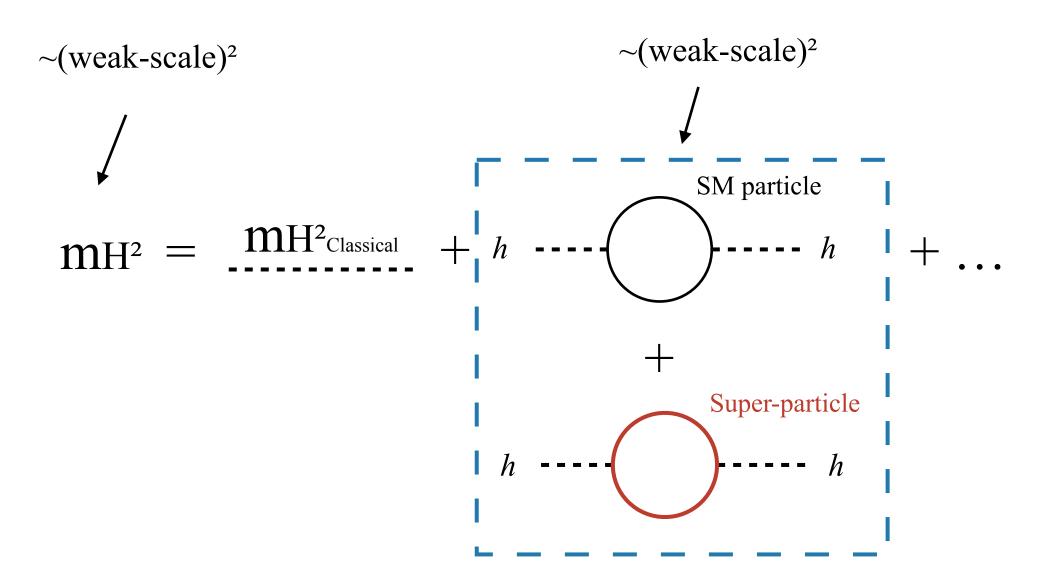
How Does This Help?

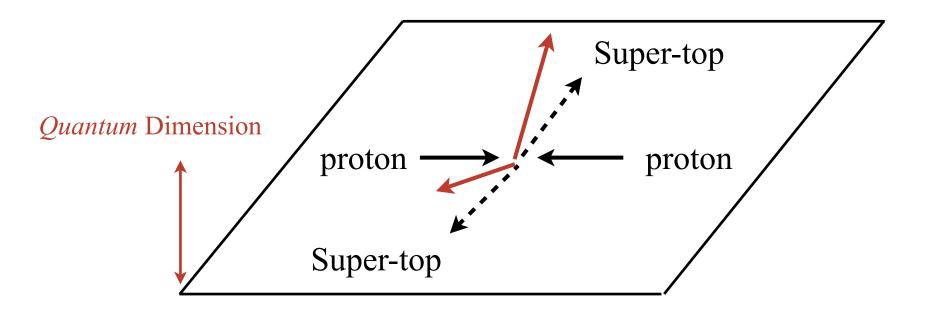


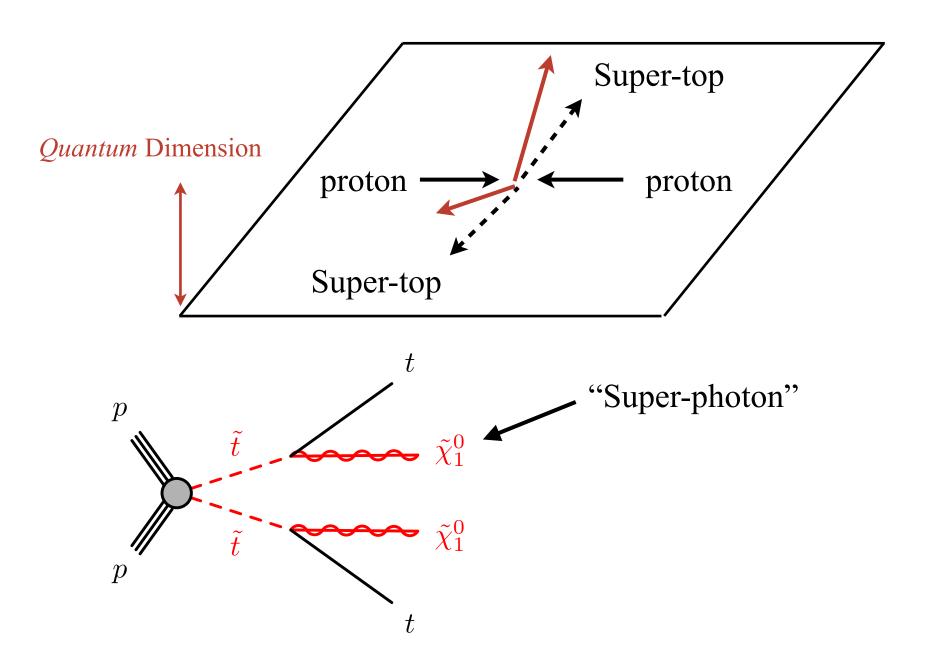
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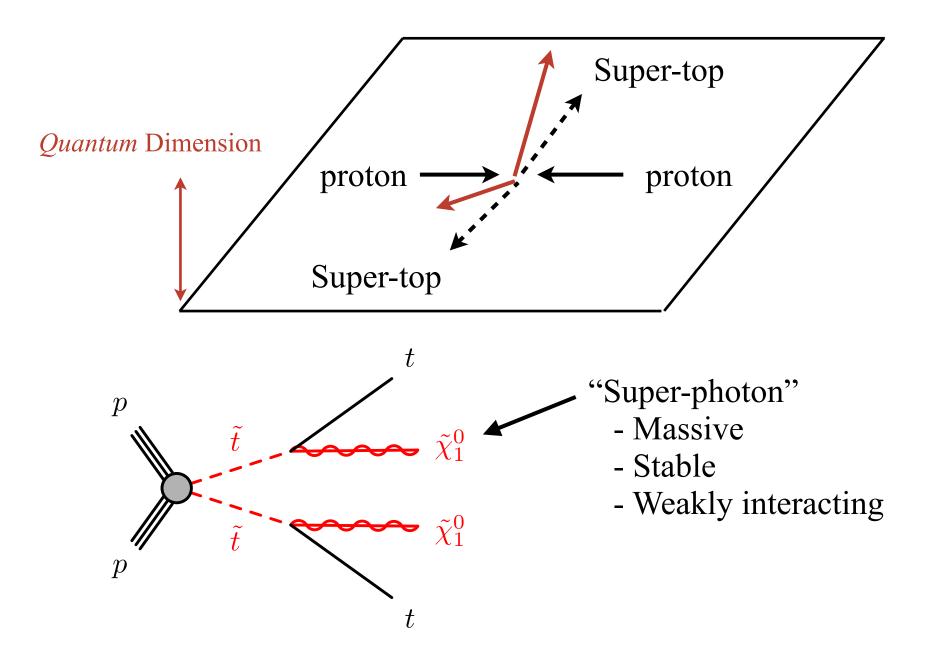
~(weak-scale)² SM particle Super-particle

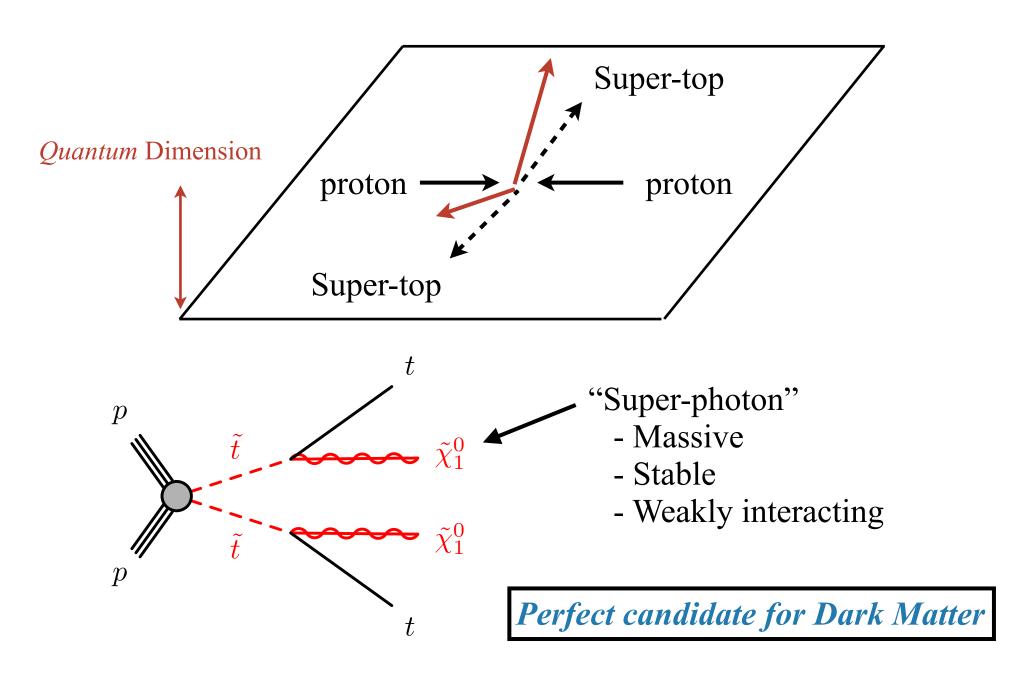
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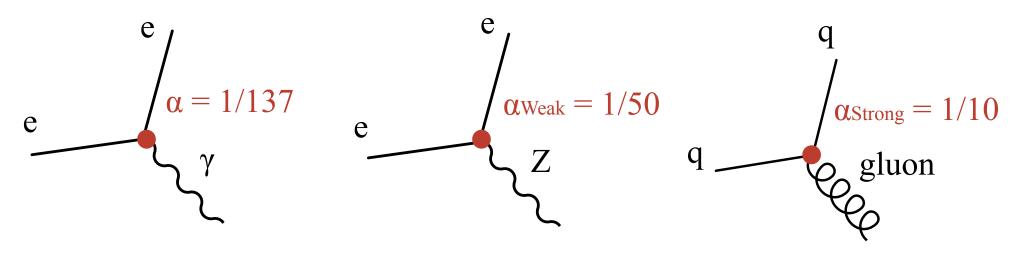


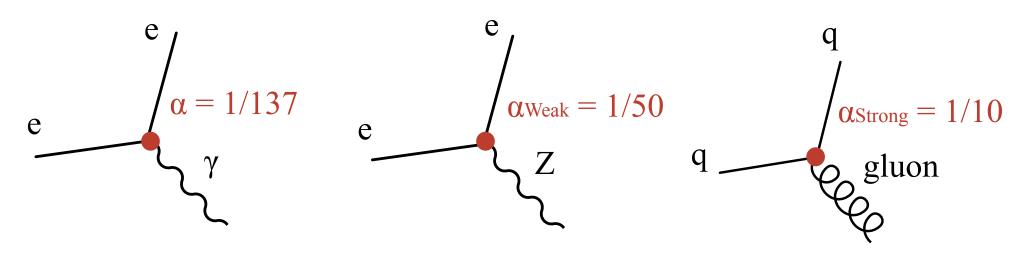


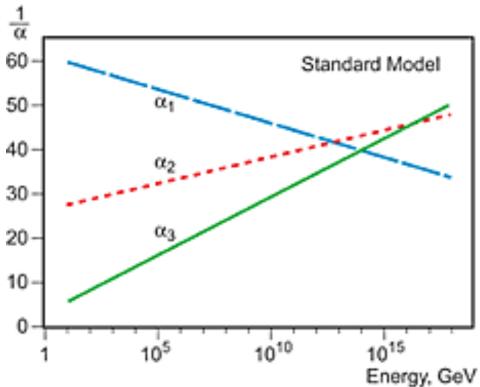


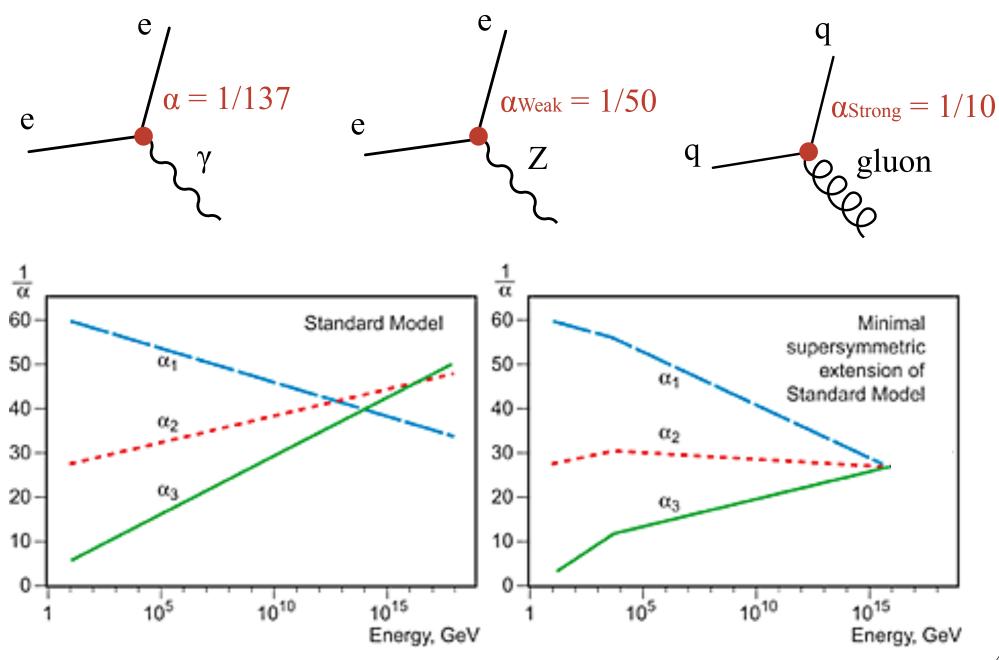


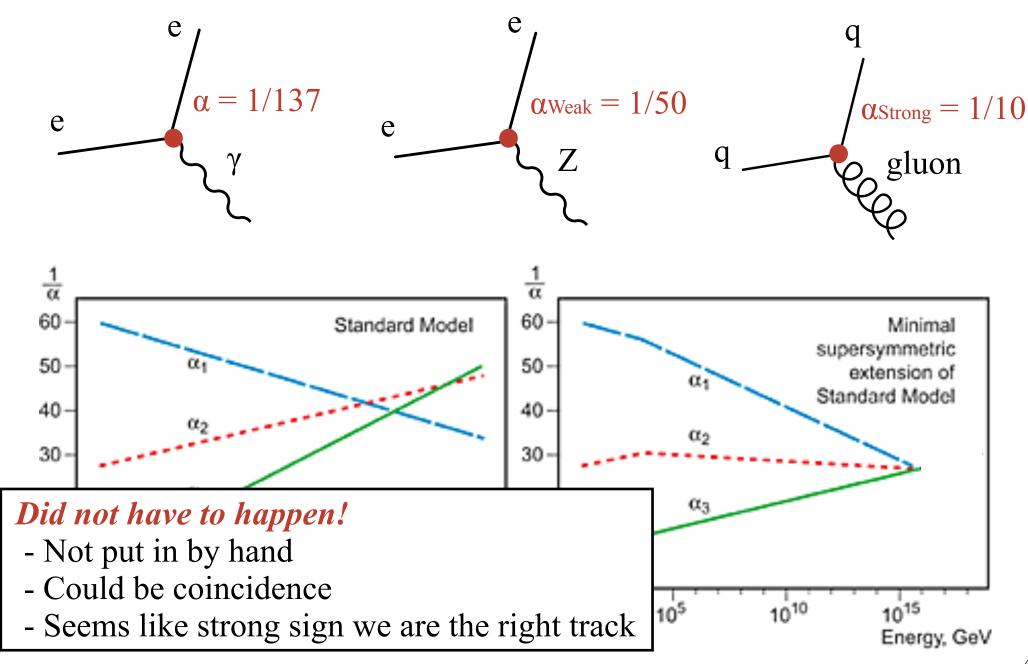












Searching For Solutions at the LHC

Higgs boson directly related to all potential solutions

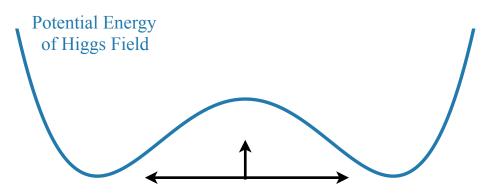
Problem fundamentally related to Higgs field Higgs Boson is the harbinger of the Higgs field (how we study it)

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Compositeness:

- Deeper origin for shape of potential (probe experimentally with *hh* events)

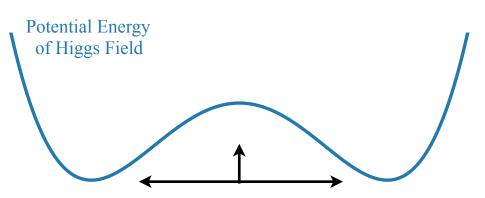


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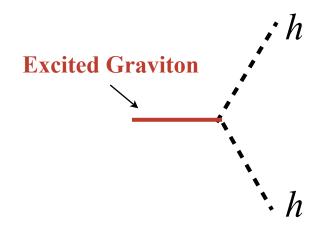
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Extra Dimensions:

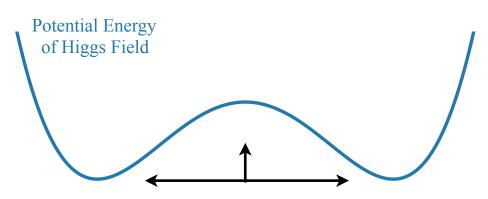


Higgs boson directly related to all potential solutions

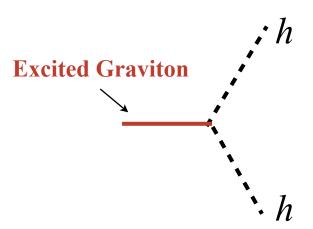
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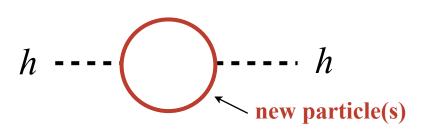
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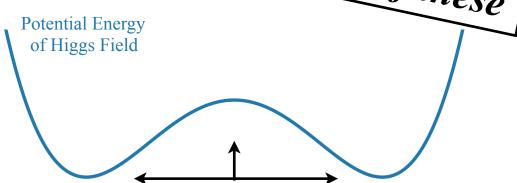
SuperSymmetry:



Higgs boson directly related to through examples of each of these

Compositeness:

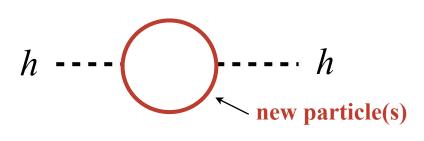
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Extra Dimensions:

Excited Graviton

SuperSymmetry:

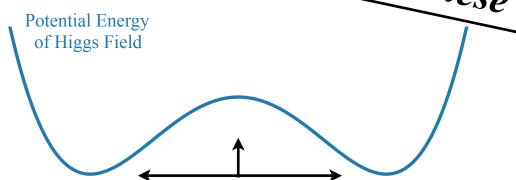


Higgs boson directly related to through examples of each of these

The Higgs field (how we each of these

Compositeness:

- Deeper origin for shape of potential (probe experimentally with *hh* events)



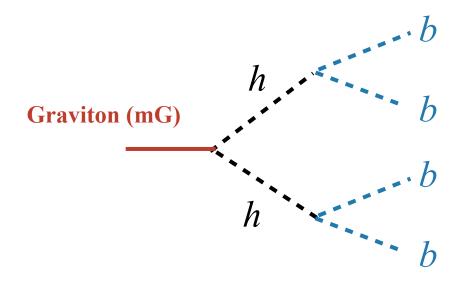
Extra Dimensions:

SuperSymmetry:

This is what the Higgs boson is good for! (Deeper level-answer) Studying Higgs boson production/decays addresses why gravity is so weak. Not a boring technical detail! Responsible for ~all structure that around us.

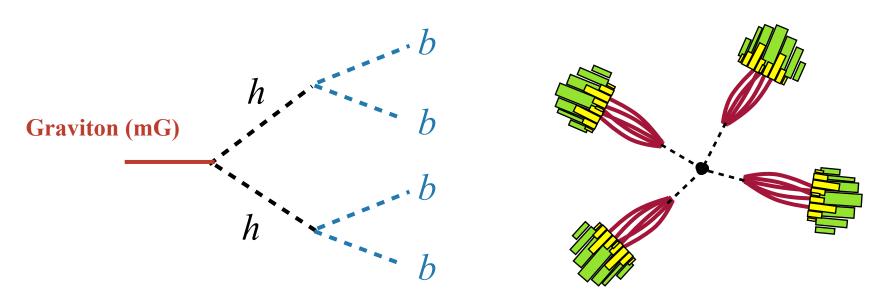
Enhanced Higgs Production

Signal:



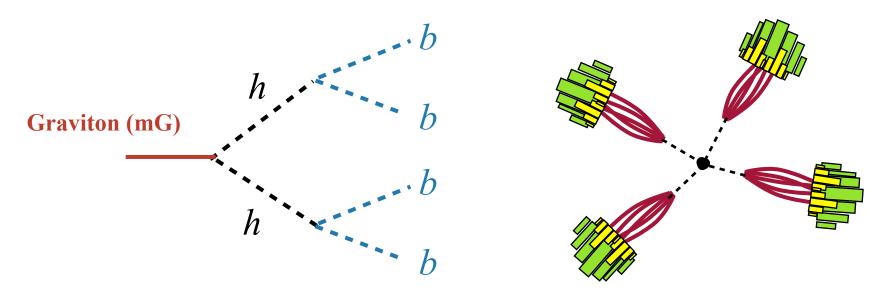
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Signal: Event Selection:



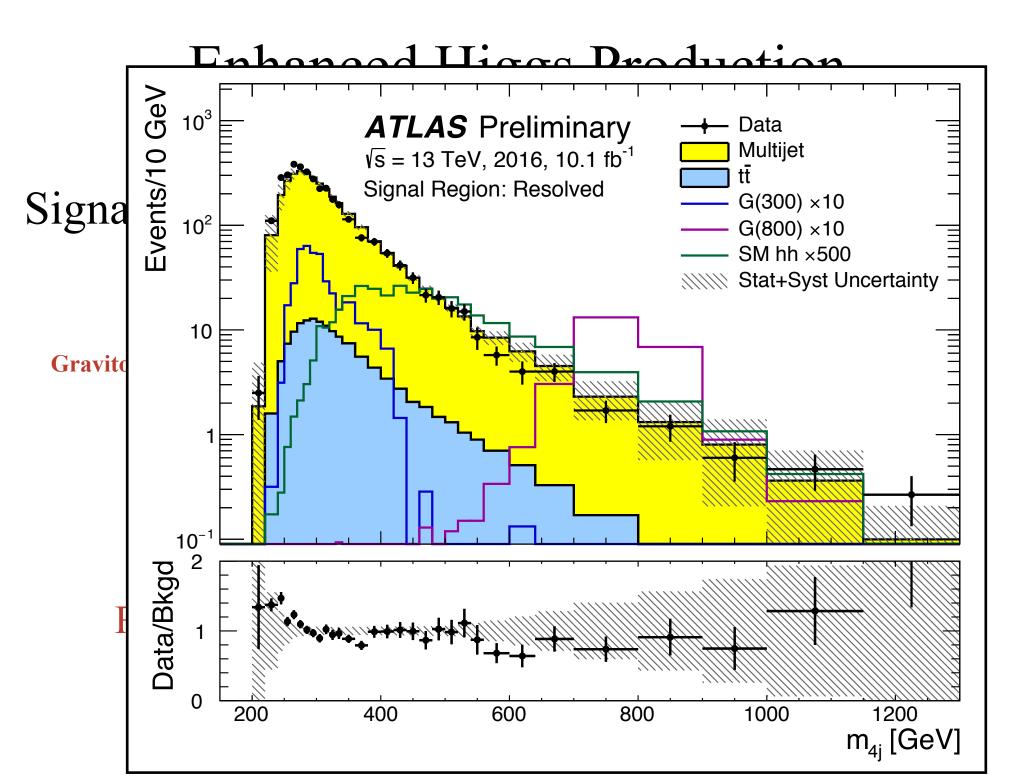
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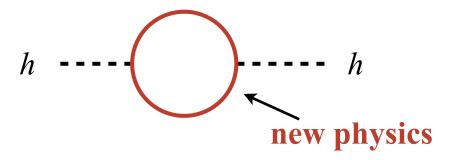


Reconstructed the event from the observed b-jets

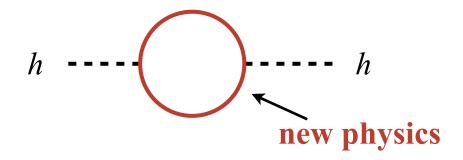
- Work backward from $4b \rightarrow 2h \rightarrow G$
- Study the "reconstructed" graviton mass



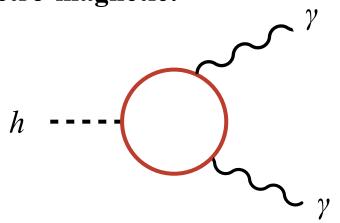
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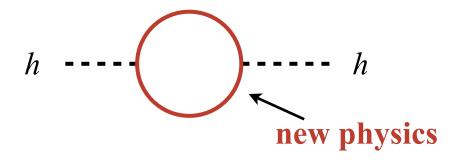


If new physics interacts with the **electro-magnetic:**

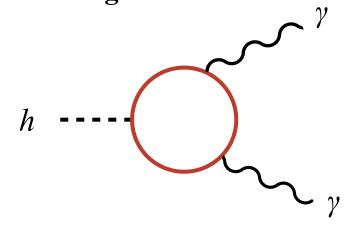


Modifies rate a which higgs bosons decay to photons.

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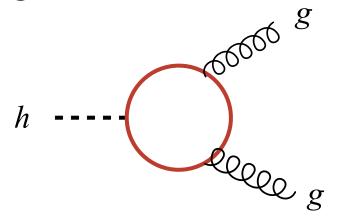


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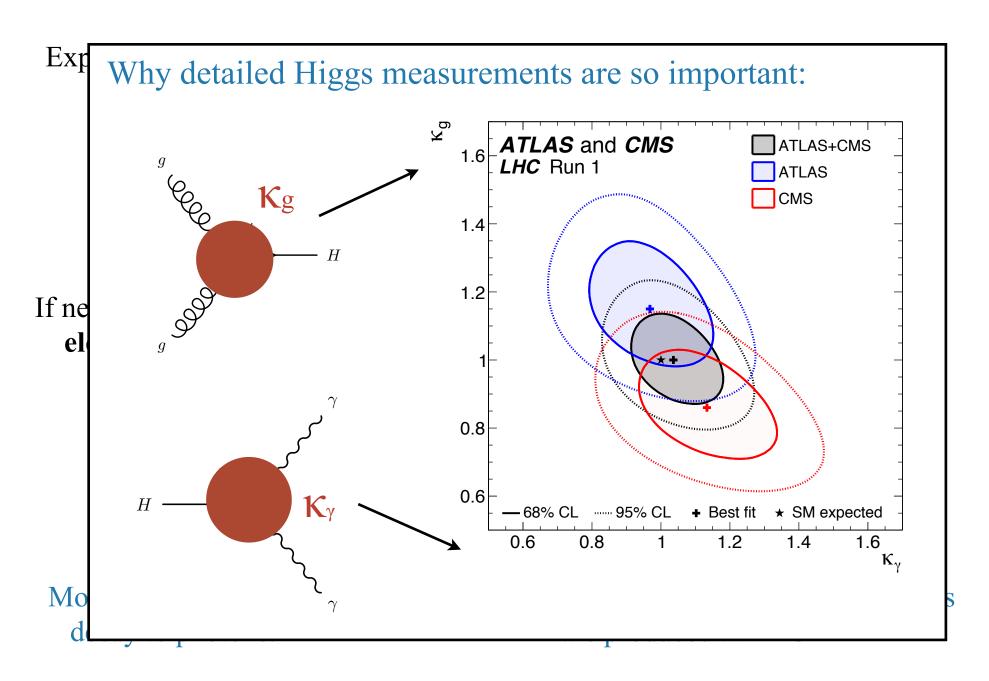


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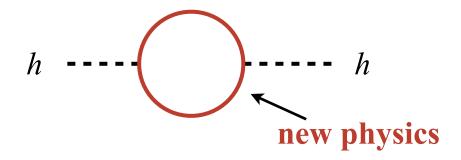
strong force:



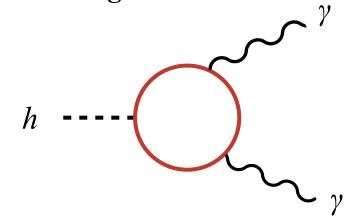
Modifies rate a which higgs bosons are produced at LHC



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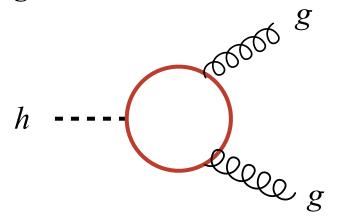


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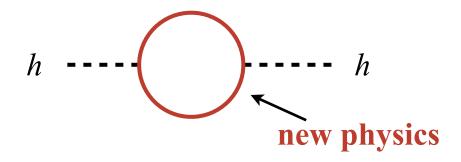
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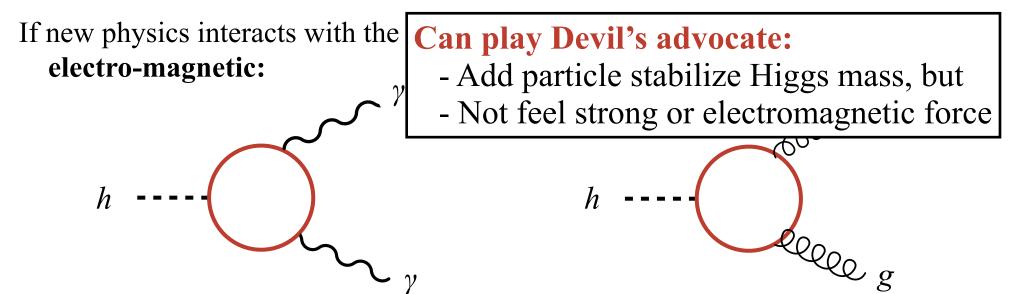
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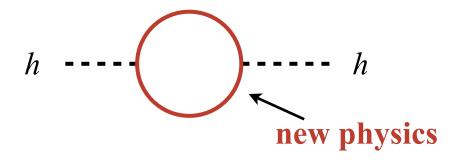




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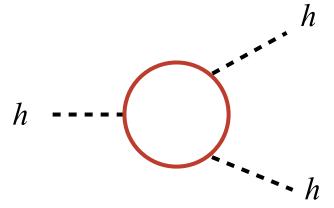
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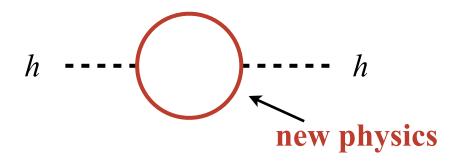
by construction, cannot avoid:

Higgs interaction:

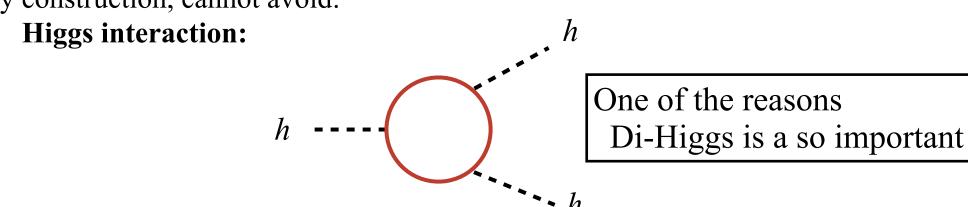


Modifies Di-Higgs production

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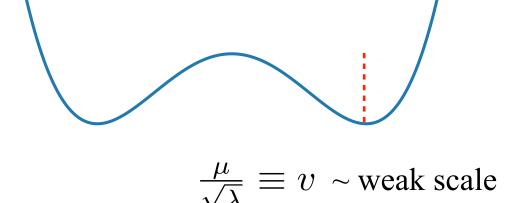
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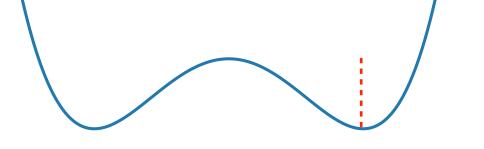
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$$V(\phi) = -\mu^2 \phi^2 + \lambda \phi^4$$



Energy of Higgs field: Higgs potential

$$V(\phi) = -\mu^2 \phi^2 + \lambda \phi^4$$



Expanding about minimum: $V(\phi) \rightarrow V(v+h)$

$$V = V_0 + \lambda v^2 h^2 + \lambda v h^3 + \frac{\lambda}{4} h^4$$

$$\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \equiv v \sim \text{weak scale}$$

Energy of Higgs field: Higgs potential

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Higgs mass term



Expanding about minimum: $V(\phi) \rightarrow V(v+h)$

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$$= V_0 + \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \frac{m_h^2}{2v^2} v h^3 + \frac{1}{4} \frac{m_h^2}{2v^2} h^4$$

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Energy of Higgs field: Higgs potential



Expanding about minimum: $V(\phi) \rightarrow V(v+h)$

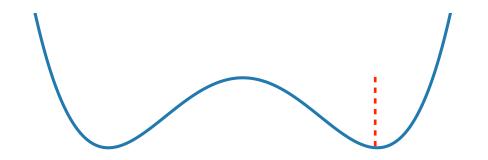
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 Higgs mass term
$$hh\text{-production}$$

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Higgs mass term

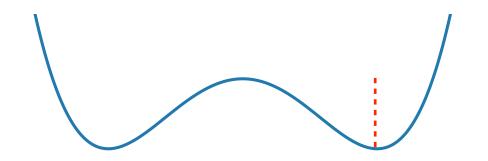
λhhh ----• λ₄h

hh-production

hhh-production

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Expanding about minimum: $V(\phi) \rightarrow V(v+h)$

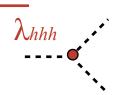
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/ !!:

Higgs mass term



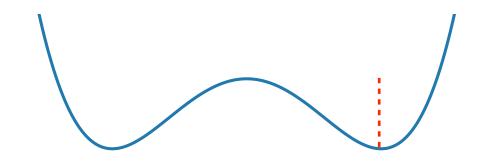
Standard Model:

$$\lambda_{hhh} = \frac{m_h^2}{2v^2}$$

- Shape of potential gives relationship between λ_{hhh} and m_h , v

Energy of Higgs field: Higgs potential

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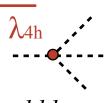
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Higgs mass term

term

λhhh ----•

hh-production



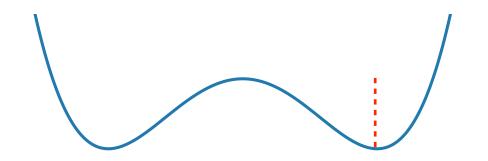
hhh-production

Standard Model:
$$m_h^2$$

- Shape of potential gives relationship between λ_{hhh} and m_h , v
- Measuring λ_{hhh} important probes the shape of the Higgs potential

Energy of Higgs field: Higgs potential

$$V(\phi) = -\mu^2 \phi^2 + \lambda \phi^4$$



Expanding about minimum: $V(\phi) \rightarrow V(v+h)$

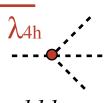
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Higgs mass term

hh-production



hhh-production

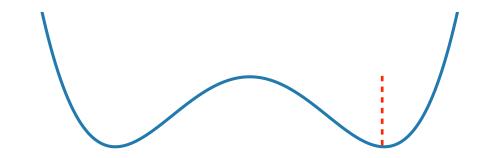
Standard Model:

$$\lambda_{hhh} = \frac{m_h^2}{2v^2}$$

- Shape of potential gives relationship between λ_{hhh} and m_h , v
- Measuring λ_{hhh} important probes the shape of the Higgs potential
- hh production interesting because it measures λhhh

Energy of Higgs field: Higgs potential

$$V(\phi) = -\mu^2 \phi^2 + \lambda \phi^4$$



Expanding about minimum: $V(\phi) \rightarrow V(v+h)$

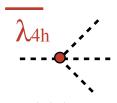
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Higgs mass term

hh-production



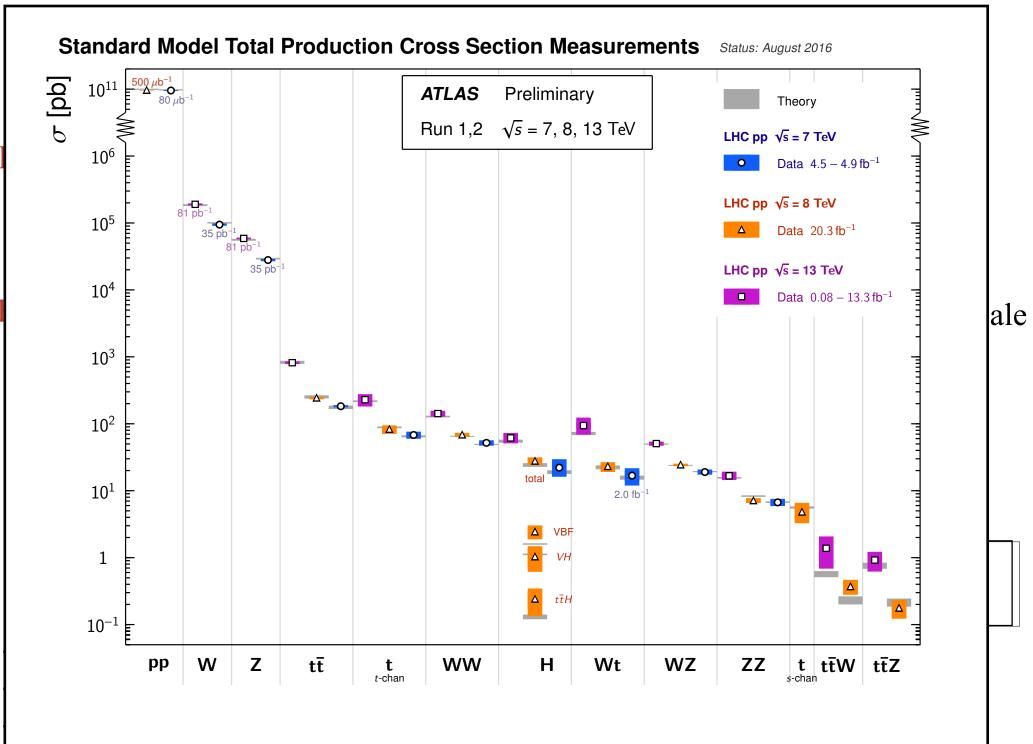
hhh-production

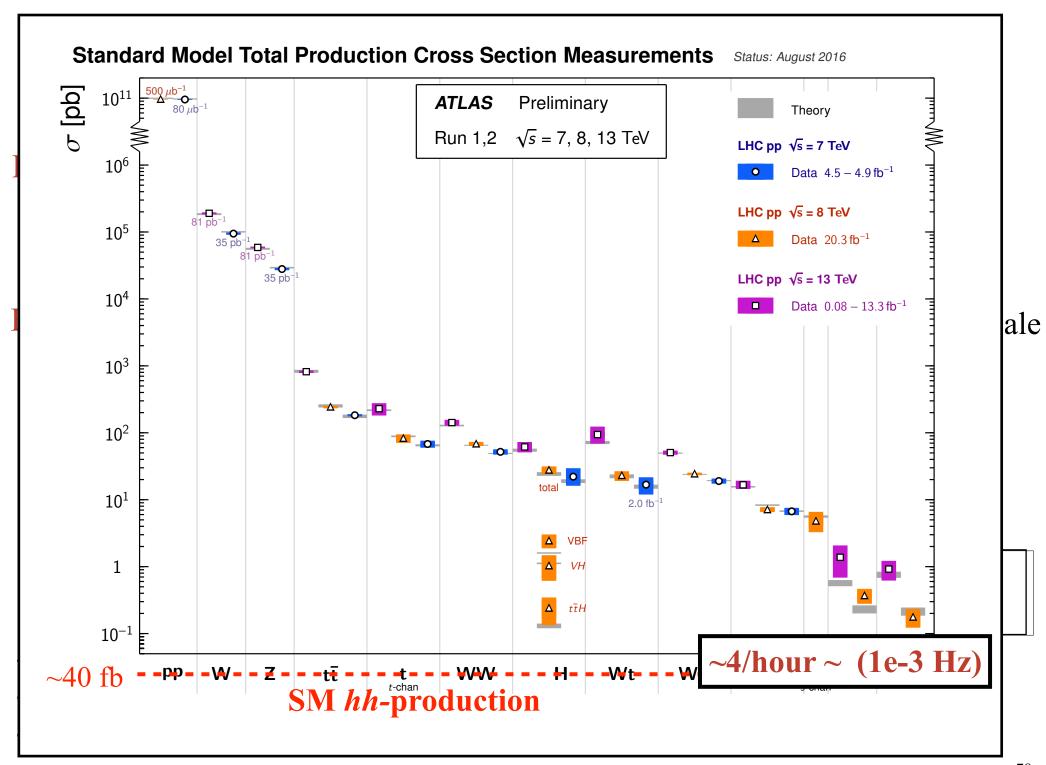
Standard Model: $\lambda_{hhh} = \frac{m_h^2}{2a^2}$

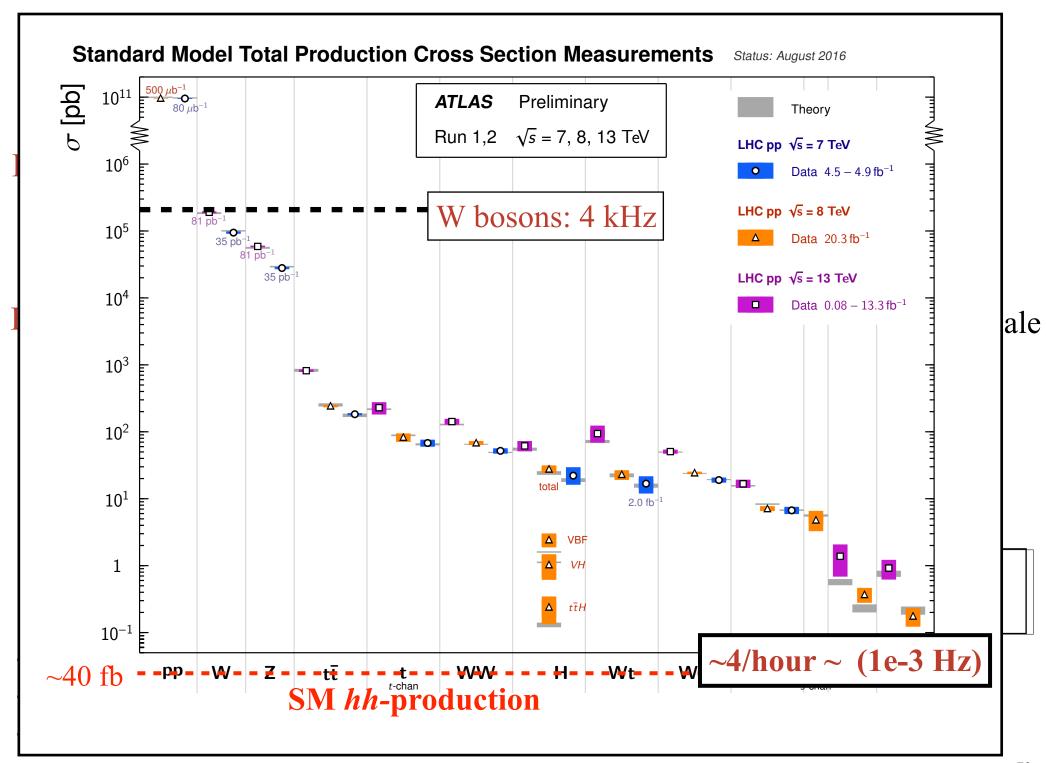
- Shape of potential gives relationship between λ μμλ and mμ γι

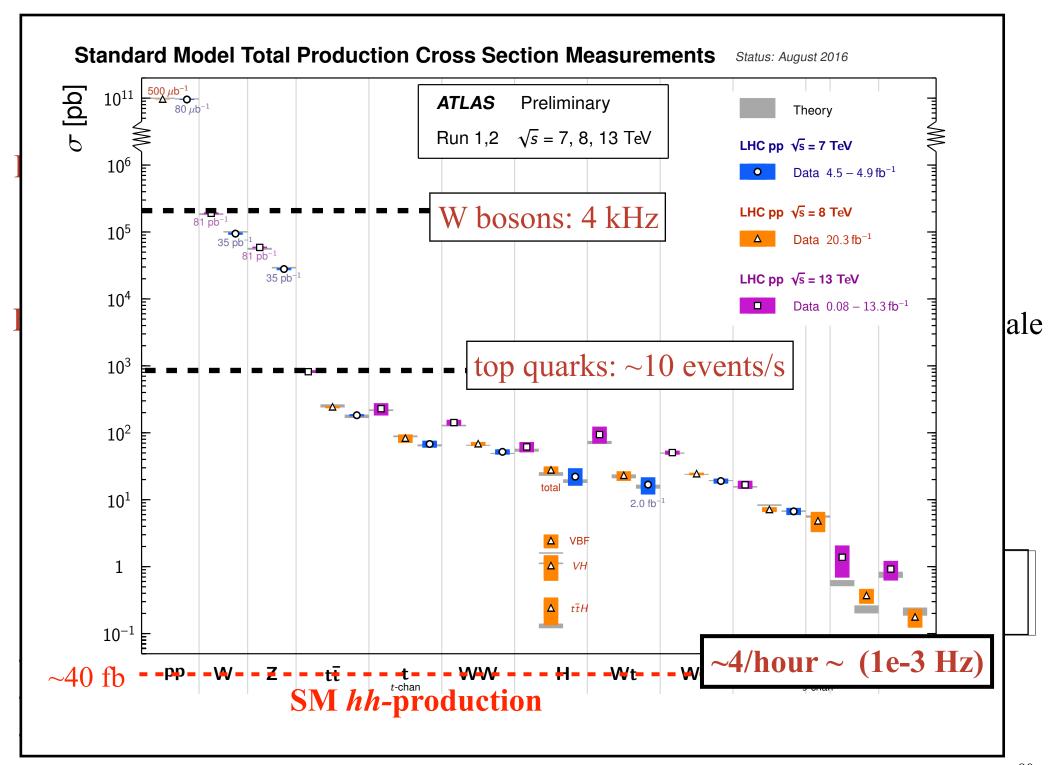
- Measuring λ_{hhh} important probes the shape (Another reason Di-Higgs
- hh production interesting because it measur

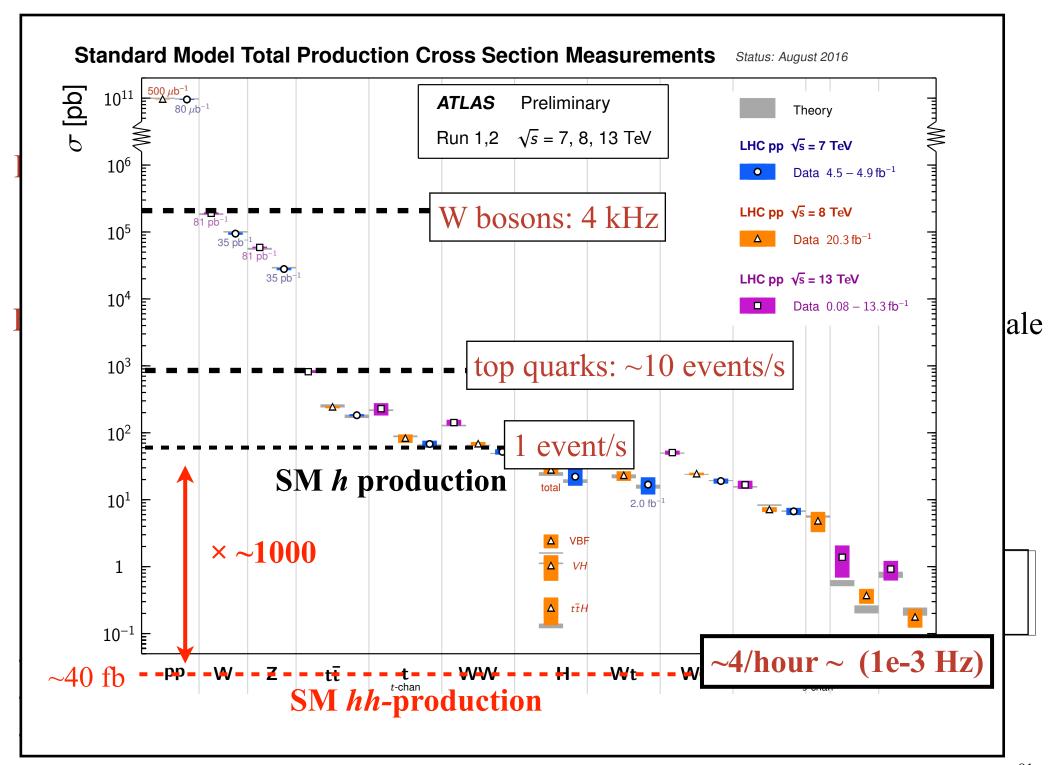
is a so important





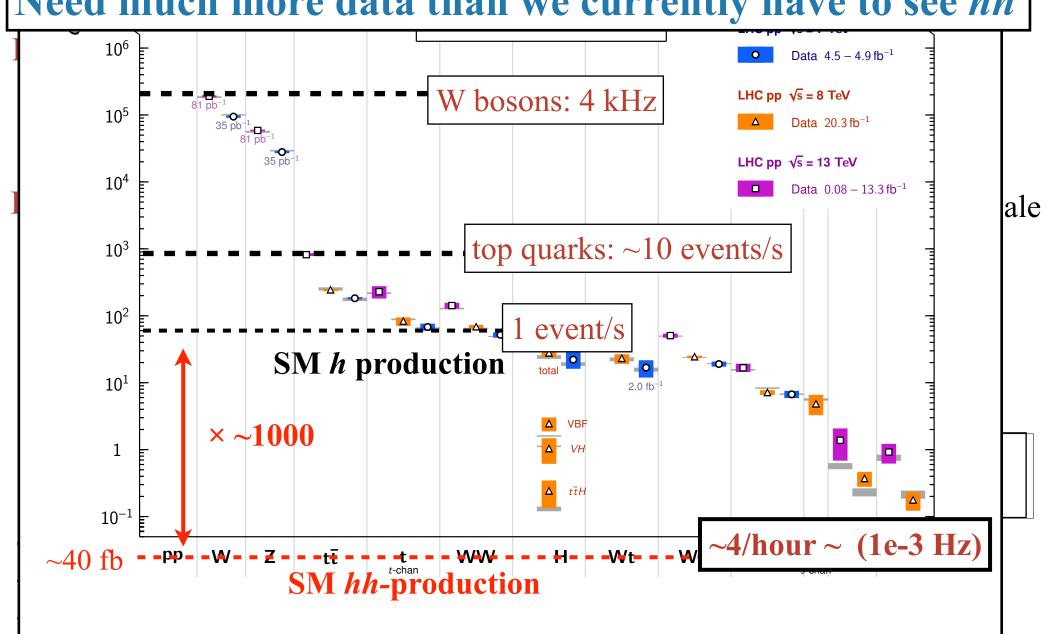






Standard Model Total Production Cross Section Measurements Status: August 2016

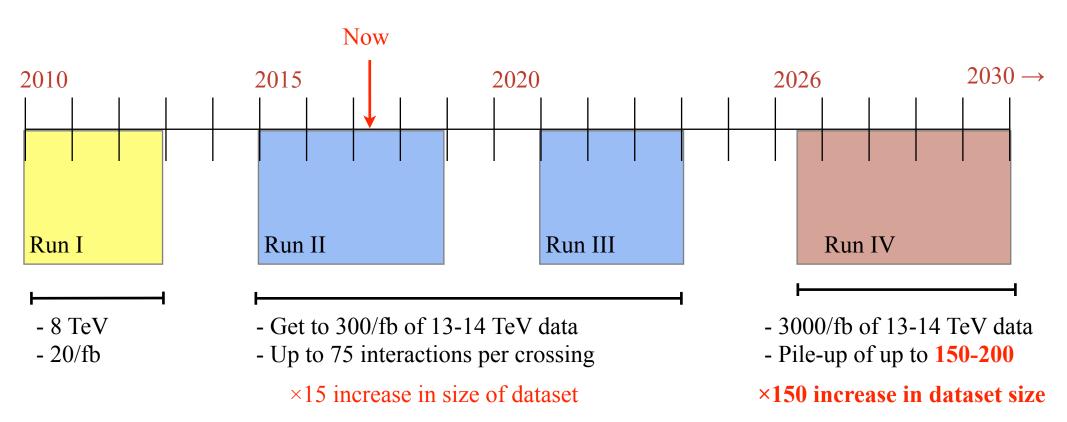
Need much more data than we currently have to see hh



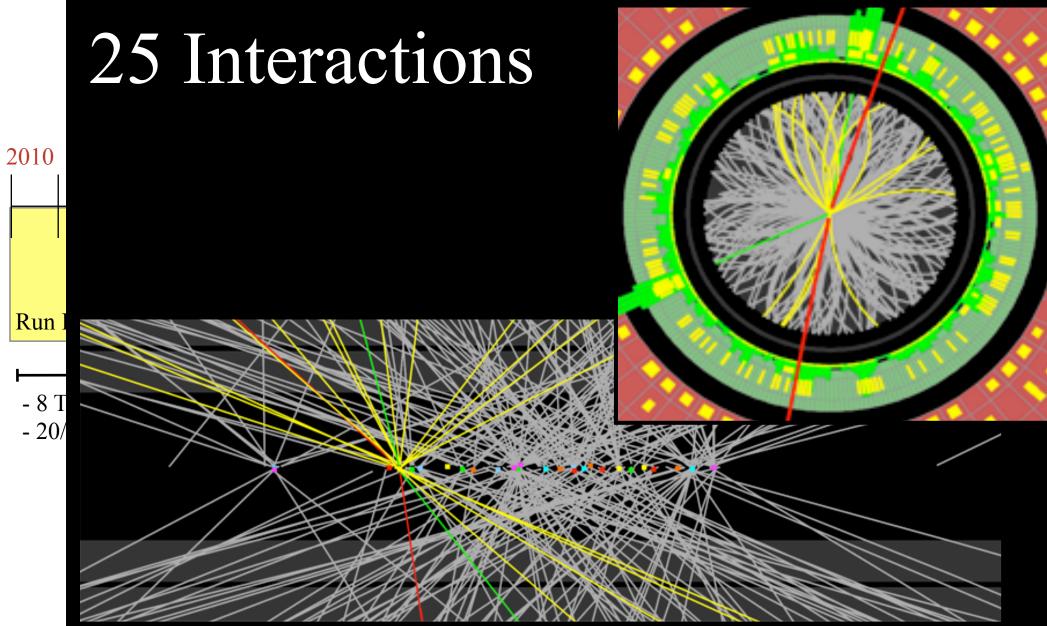
Outlook for the Future

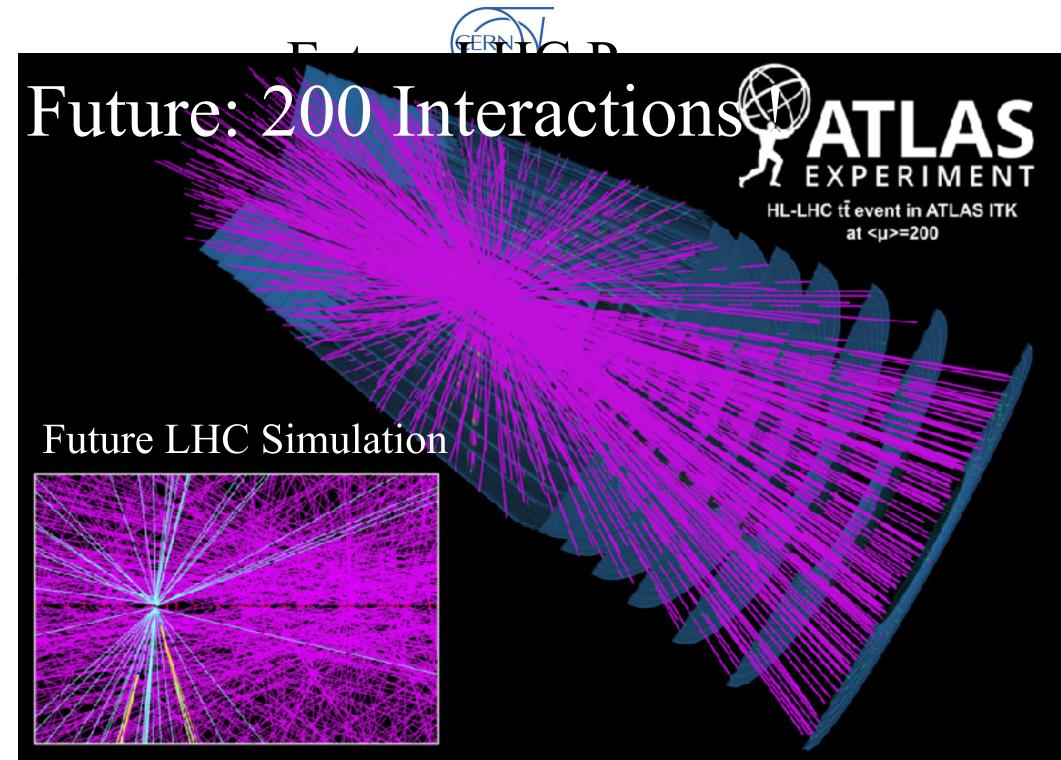
What we might know by 2035...



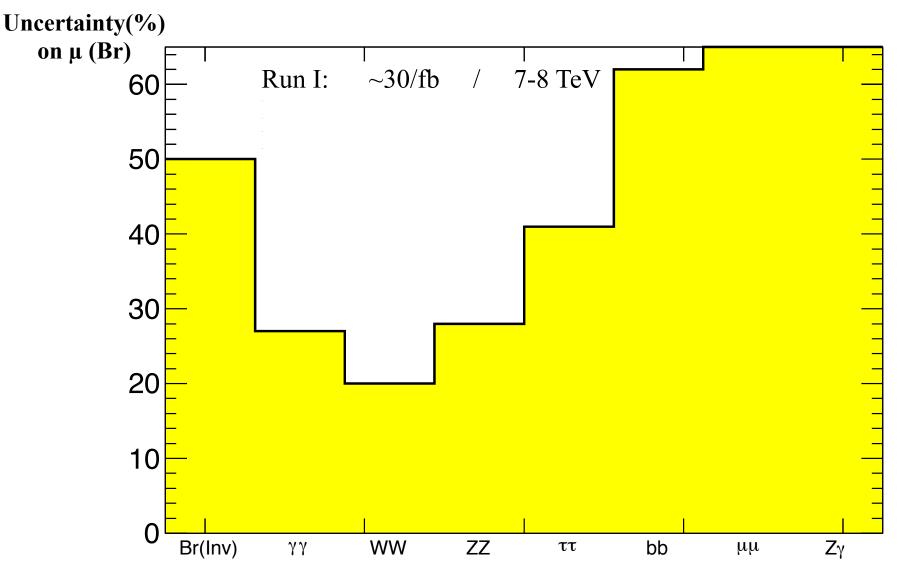


Future Program

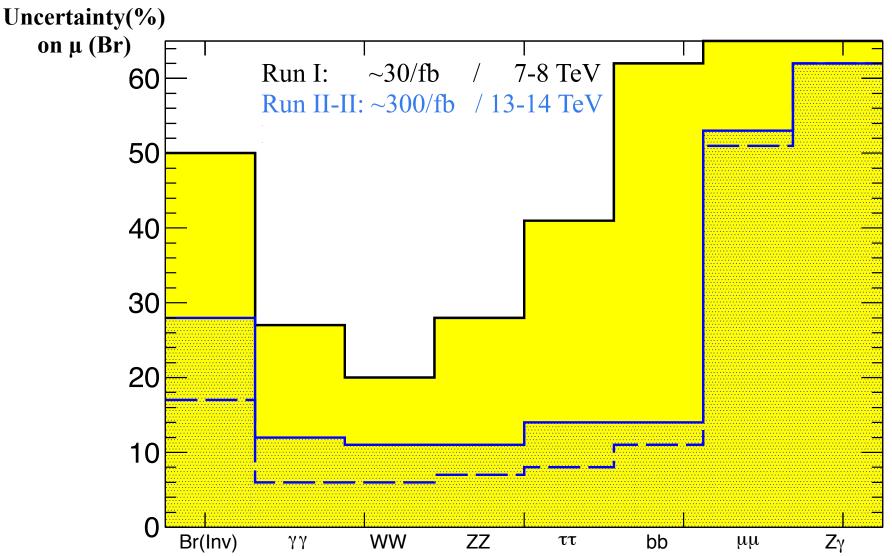




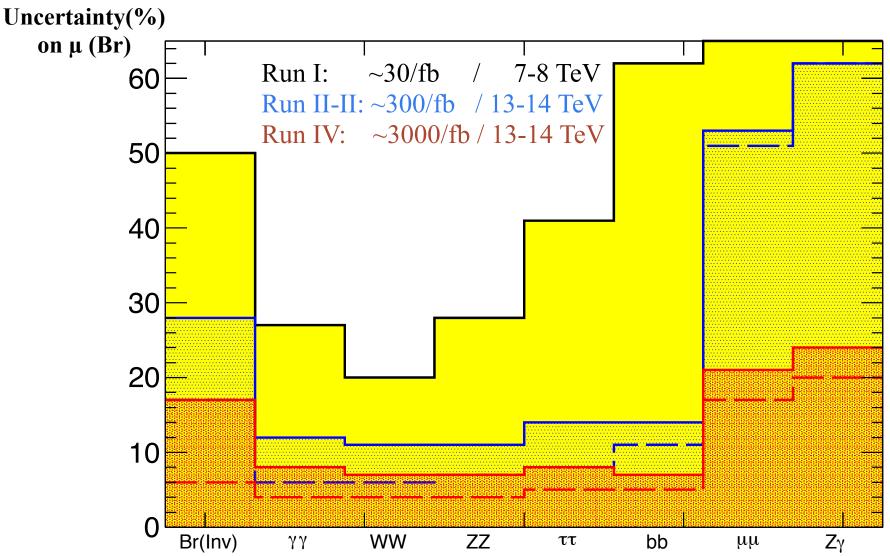
Higgs at the LHC





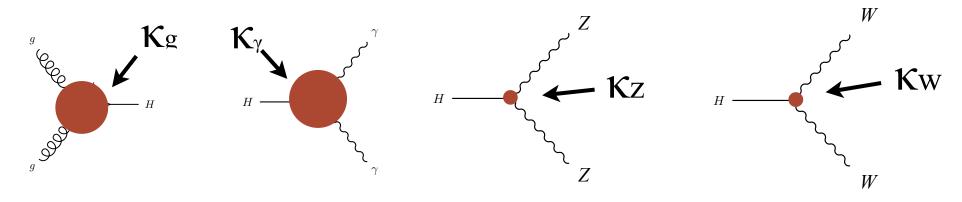






Benchmark Coupling Constraints

Sensitivity tested in model with 7 parameters

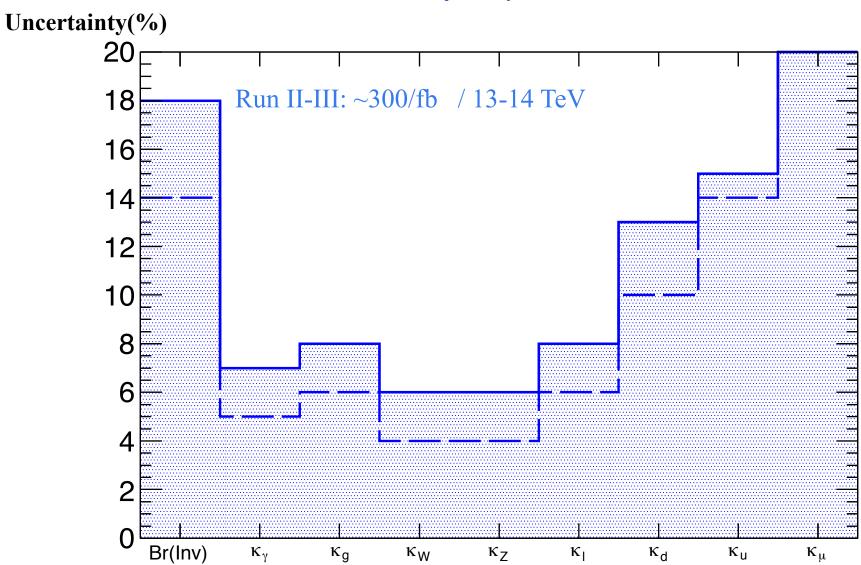


4 fermion couplings:

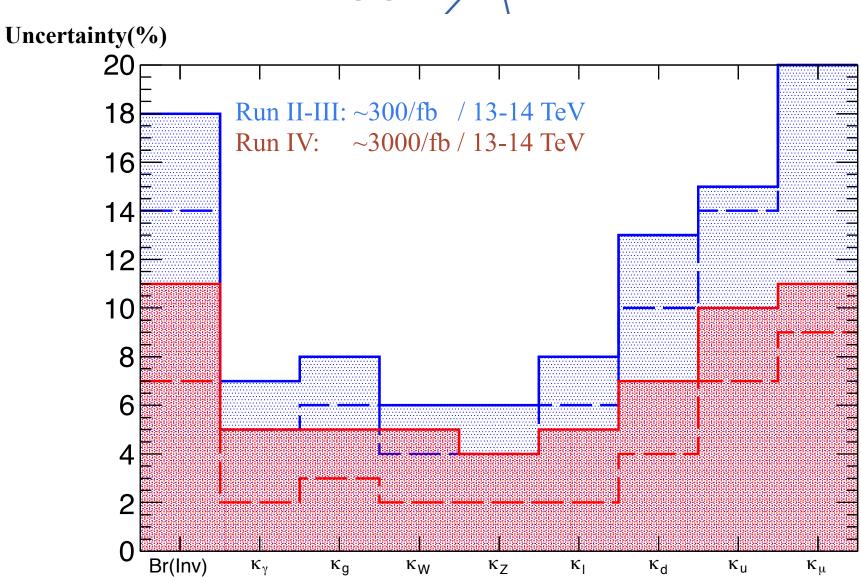
$$\kappa_{\tau}$$
 / κ_{μ} / $\kappa_{u} \equiv \kappa_{t} = \kappa_{c}$ / $\kappa_{d} \equiv \kappa_{b}$

Allow for decays to new particles

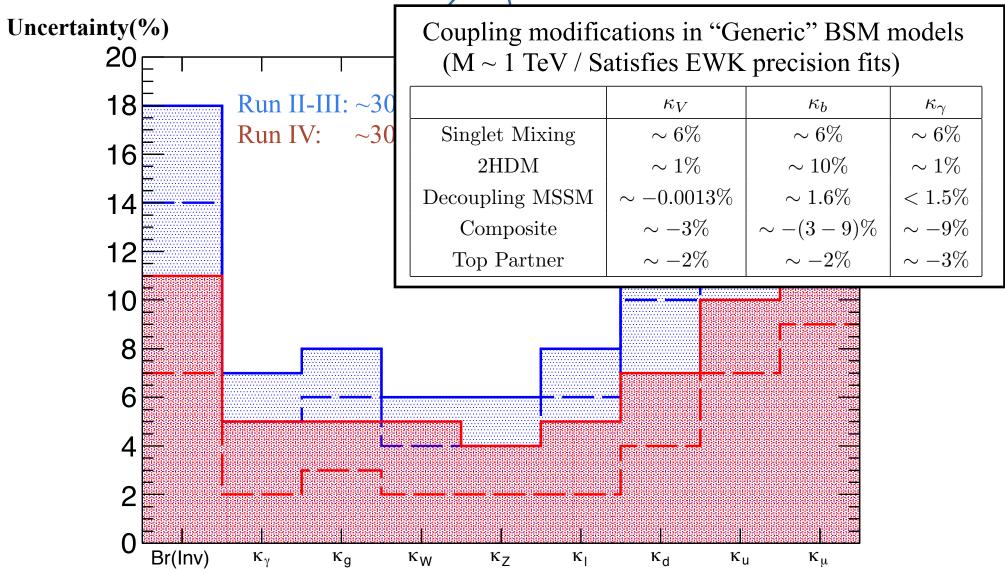




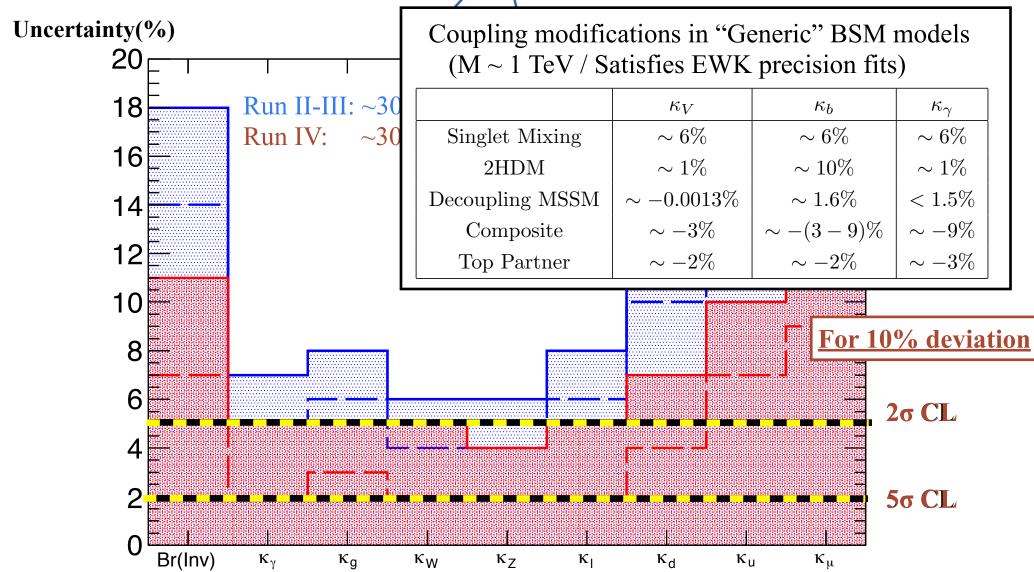




Higgs at the LHC



Higgs at the LHC



Direct search for Super Symmetry

Super-Photon Mass [GeV] minary -300 fb⁻¹ (<μ>=60) 5σ discovery

-300 fb⁻¹ (<μ>=60) 95% CL exclusion

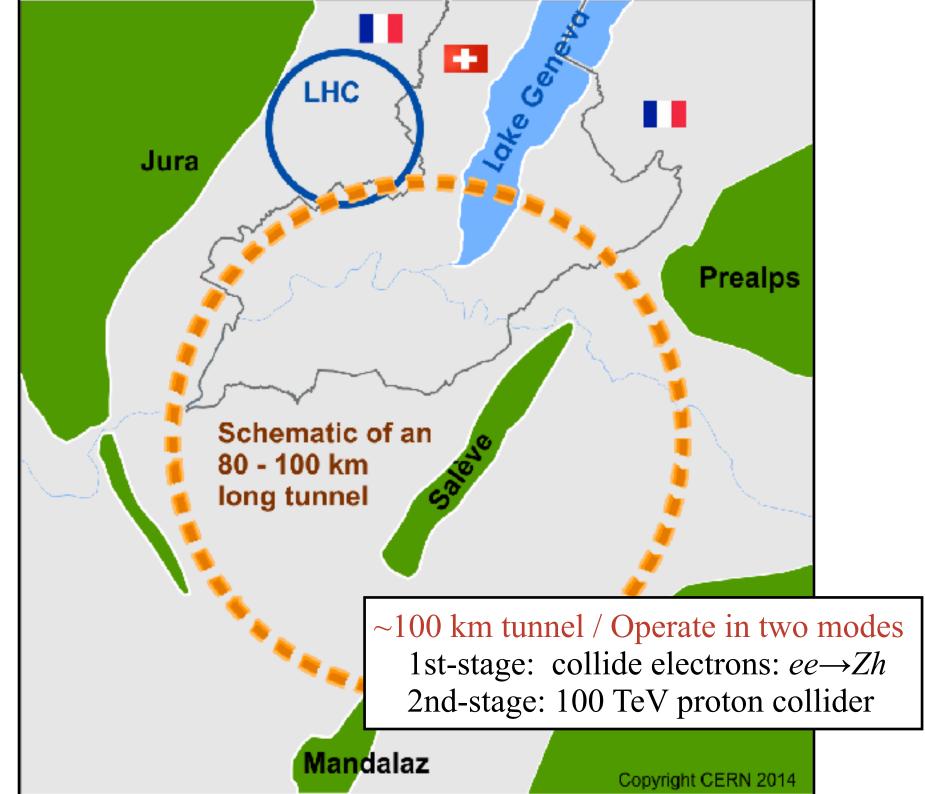
-3000 fb⁻¹ (<μ>=140) 5σ discovery

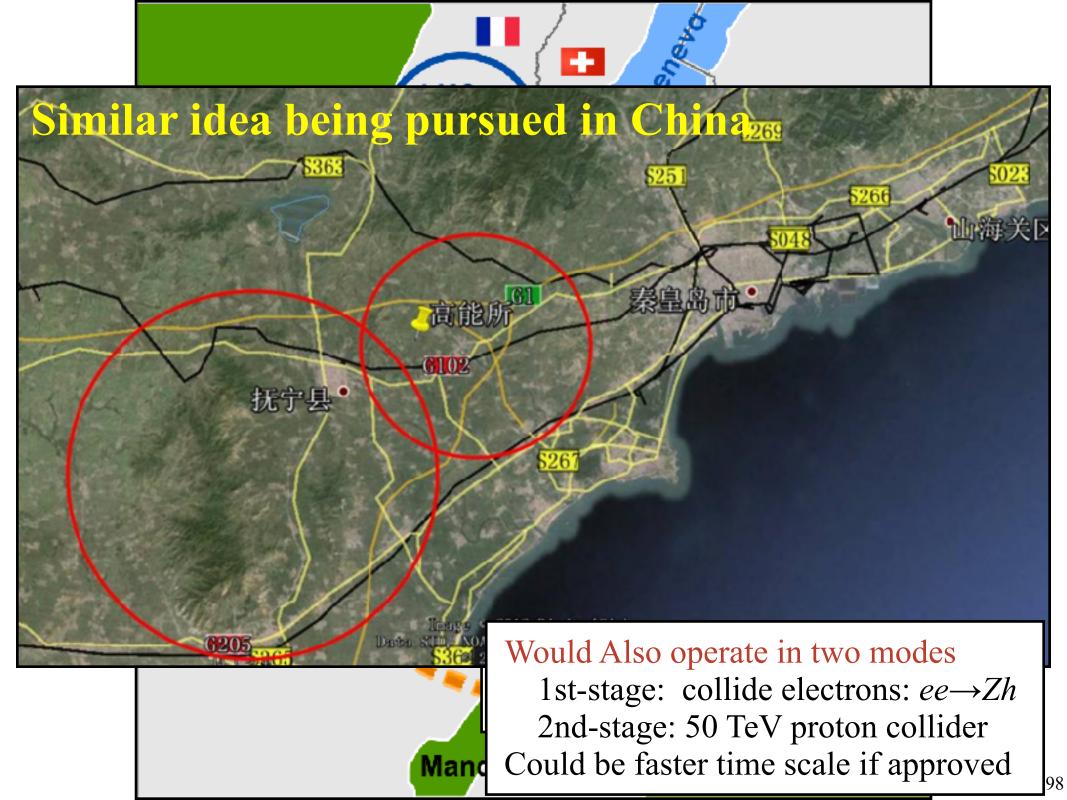
-3000 fb⁻¹ (<μ>=140) 95% CL exclusion

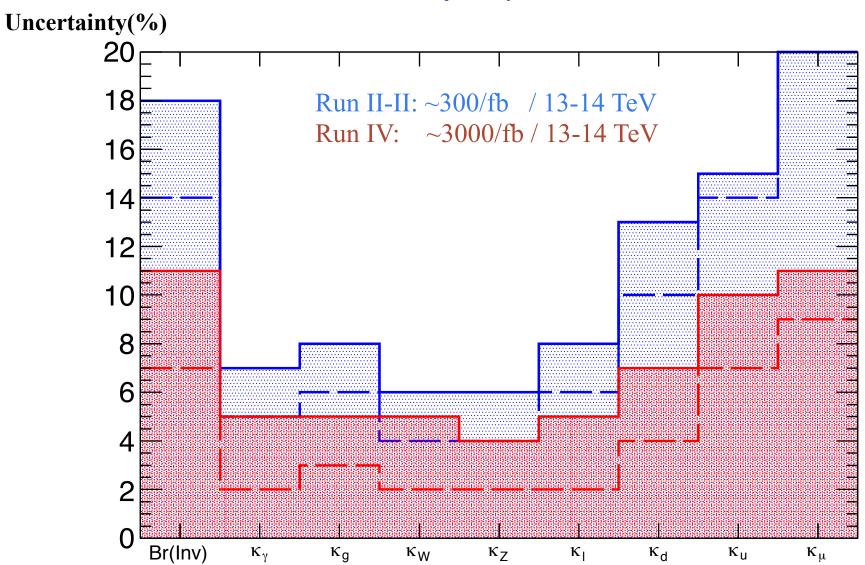
-ATLAS 8 TeV (1-lepton): 95% CL obs. limit

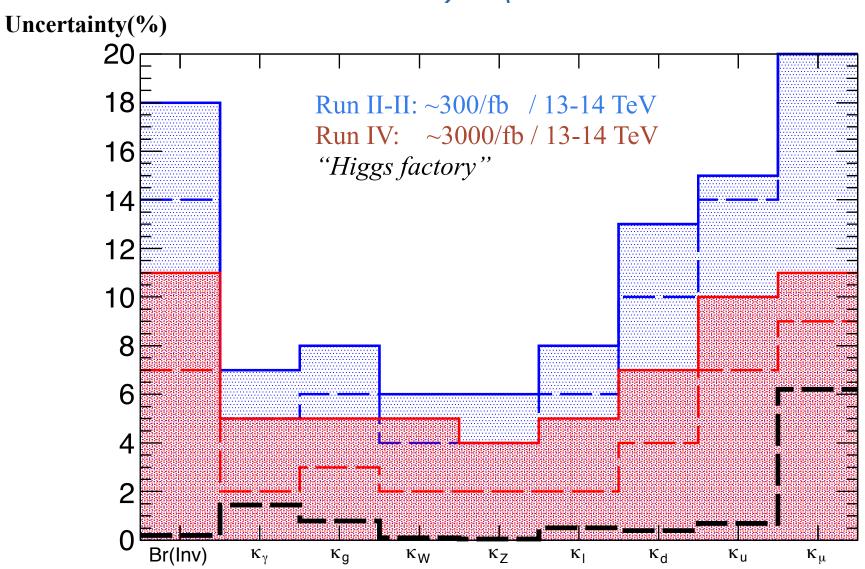
-ATLAS 8 TeV (0-lepton): 95% CL obs. limit pèО Super-Top Mass [GeV]

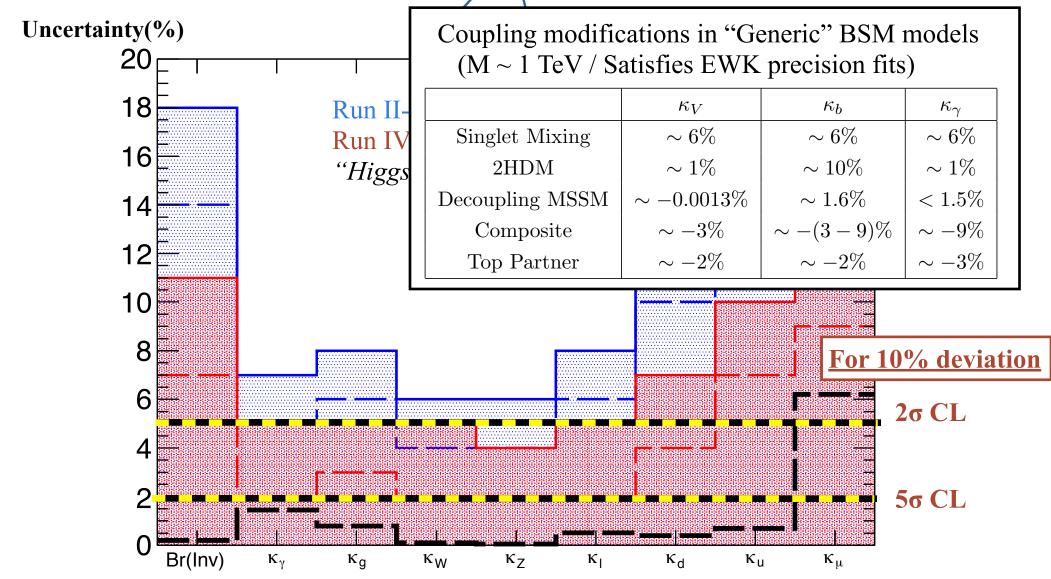
What we might know by 2055...





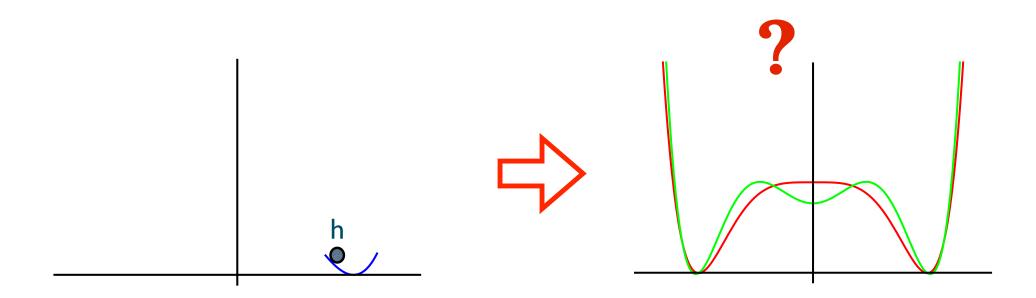




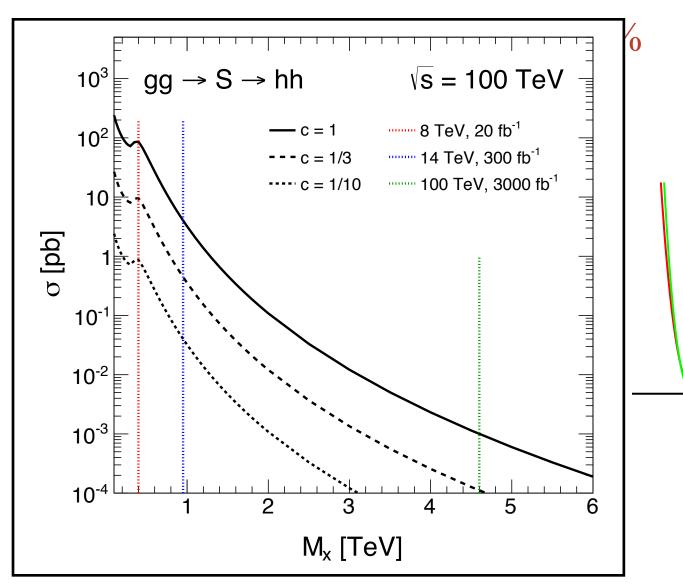


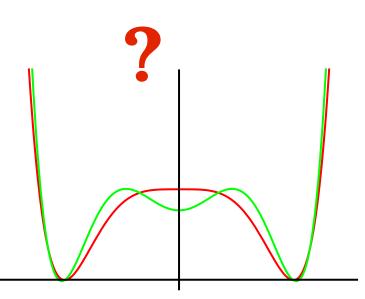
100 TeV proton collider

Measure Higgs self-coupling to ~10%

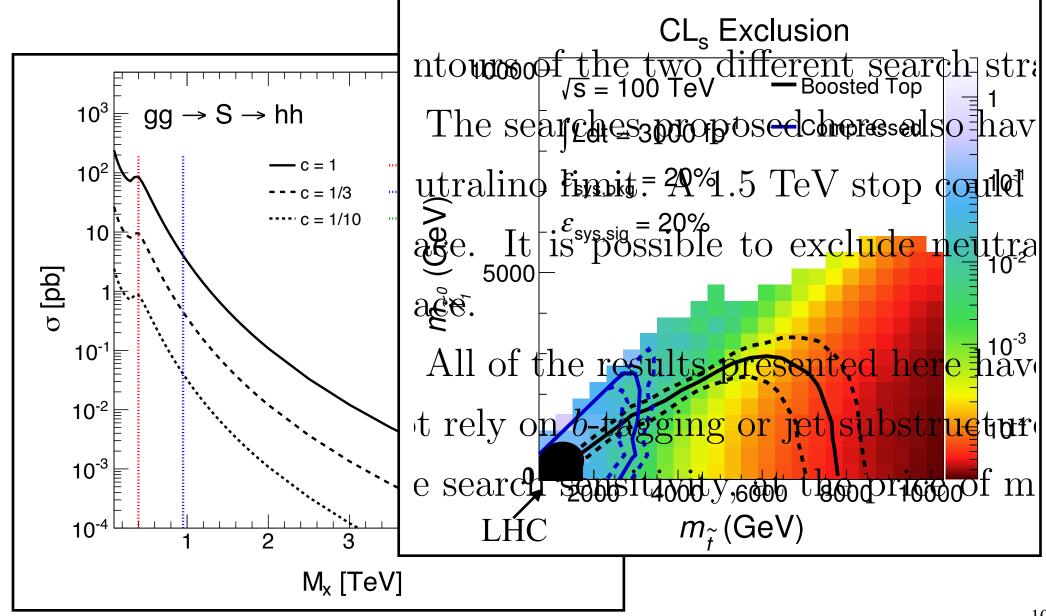


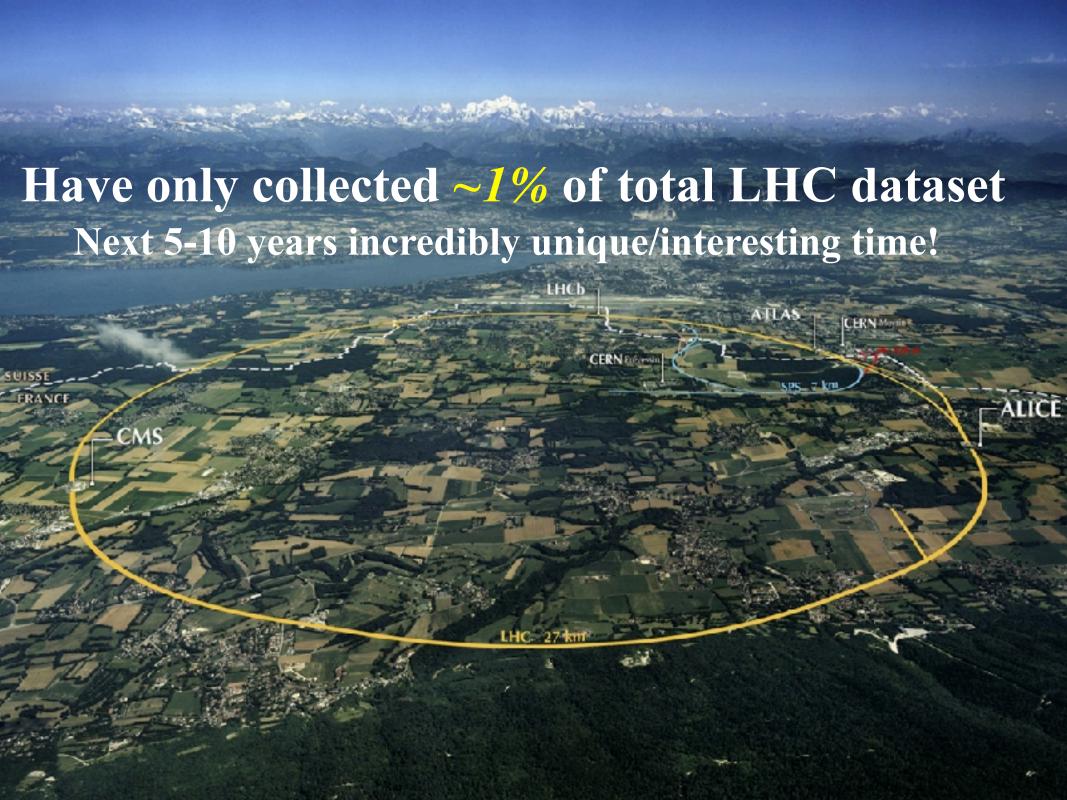
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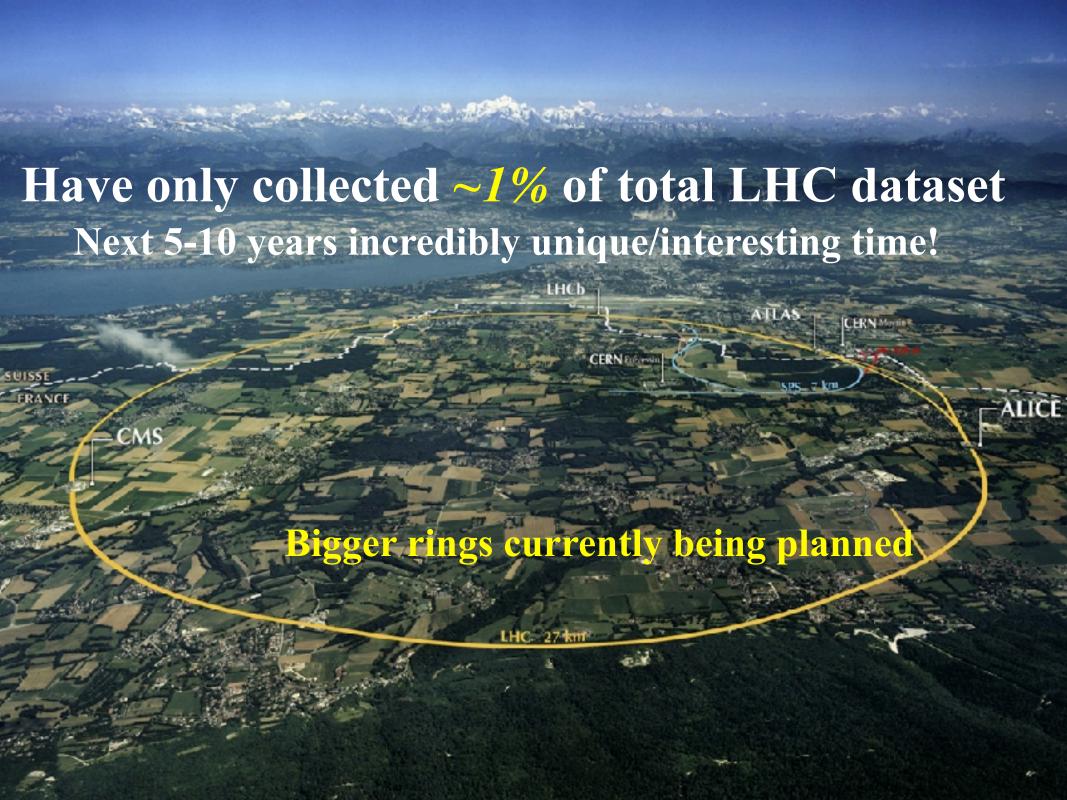




100 TeV proton collider











Thank You