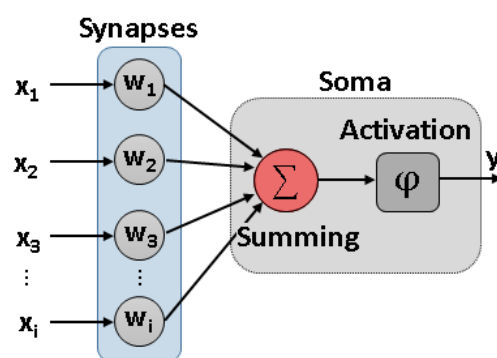


The 20th U.S.- Korea Forum on Nanotechnology

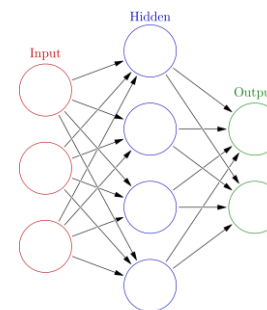
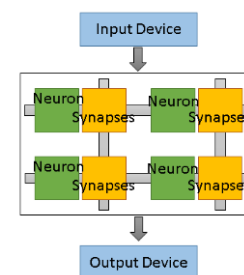
Organic Spiking Neuromorphic Circuits: Flexible Embodied AI

Robert A Nawrocki, M.J.M. Hosseini, Y. Yang, S. Bamford, C. Bartolozzi, G. Indiveri

Artificial neurons are key components of neuromorphic computing systems, which aim to emulate the structure and functions of biological neural networks for efficient, brain-like computation. Most artificial neurons rely on rigid, silicon-based technologies that are poorly suited for integration with soft structures. **Our aim is to develop networks of artificial spiking neurons, implemented using physically flexible organic electronics, to perform pattern recognition, processing of input/output data, and control of mechanical actuators.** We fabricated an electrical circuit that approximates the behavior of a spiking neuron.

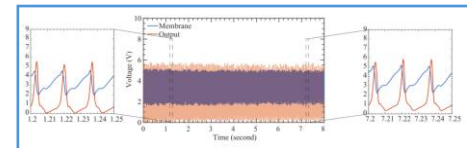
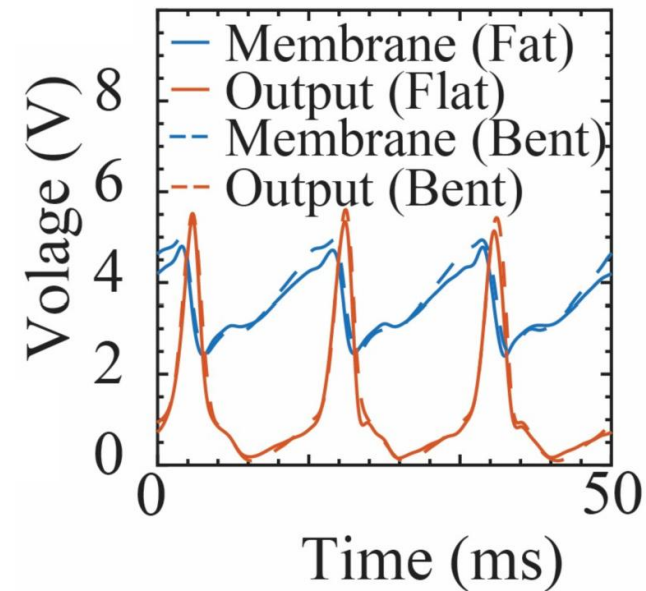
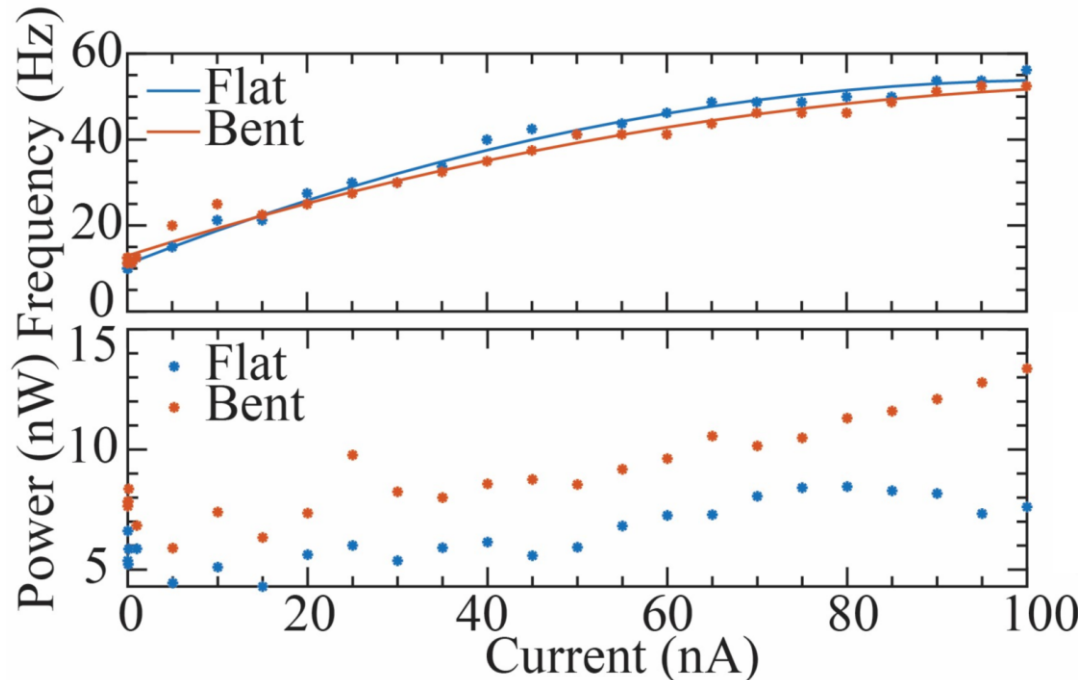
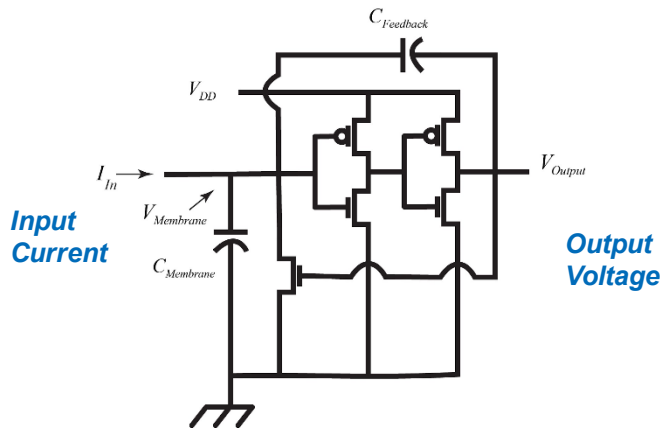


$$y = \phi \left(\sum_i (x_i w_i) \right)$$



SOMA

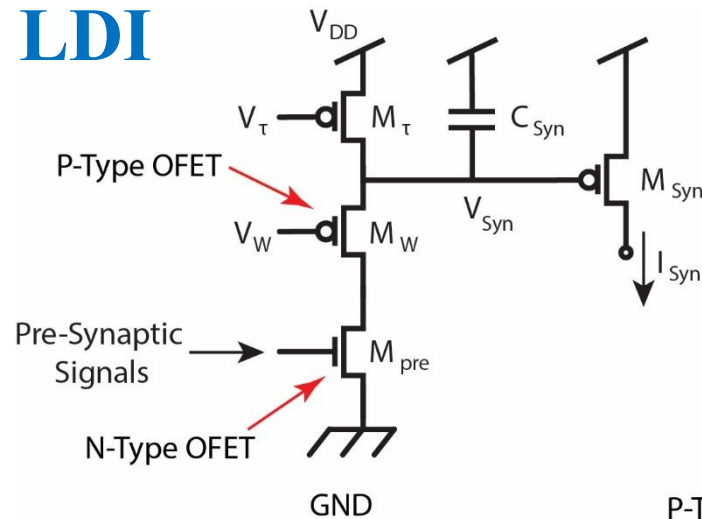
- Integrate input currents
- Produce output voltage spikes;
 - Proportional to input current
- $I_{IN} \rightarrow V_{OUT}$
- Showed Integrate-and-Fire (I&F) Axon-Hillock (AH) artificial soma



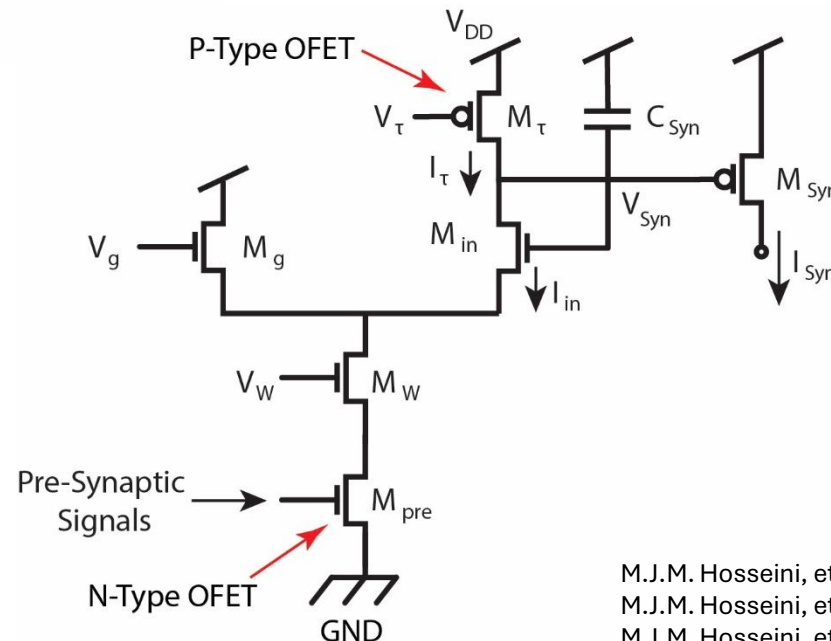
SYNAPSE

- Input voltage $\rightarrow$ output current
- Tunable output (V_w)
- Showed Pulsed-Current (PCS), Log-Domain Integrator (LDI), Differential-Pair Integrator (DPI) excitatory & inhibitory artificial synapses

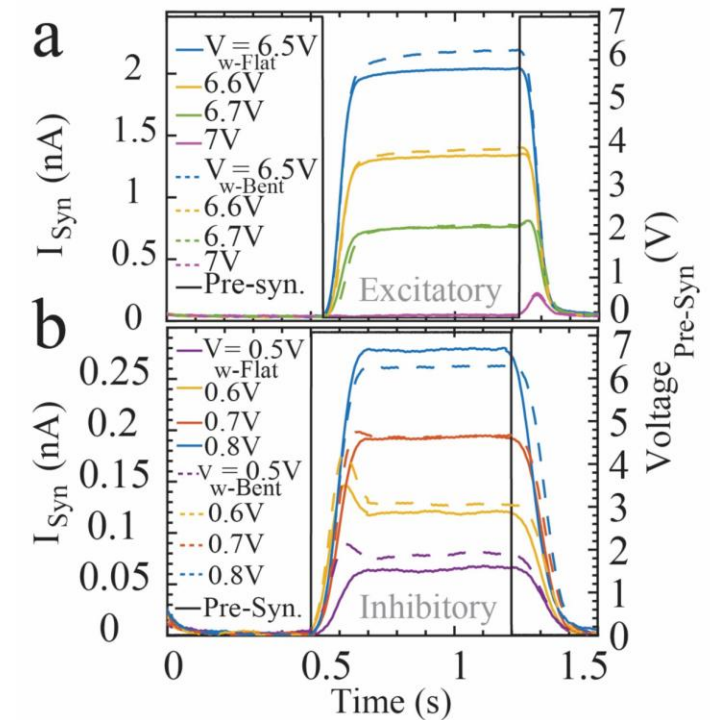
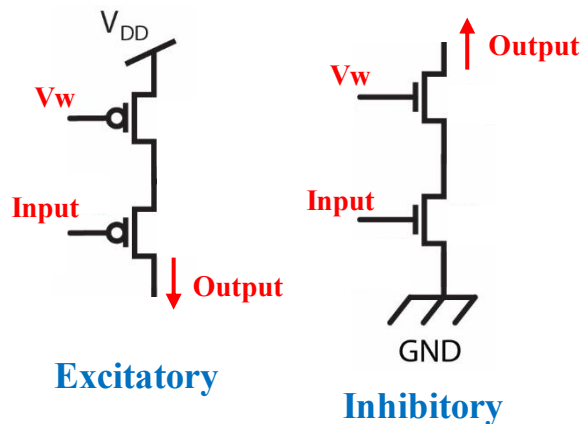
LDI



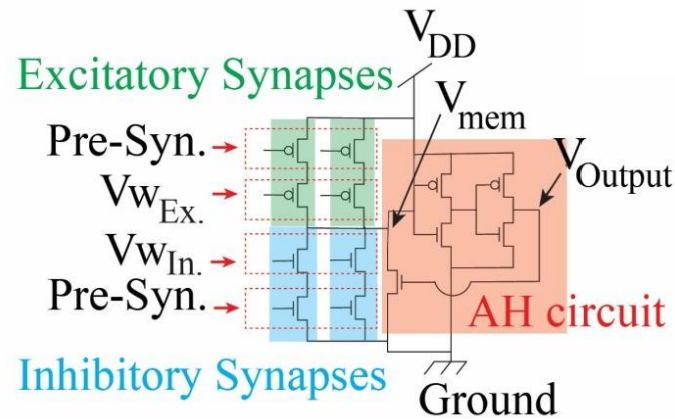
DPI



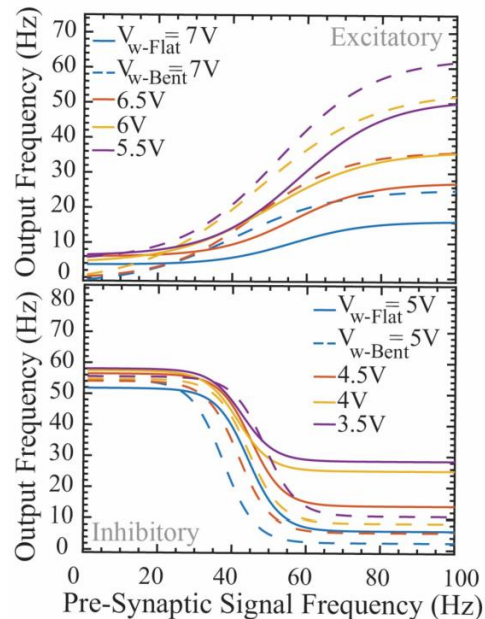
PCS



NEURON

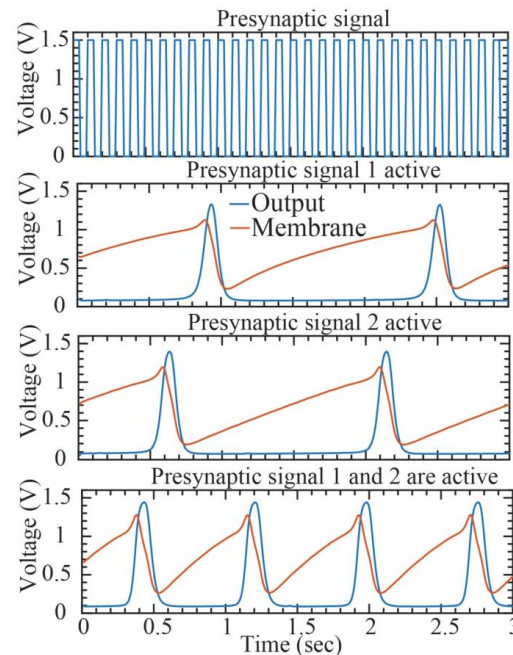


Activation Function

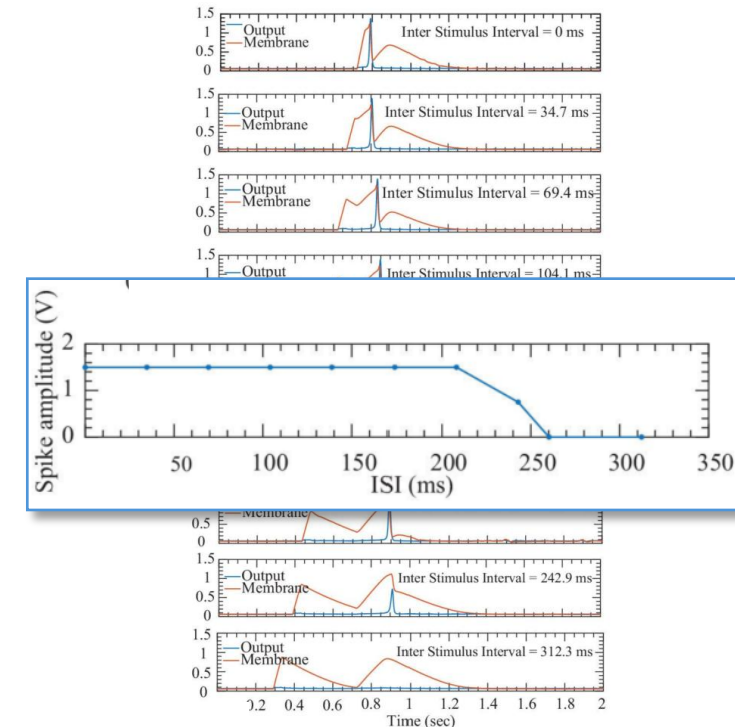


- Many (excitatory, inhibitory) synapses (e.g. PCS, LDI, DPI)
- Single soma (e.g. I&F AH)
- Input Voltage spikes → output Voltage spikes
- Output voltage once integral of all inputs exceeds threshold voltage
- Inter Stimulus Interval

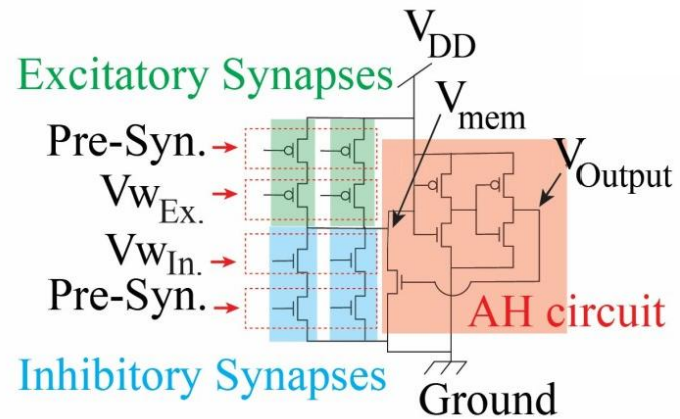
Input Summation



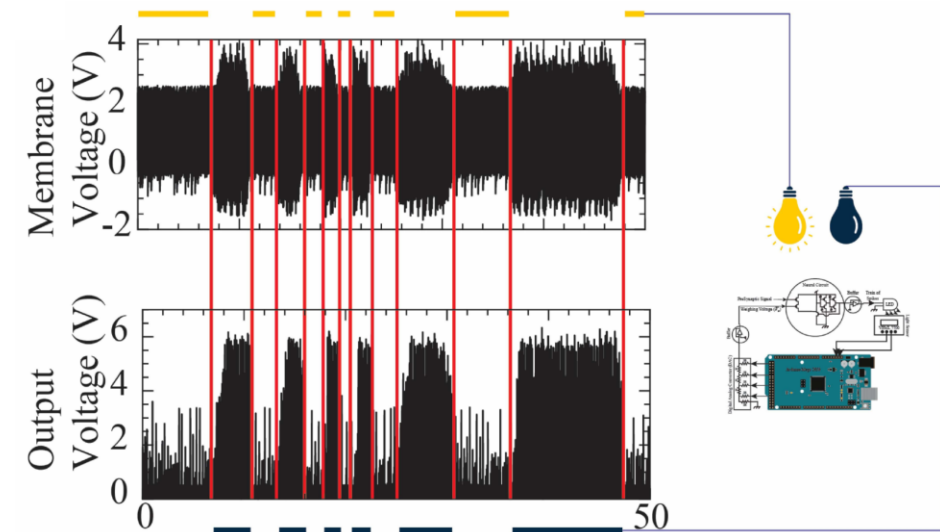
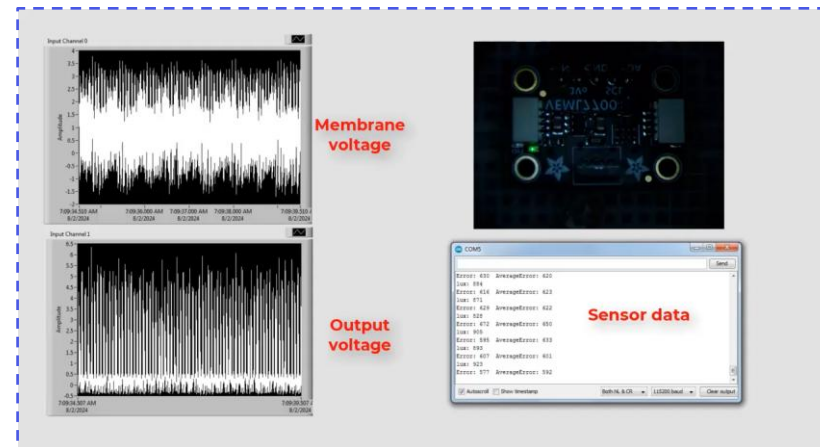
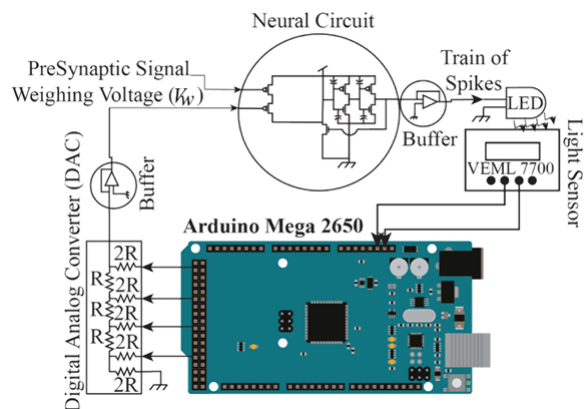
Inter Stimulus Interval



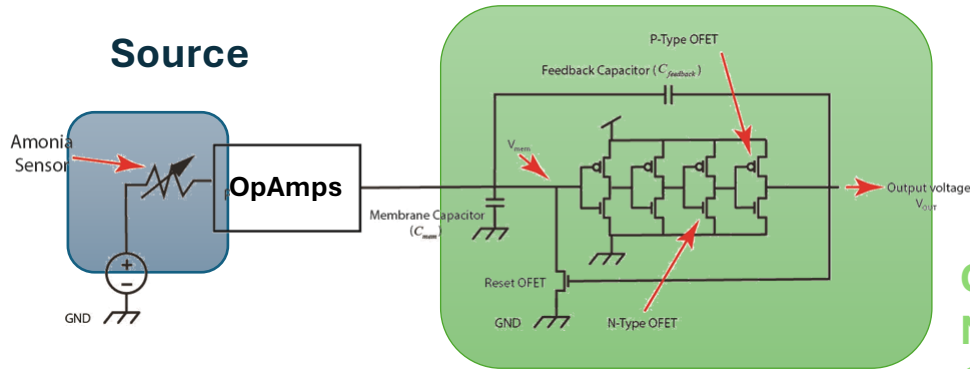
NEURON demo



- Showed Short-term adaptive modulation
- Organic neuron + light sensor + microcontroller
- Temp adjustment of V_{ws} due to light
- LED adjusted (via $V_{ws} \rightarrow$ spike f) based on light level
 - Dim  light $\rightarrow V_{ws} \& f \downarrow$;
 - Bright  light $\rightarrow V_{ws} \& f \uparrow$



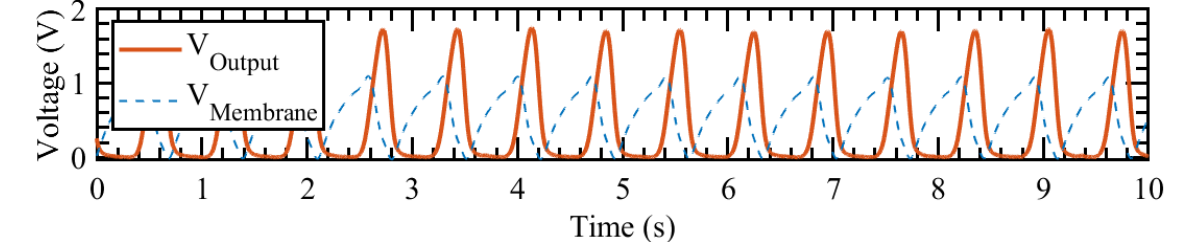
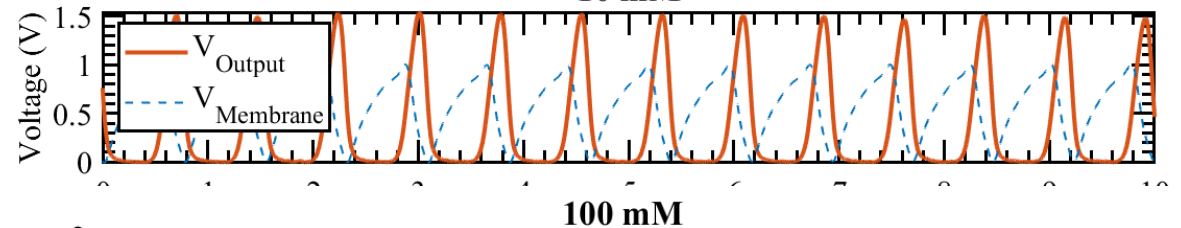
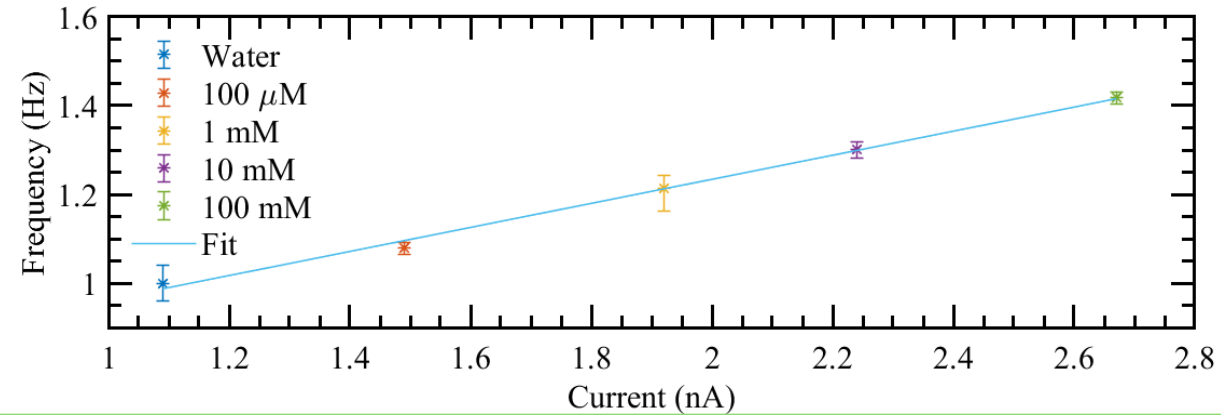
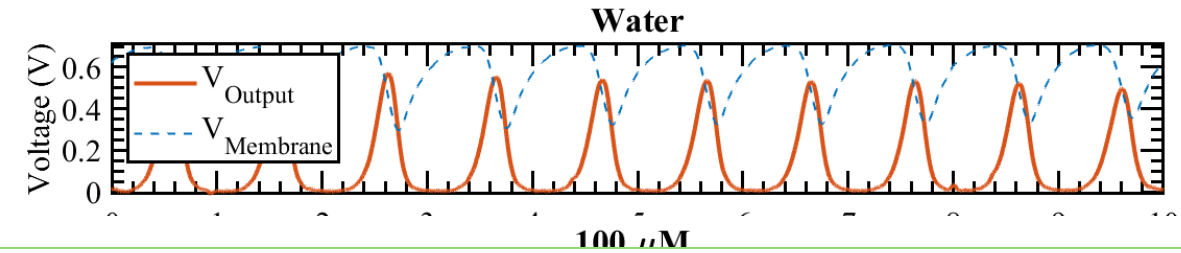
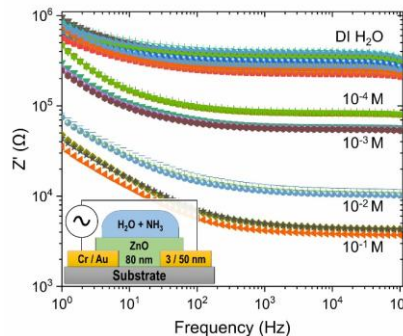
NEUROMORPHIC SENSOR



Organic
Neuromorphic
Circuit

Impedance

- Integrated chemical sensor with neuromorphic (AH) circuit
- Encoded (sensor) analyte (aqueous ammonia) concentration into voltage spikes of proportional frequencies



Circuit Fabrication

- Mohammad Javad Mirshojaeian Hosseini
- Masoome Fatahi
- Katia Vyshniakova

Simulation and Algorithm

- Yi Yang
- Undergrads (too many too list)

Collaboration

- Giacomo Indiveri (ETH, INI)
- Miad Faezipour (Purdue)
- Chiara Bartolozzi (IIT Genoa)

Funding

- ONR
- Purdue University
- USDA / NIFA



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