### Environmental Problems of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century: The Engineer as Villain and Hero

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### Major Environmental Issues

#### Air Pollution

- *SO*<sub>2</sub>, *NO*<sub>x</sub>, *PM*, *etc*
- Air toxics
- Acid deposition
- Ozone Depletion
- Global Warming
- Water Pollution
  - Drinking water
  - Surface waters
  - Groundwater

- Solid Wastes
- Hazardous Wastes
- Radioactive Wastes
- Depletion of Natural Resources
- Land Use Impacts
  - Loss of habitat
- Ecological Impacts
  - Biodiversity
  - Marine life



#### **Engineers as Villains**

Question:

Which of the following environmental problems is a direct result of engineering design?

#### (a) Industrial air pollution



#### (b) Automobile waste disposal



#### (c) Toxic metal water pollution



#### (d) Radioactive wastes



#### (e) Urban smog



#### (f) Global warming





# (g) All of the above(h) None of the above



### (g) All of the above

Are engineers really the bad guys responsible for all these problems?

#### Sources of Environmental Impacts and Solutions





Mapping of environmental topics into undergraduate disciplines

### Number of Federal U.S. Environmental Laws, 1870-1990



Source: EPRI

**Engineers as Heroes** 

Question:

Which of the following engineers is working to solve environmental problems?

#### Who is the environmental hero?









Professor A? Professor B? Professor C? Professor D?(e) All of the above?(f) None of the above?



### (d) All of the above

### engineering & reenvironment

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Sources of Environmental Impact that Engineers Can Influence

- *Design* of technology
- *Deployment* of technology
- *Operation/Use* of technology

leading to . . .

- Land use impacts
- Discharges to the environment (gases, liquids, solids)
  - Routine
  - Accidental
  - Direct
  - Indirect

#### How to Become a Hero

- Apply Principles of :
  - Green Design
  - Pollution Prevention
  - Industrial Ecology
  - Sustainable Development

### **Reducing Environmental Impacts**

- Produce desired goods and services in ways that:
  - Use less material
  - Produce less waste
  - Use less energy
- Use alternative materials, technologies and energy sources that offer environmental benefits

#### A Life Cycle Framework for Environmental Assessments



### 21st Century Challenges

#### • Air Pollution

- *SO*<sub>2</sub>, *NO*<sub>x</sub>, *PM*, *etc*
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#### Growth in Atmospheric Greenhouse Gas Concentrations



#### Predicted Temperature Changes for a Doubling of Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> Concentration





Temperature Increase (C)

Framework Convention on Climate Change (1992)

.... achieve stabilization of greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system.

Such a level should be achieved within a time-frame sufficient to allow ecosystems to adapt naturally to climate change, to ensure that food production is not threatened and to enable economic development to proceed in a sustainable manner.

# CO<sub>2</sub> From Energy Use is the Dominant Greenhouse Gas



### U.S.Energy Consumption by Fuel Type



### Sources of U.S. CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions



### Controlling CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions Growth



#### What role can engineers play ?

### CO<sub>2</sub> Mitigation Options



### CO<sub>2</sub> Mitigation Options



### A Success Story

#### Appliance Efficiency Standards

<u>much more</u> <u>can be done</u>



### Information Technology is the Fastest-Growing Use of Electricity



### Energy Sources for U.S. Electricity

52%

14%

3%

8%

3%

- Fossil Fuels
  - Coal
  - Natural Gas
  - Petroleum
- Nuclear
  - Uranium 20%
- Renewables
  - Hydro
  - Other



### The Biggest Challenge

Improved Automotive Fuel Economy



### CO<sub>2</sub> Mitigation Options



### The Biggest Challenge

Alternative Fuels for Transportation



#### U.S. Electricity Generation by Fuel (DOE/EIA Reference Case)



#### A Modern U.S. Wind Farm



#### A Building-Integrated Photovoltaic System



#### Cost Trends for Renewable Energy Technologies



Source: IIASA

### CO<sub>2</sub> Mitigation Options



Why the Interest in Carbon Capture and Sequestration (CCS)

CCS technology may be a way to:

- Have your cake and eat it: use fossil fuels without CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- Minimize the overall cost of reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- Provide a bridge to a more sustainable energy future

### Schematic of CO<sub>2</sub> Capture and Storage System



### CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Technologies



#### CO<sub>2</sub> Capture at a Coal-Fired Power Plant (Shady Point, Oklahoma)

Source: ABB Lummus

#### **Coal Gasification Combined Cycle Plant**



### CO<sub>2</sub> Sequestration Options

#### Geologic Sequestration

- Deep saline reservoirs
- Depleted oil and gas wells
- Unmineable coal seams
- Ocean Sequestration

#### Geologic Sequestration of CO<sub>2</sub> (Sleipner Gasfield, North Sea, Norway)



#### Geologic Sequestration with Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR)



### Cost of Alternative Options



### Use of Carbon Capture Technologies in Climate Change Mitigation



## Final Exam (take home)

#### For Faculty

- Identify ways to incorporate environmental considerations into your courses
- Challenge your students to propose ways of reducing environmental impacts without sacrificing other key needs (functionality, reliability, etc.)

#### For Students

- Think about how your research and courses could have environmental consequences
- Challenge your professors to discuss and propose ways of reducing environmental impacts without sacrificing other key needs (functionality, reliability, etc.)

Who will be the new environmental hero?



Ellen J. Bass Assistant Professor



Peter A. Beling Associate Professor



Donald E. Brown Professor and Chair



Alfredo Garcia Assistant Professor



Stephanie Guerlain Assistant Professor



<u>Yacov Y. Haimes</u> Lawrence R. Quarles Professor



Barry Horowitz Professor



Thomas E. Hutchinson Calcott Professor



Roman Krzysztofowicz Professor



<u>James H. Lambert</u> Research Assistant Professor



James W. Lark III Assistant Professor



Gerard P. Learmonth Associate Professor



Garrick E. Louis Assistant Professor



<u>Christina M.</u> <u>Mastrangelo</u> Associate Professor



Stephen D Patek Assistant Professor



William T. Scherer Associate Professor



<u>K Preston White Jr</u> Professor

All of the above None of the above



### All of the above !