

Carnegie Mellon University

Engineering and Public Policy

Master's Program

Engineering and Public Policy is a unique, interdisciplinary department approaching critical problems with teams of faculty and students. The MS program builds skills in risk assessment, data analysis, and decision-making needed to solve today's complex problems in industry and government across the globe.

Our students have a variety of technical backgrounds from their prior degrees or professional experiences, and they go on to careers in government, business, non-profits, consulting, and PhD programs around the world.

## **CONTACT US**

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CMU.EDU/EPP



# **Major Research Areas**

**Climate and Environment** 

Energy Systems

Risk Analysis and Risk Communication

Information and Communication

Technology Policy

Technology Policy

Core Courses Theory & Practice of Policy Analysis Quantitative (12 units) Methods for Policy Analysis (12 units) Elective Courses Quantitative Methods Electives 11 (24 Units) Social **Analysis** Methods Electives (24 Units) Electives (24 Units)

# **What Makes Us Unique?**

- ✓ Multidisciplinary collaboration runs deep in the culture.
- ✓ EPP is organized around important societal problems rather than specific disciplines or methods.
- ✓ Faculty have joint appointments with the EPP department and with traditional engineering departments, business, public policy, and computer science.
- ✓ EPP is embedded within Carnegie Mellon's highly collaborative and multidisciplinary culture.
- ✓ Over the past 50 years, EPP has grown into a world-leading department for solving society's problems at the interface of engineering and public policy, with over 900 undergraduate and 400 graduate alumni, many of whom are at prominent universities, policy agencies, and businesses around the world.

## Advisory Leadership

EPP faculty have chaired a wide range of advisory committees to the Department of Energy, the Department of Homeland Security, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Food and Drug Administration, the National Academies and National Research Council, the State of California, and other government entities.

### **Informing Policy**

In its directive on regulatory cost-benefit uncertainties, the Office of Management and Budget followed the recommendations of Professor Granger Morgan and Alumnus Max Henrion's book *Uncertainty: A guide to dealing with uncertainty in Quantitative Risk and Policy Analysis*. Several EPP faculty made major contributions to the work of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Professor Ed Rubin was one of IPCC's lead authors when it received the Nobel Peace Prize.

#### Technology Foundations

Professor Marvin Sirbu and Professor Alex Hills founded the Information Networking Institute, which created a wireless research initiative that laid the foundations for today's Wi-Fi.

### Public Service

Professor Lorrie Cranor served as Chief Technologist of the Federal Trade Commission. Professor Jon Peha served as Chief Technologist of the Federal Communications Commission and as Assistant Director of the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy. Alumnus David Pittle served as one of the original commissioners of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. Professor Jim Goodby served as head negotiator of the Nunn-Luger corporative nuclear threat reduction program.

#### Entrepreneurship

The Lemelson-MIT Prize was awarded to EPP's Professor Jay Whitacre for inventing and commercializing the Aqueous Hybrid Ion (AHI™) battery, which has a unique saltwater chemistry made from abundant, nontoxic materials. Professor Marvin Sirbu's work on electronic payments resulted in patent rights worth several million dollars. Professor Lorrie Cranor founded Wombat Security Technologies security awareness services company acquired by Proofpoint.