

SHINES Kickoff Meeting 2016

AGENT-BASED COORDINATION SCHEME FOR PV INTEGRATION (ABC4PV)

Awarded to: CMU, NRECA, Aquion Energy

Presented by: Soummya Kar (CMU) and Craig Miller (NRECA)

Project Objectives and Expected Outcomes

- Motivation
- Technical Objectives
- Team
- Approach
- Project Objectives and Anticipated Outcomes
- Project Plan
- Discussion

Motivation

- Increased deployment of solar photovoltaic generators, distributed storage, demand response capabilities
- Distributed approaches as scalable solution for the optimal coordination of these technologies and effective integration of PV systems
 - Gap between theoretical approaches and actual application

Need for testbed for distributed algorithms particularly for the application of PV integration and actual implementation of such algorithms in a physical environment

Technical Objectives

- Project Goals
 - Development of distributed algorithm for the coordination of PV arrays, storage, flexible load
 - Extension of existing algorithm to coordination of arrays, storage, programmable thermostats
 - Stability and robust testing of algorithm via simulations
 - Setup of test-bed of 10 PV array + storage systems
 - Installation of physical devices at actual feeder in cooperation with coop
 - Development of appropriate protocols and cyber tools to ensure interoperability and cyber security
 - Setup of communication network
 - Implementation and testing of proposed distributed algorithm in testbed with respect to robustness, performance and applicability
 - Study impact on storage performance and lifetime in context of the application and use data to improve storage subsystem

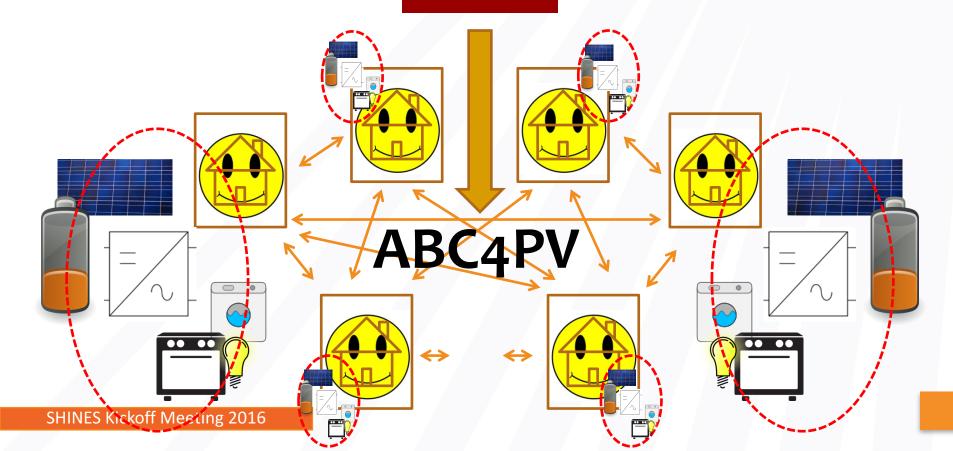






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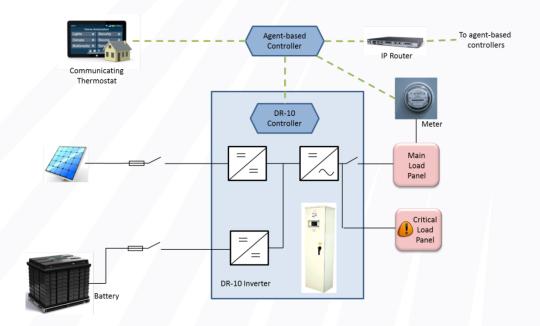


Team

- CMU (Soummya Kar, Gabriela Hug, Jose Moura, Panayiotis Moutis, Jay Whitacre)
 - Operating control framework
 - Efficacy assessment (simulations & software implementation)
- NRECA (Craig Miller, Doug Danley, David Pinney)
 - Testbed development
 - Standardization of unit equipment
- Aquion Energy (Tom Madden, Tom Jackson)
 - Battery storage system physical integration and optimization

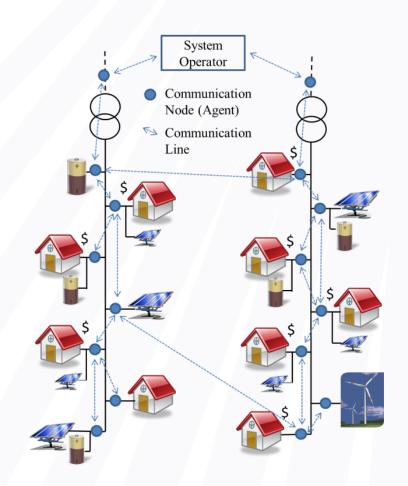
Approach: Unit-based integration and abstraction

- Schematic of ABC4PV unit
 - Unit subsystems deployed throughout feeder
 - Each subsystem consists of PV generator, battery, communicating thermostat and inverter and has communication capabilities



Approach: Inter-unit collaboration

- Agent-based distributed algorithm:
 - Subsystems
 communicate and share
 information with each
 other
 - Limited communication of some subsystems with system operator
 - Computations carried out locally



Approach: Distributed optimization framework

- Form of updates
 - Mathematical formulation based on consensus + innovation approach:

$$\lambda_{j}^{(i+1)} = \lambda_{j}^{(i)} - \beta_{i} \sum_{l \in \omega_{j}} \left(\lambda_{j}^{(i)} - \lambda_{l}^{(i)}\right) - \underbrace{\alpha_{i} \hat{d}_{j}^{(i)}}_{innovation}$$

where λ is the consensus variable and innovation term ensures

$$\sum_{j=1}^{J} \hat{d}_j(\lambda_j) = 0,$$

Considered Application:

Consensus: ensure cost optimality

Innovation: fulfill power balance



Broad Project Objectives

- Integration of PV, storage & load control in a "unit" paradigm
 - Maximize value from integration rather than combinations
 - Modular and plug-in character of paradigm
 - A priori employment of common interface and control
- Units to optimize performance locally and/or in coordination
 - Scalable, generic, distributed, risk-aware operation framework
 - Forecast, procure, respond and adapt
- Validate efficacy in simulation environment & actual test bed
 - Extensive analysis and benchmarking on multiple platforms
 - Cyber-security assessment
 - Test-bed of 10 units in an actual coop network

Anticipated Outcomes

Key Project Products

- Test bed consisting of feeder with 10 solar and storage combinations including communication capability among these devices
- Mathematical formulation of distributed algorithm for the optimal coordination of PV systems, distributed storage and demand side management participants and its implemenation in test bed

Major Outcomes:

- Pathway towards efficient integration of up to 100% solar generation at a feeder by the means of distributed coordination of flexible demand and storage
- Functioning testbed for distributed algorithms for the coordination of PV, storage and flexible demand

Project Plan

- Distributed Control Methodology
 - Design and Development of Distributed Resource Coordination and Control Methodology (Years 1, 2)
 - Software Implementation of Algorithms (Years 1, 2)
 - Cybersecurity Assurance (Years 1, 2, 3)
- Testbed Development
 - Installation of Physical Components and Test-bed Setup (Years 1, 2)
 - Performance Testing in Test-bed (Years 2, 3)
- Functional and Economic Assessment and Optimization
 - Value of Solar (Years 2, 3)
 - Value of Storage (Years 2, 3)
 - Energy Storage Sub-System and Full System Assessment and Control Optimization (Years 2, 3)

Distributed Control Methodology Development

Task 1: Design and Development of Distributed Resource Coordination and Control Methodology

- 1. Modeling of Cost/Objective
 - Objective function of the optimization problem
- 2. Modeling of Constraints (Operational and Uncertainty)
 - Component operation constraints, e.g. min/max inverter power
 - Network constraints, e.g. line loading limits
- 3. Formulation of Iterative Distributed Control
 - Employ optimization algorithm to the problem
- 4. Performance Analysis and Real-time Guarantees
 - Benchmarking of convergence and time complexity
- Simulation of Test-bed

Task 2: Software Implementation of Algorithms

- 1. Network Design
 - Assessment of candidate feeders for test bed implementation
- 2. Implementation of Code on Embedded Site Controller and Communication
 - Validate performance of operation framework in simulation
 - Validate performance of operation framework in situ
- 3. Write Host Program to Collect and Format Data

Task 3: Formulation of Iterative Distributed Control

- 1. Security Design
 - Analysis of cyber-security concerns and suggested measures
- 2. Secure Software Testing
 - Testing cyber-security performance of developed framework
- 3. System and In-Situ Testing
 - Cyber-security testing on the test-bed implementation

Testbed Development

Task 4: Installation of Physical Components and Test-bed Setup

- 1. Identification of Suitable Feeder
 - Promote project to candidate coop feeders
- 2. Design/Sizing of Devices
 - Determining exactly the components of each unit
- 3. Initial Deployment and Validation
 - Assessment of unit components (inter-)operability
- 4. Full Deployment and Validation
 - Unit fine-tuning based on cost assessment and final installation

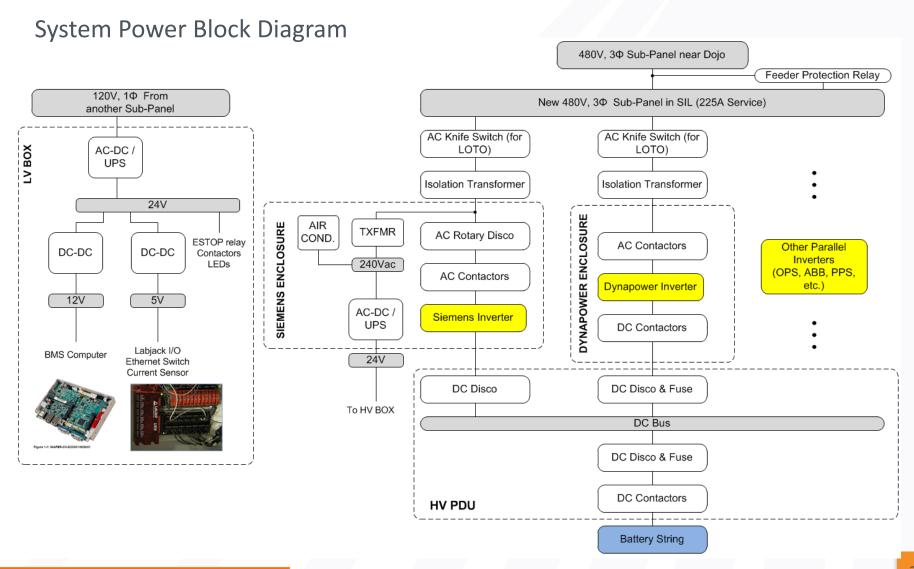
Task 5: Performance Testing in Test-bed

- 1. Design of Default Operation
 - Strictly local operation according to current practice
- 2. Normal Operation
 - Assessment assuming no communication failure
- 3. Performance under Communication Failure
 - Assessment of fail-safe mechanisms
- 4. Adjustments in Algorithm
 - Fine tuning according to aforementioned assessment in the Task

Initial ABC4PV Unit Setup and Testing: Aquion



Testbed equipment: Aquion



Task 6: Energy Storage Sub-System and Full System Assessment and Control Optimization

- 1. Analysis of Performance and Applications Data
 - Assessment of battery data and comparison to lifetime model
- 2. Follow on Testing/Analysis
 - Update control depending on aforementioned assessment
- 3. Techno-economic Modeling of Sub-system and System-level Performance
 - All-inclusive and conclusive techno-economic assessment of the project

Questions?