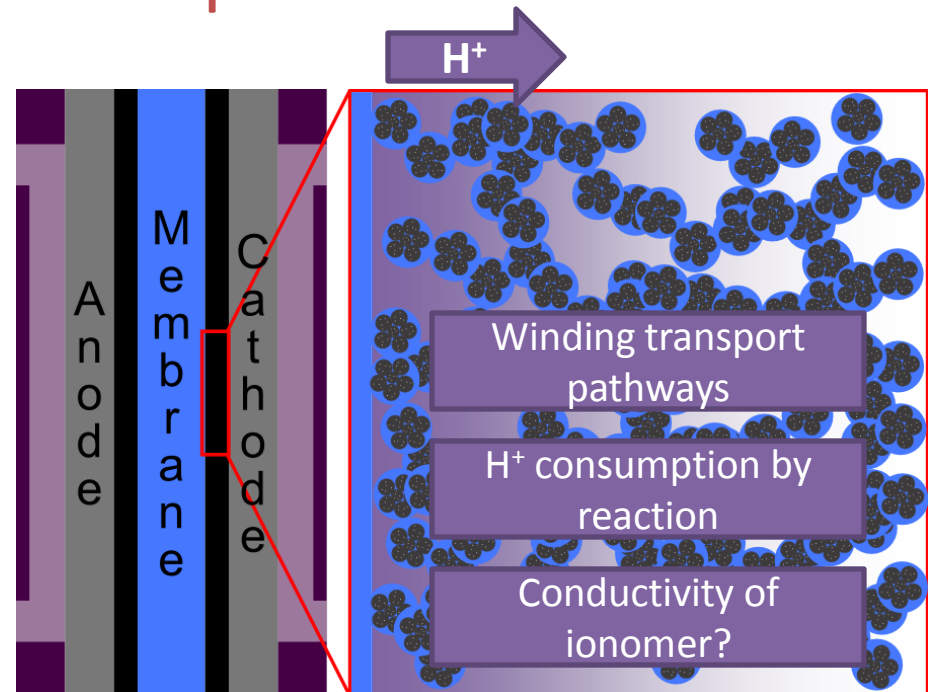


Fuel cell electrodes: Plagued by transport losses

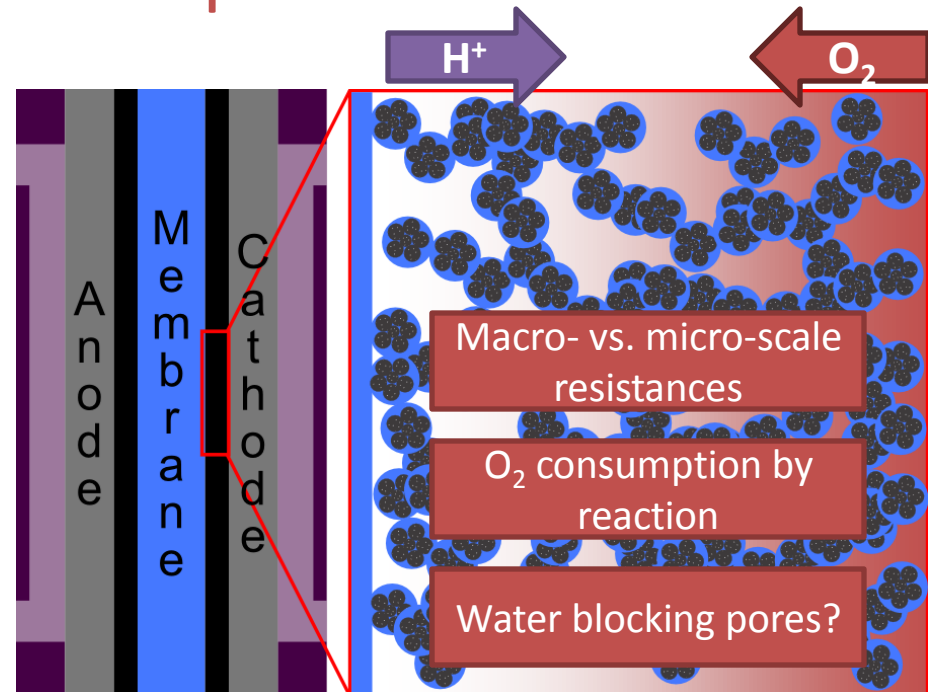
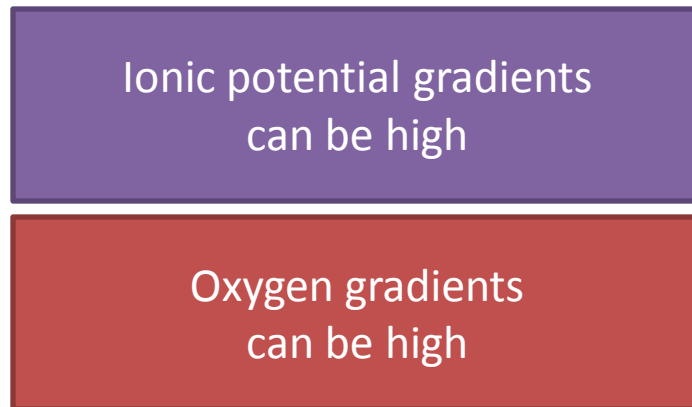
- Porous electrode is very thin
- Still, at high current, **transport can be an issue**

Ionic potential gradients
can be high



Fuel cell electrodes: Plagued by transport losses

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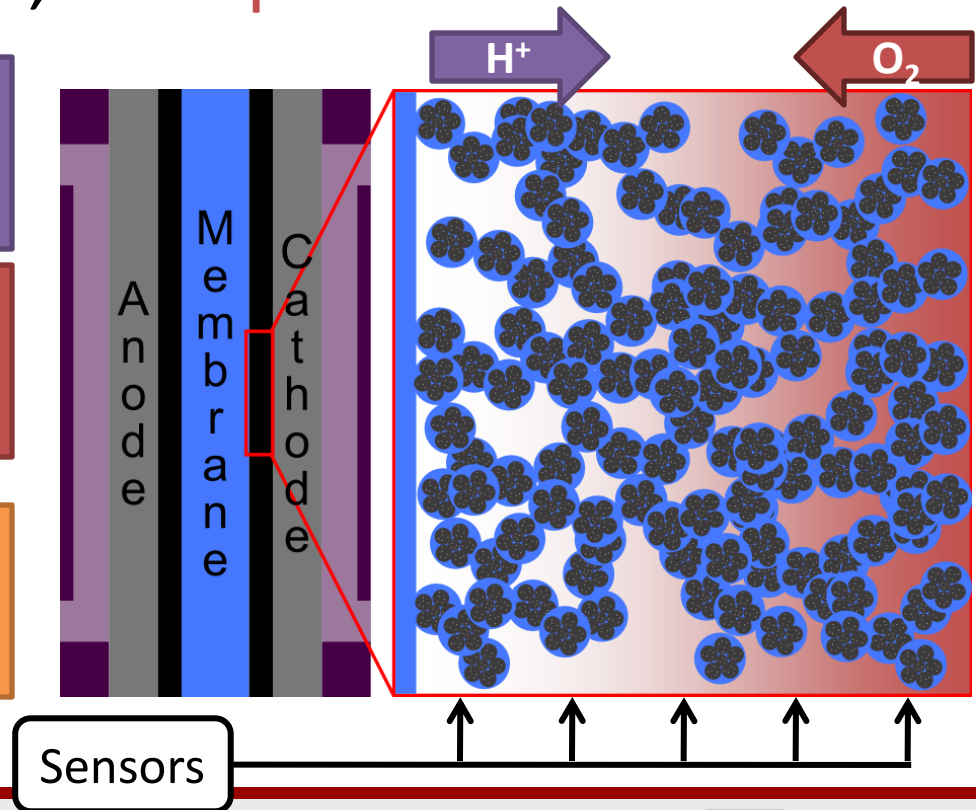
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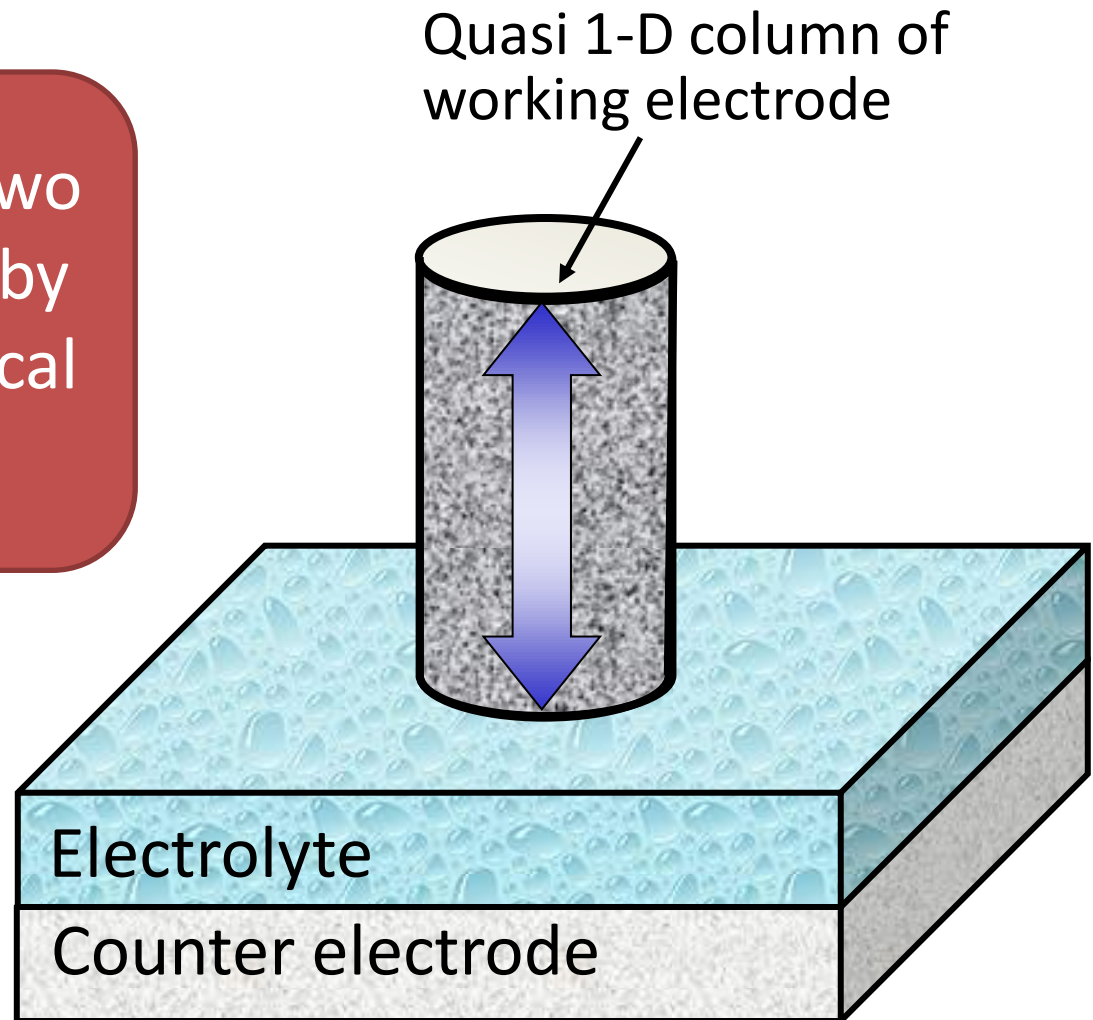
Oxygen gradients
can be high

**We measure these gradients to
understand transport resistance**



Microstructured Electrode Scaffold (MES) Diagnostics

Structure consists of two electrodes separated by a PEM just as in a typical fuel cell



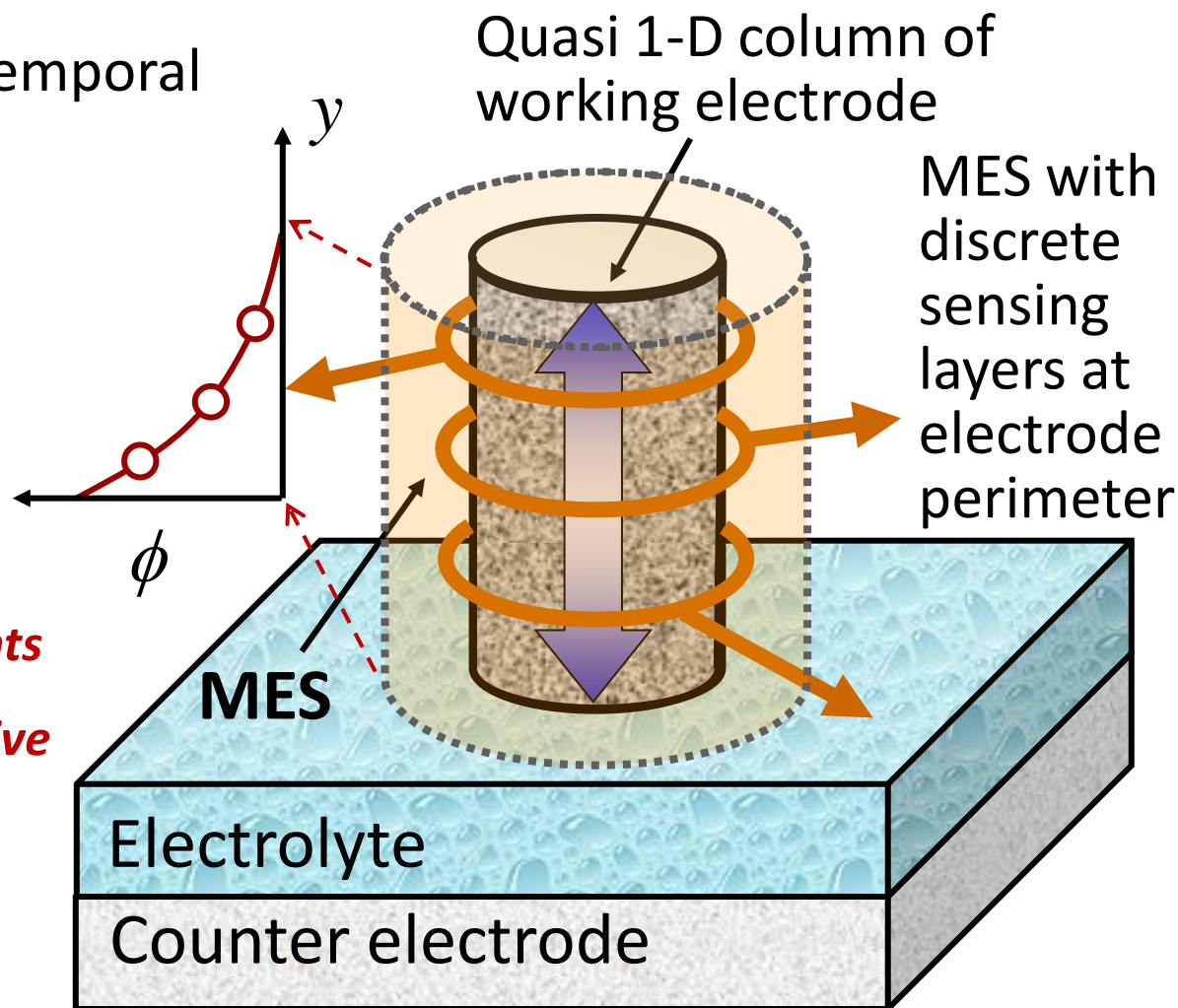
Microstructured Electrode Scaffold (MES) Diagnostics

Use to measure spatio-temporal distributions of:

- Potentials (electric/ionic)
- Conductivities
- Currents
- Local reaction rates
- EDL charging/discharging

Advantages:

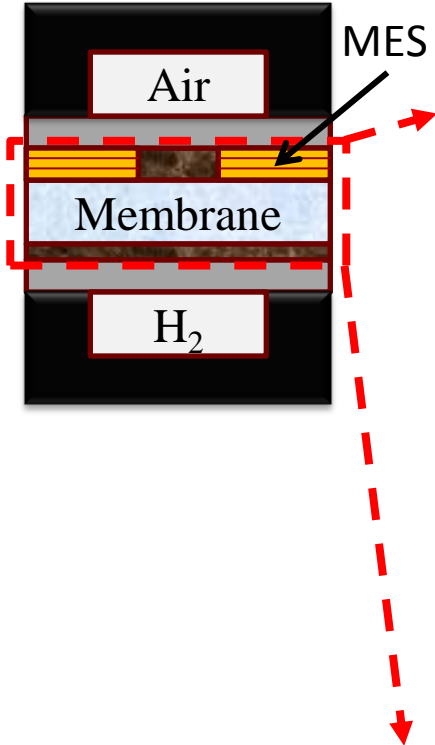
- *Through-plane measurements*
- *Uninterrupted, representative electrode structure*
- *Applicable to many porous electrode technologies*



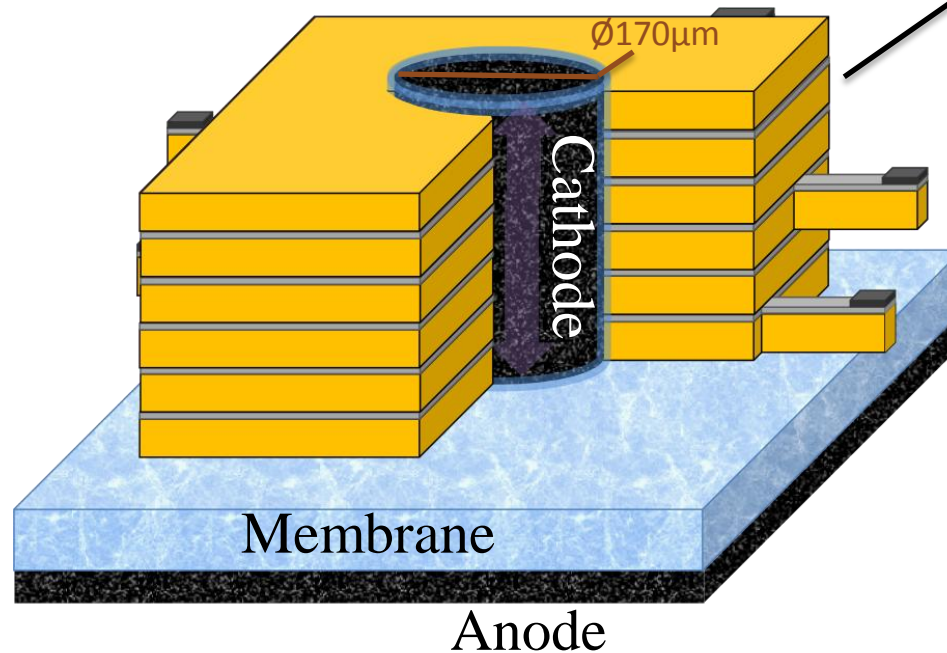
Ionic Potential Sensing MES

Measures ionic potential through electrode's thickness

PEM Fuel Cell

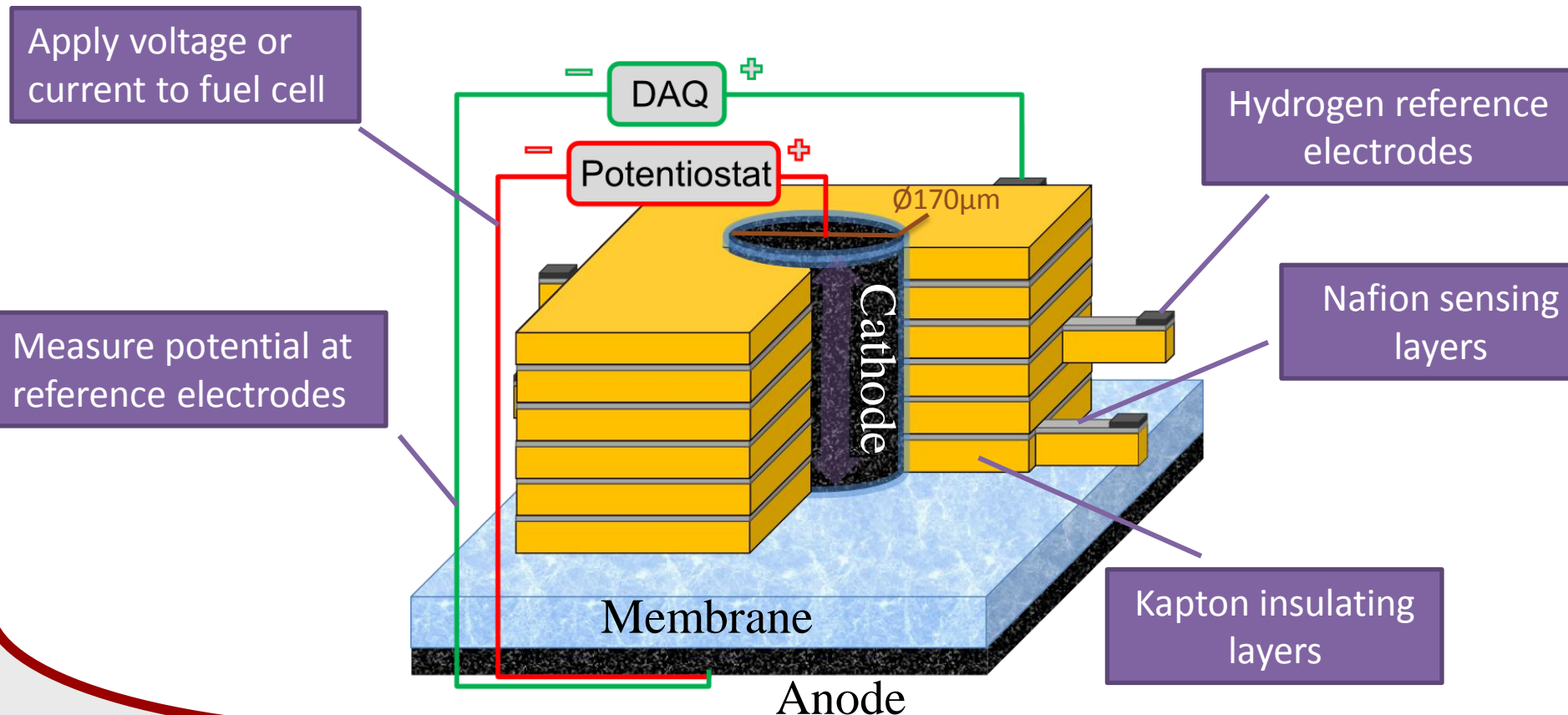


MES surrounding a 170 μm diameter column of catalyst on the cathode side



Ionic Potential Sensing MES

Measures ionic potential through electrode's thickness

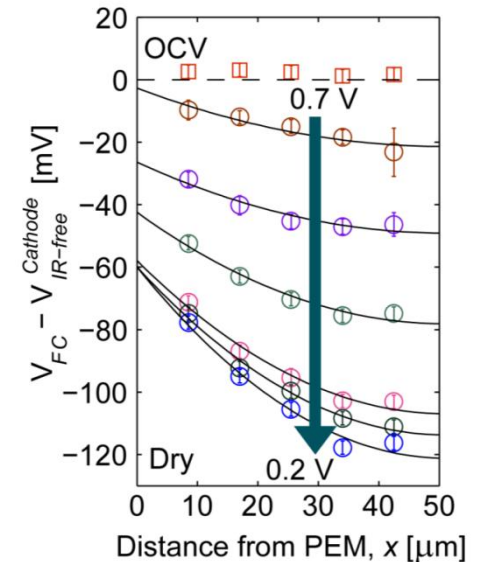
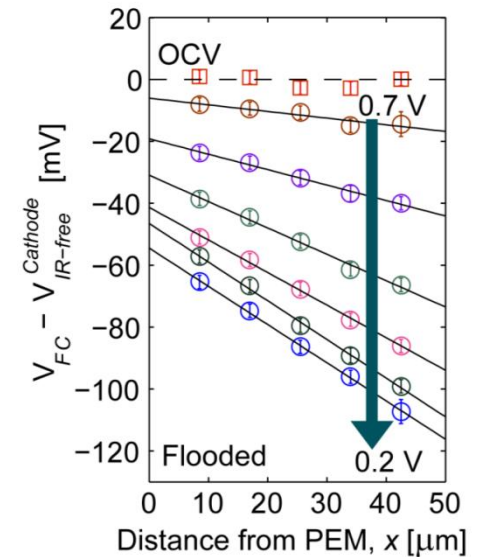


Results from Ionic MES

Distributions
measured by MES

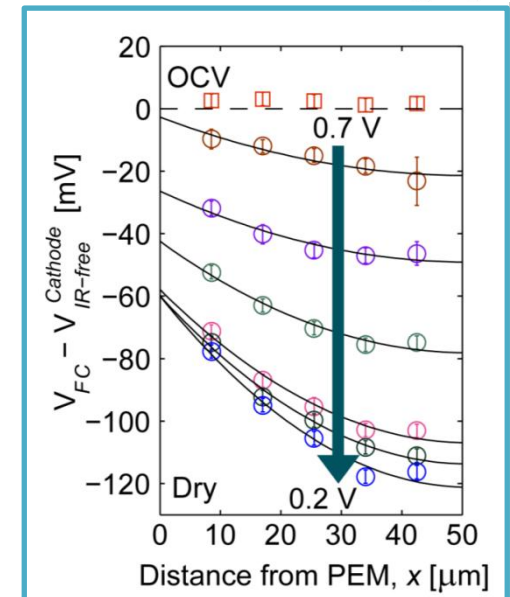
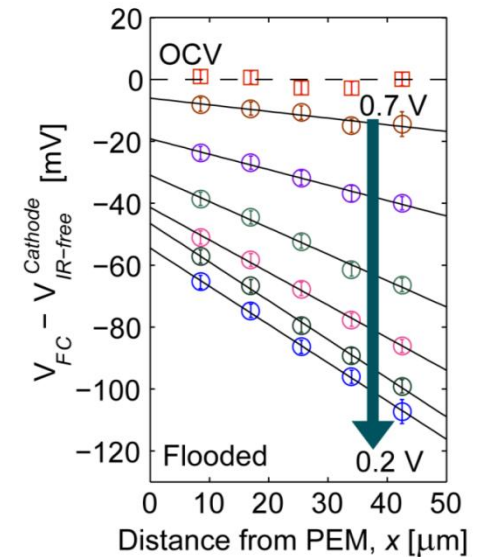
MES
performance as
fuel cell?

Comparable to
regular fuel cell



Results from Ionic MES

- Flooded condition (high humidity)
 - Linear distribution profiles
 - Suggests mass transport limitations even at low currents
- Dry condition (less humid)
 - Good match with analytical solution for uniform reaction (solid lines)
 - More linear at highest currents
 - mass transport limitations (expected)



Capability of MES

MES

Various operating conditions

- gas flow rate
- temperature
- humidity
- pressure

Various physical properties of catalyst layer

- structures
- material properties
- material contents

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Measure-
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Potentials (electric/ionic)
Conductivities
Oxygen concentration
Currents
Local reaction rates

Understanding the relation of physical properties of catalyst layer, operating conditions, and fuel cell performance