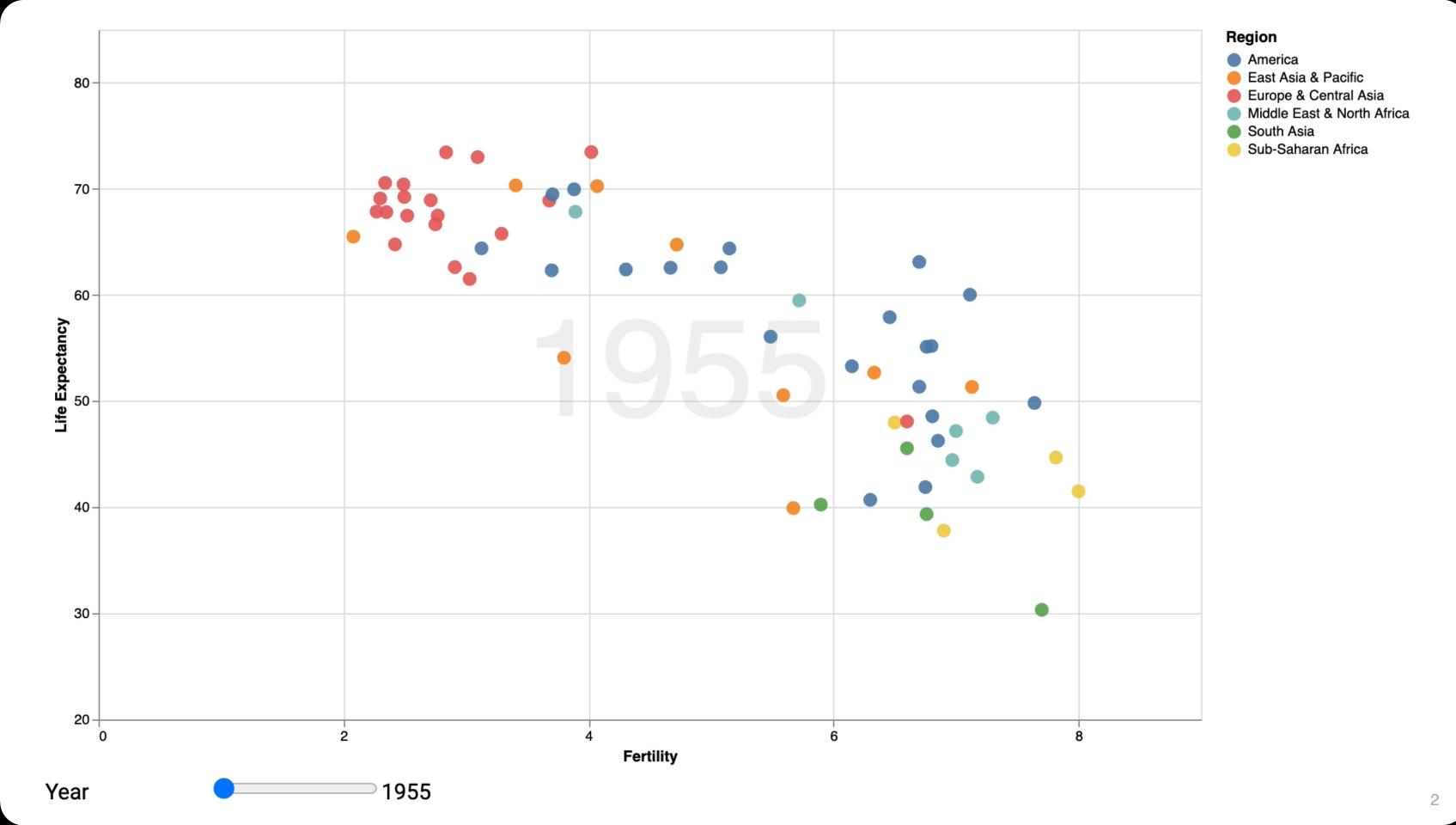
Enhancing Decision-Making through Interactive Data Visualization



Dominik Moritz @domoritz

Carnegie Mellon University





6 takeaways about data visualization



Exposure, the effective laying open of the data to display the unanticipated, is to us a major portion of data analysis. Formal statistics has given almost no guidance to exposure; indeed, it is not clear how the informality and flexibility appropriate to the exploratory character of exposure can be fitted into any of the structures of formal statistics so far proposed.



Nothing - not the careful logic of mathematics, not statistical models and theories, not the awesome arithmetic power of modern computers - nothing can substitute here for the **flexibility** of **the informed human** mind.

Accordingly, both approaches and techniques need to be structured so as to facilitate human involvement and intervention.

Set	1
	ш

Set 2

Set 3

Χ	Υ
10	8.04
8	6.95
13	7.58
9	8.81
11	8.33
14	9.96
6	7.24
4	4.26
12	10.84
7	4.82
5	5.68

X	Υ
	<u> </u>
10	9.14
8	8.14
13	8.74
9	8.77
11	9.26
14	8.1
6	6.13
4	3.1
12	9.11
7	7.26
5	4.74

Χ	Υ
10	7.46
8	6.77
13	12.74
9	7.11
11	7.81
14	8.84
6	6.08
4	5.39
12	8.15
7	6.42
5	5 . 73

Χ	Υ
8	6.58
8	5.76
8	7.71
8	8.84
8	8.47
8	7.04
8	5.25
19	12.5
8	5.56
8	7.91
8	6.89

Summary Statistics

$$u_X = 9.0$$
 $\sigma_X = 3.317$

$$u_Y = 7.5$$

$$u_Y = 7.5$$
 $\sigma_Y = 2.03$

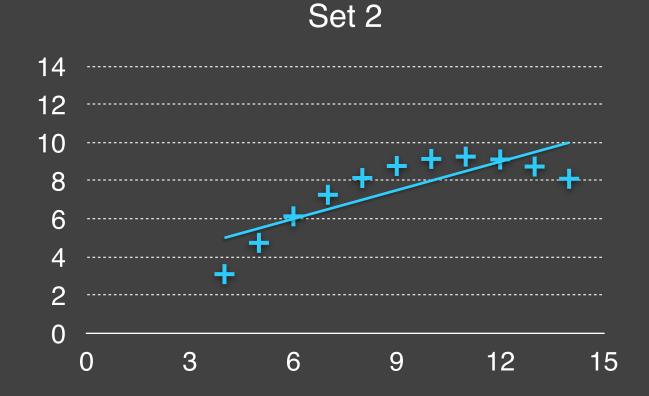
Linear Regression

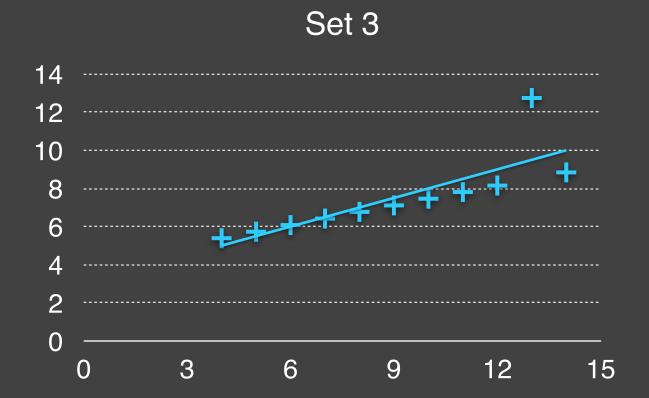
$$Y^2 = 3 + 0.5 X$$

$$R^2 = 0.67$$

[Anscombe 1973]

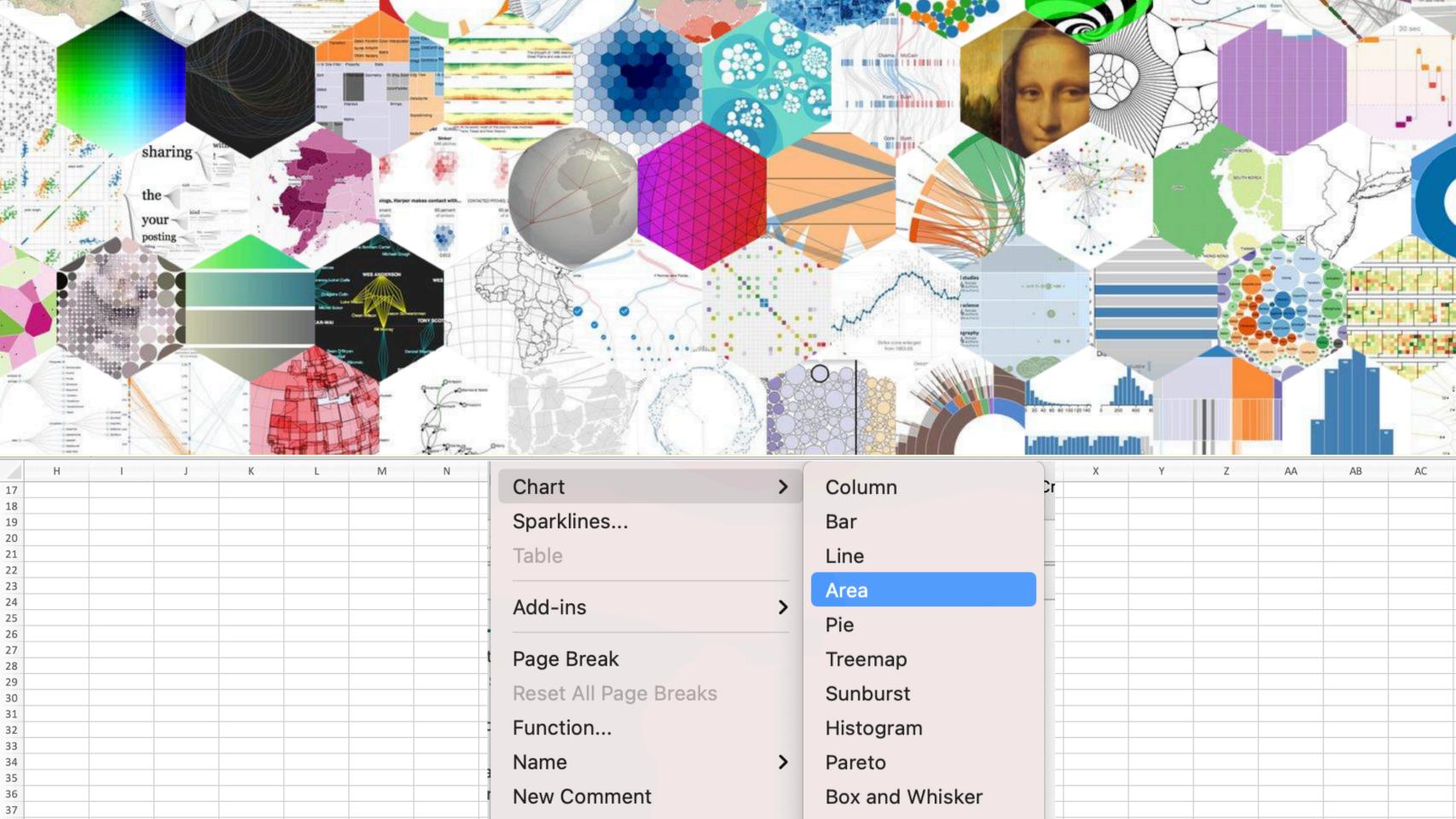


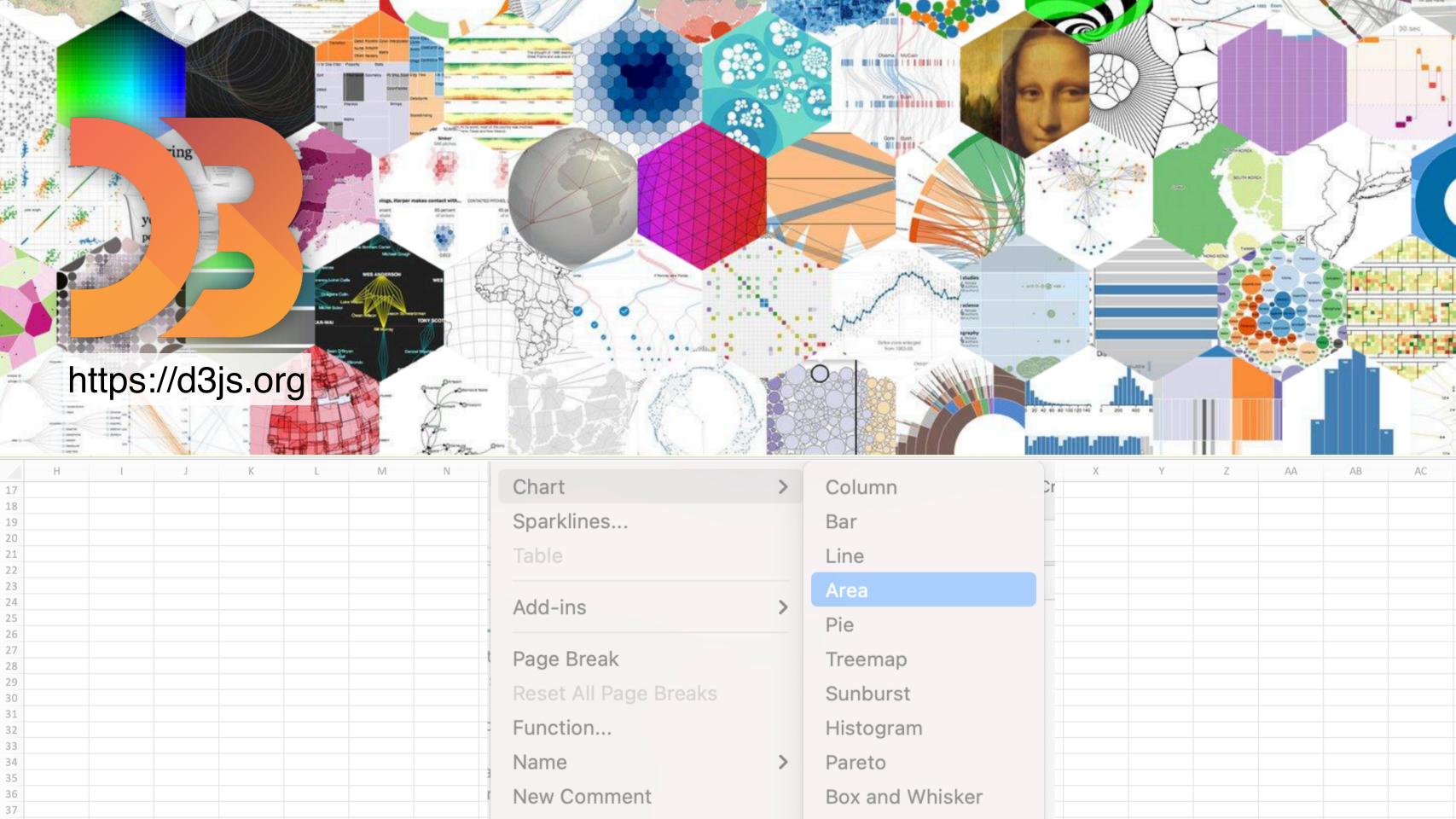


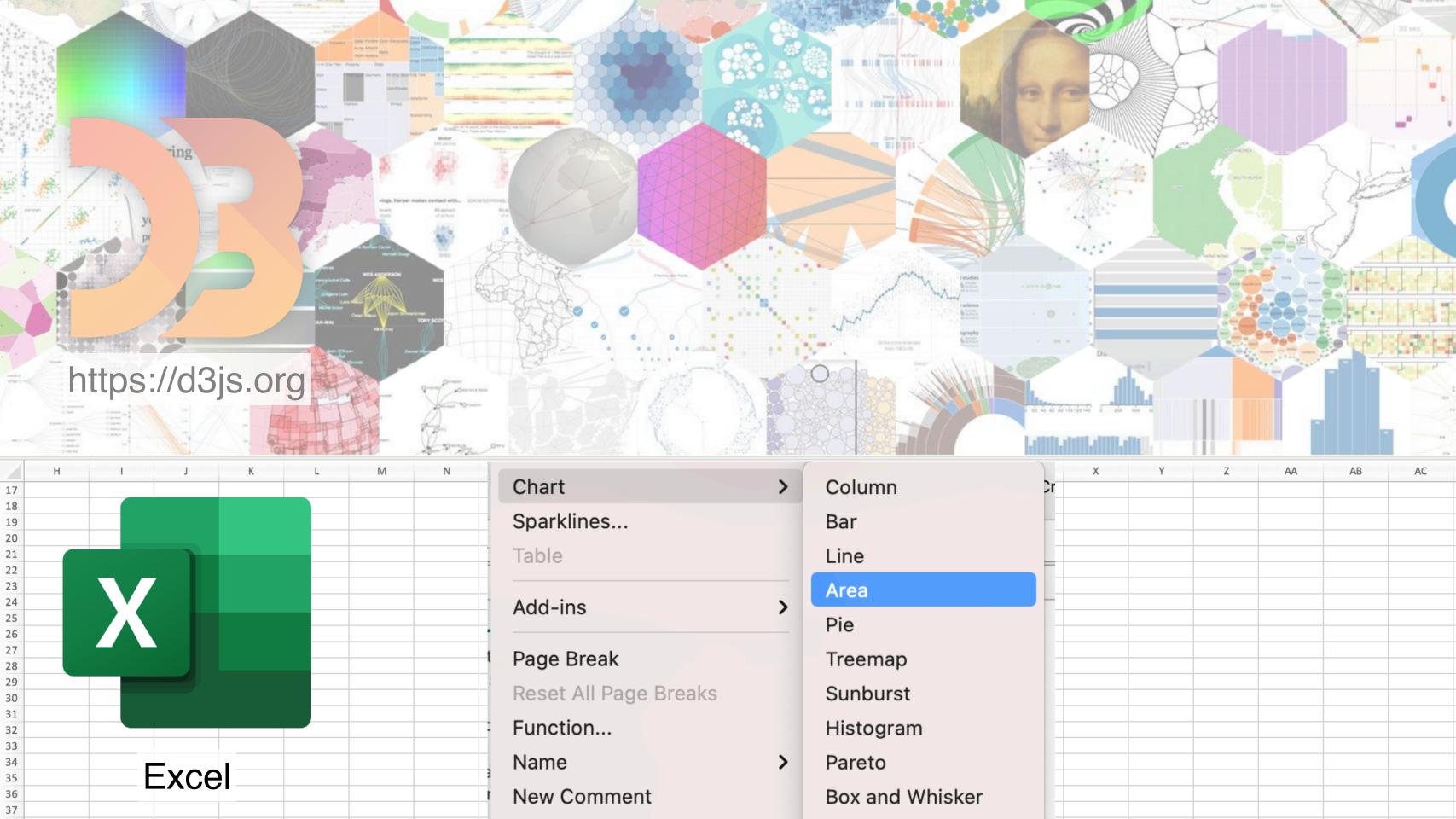




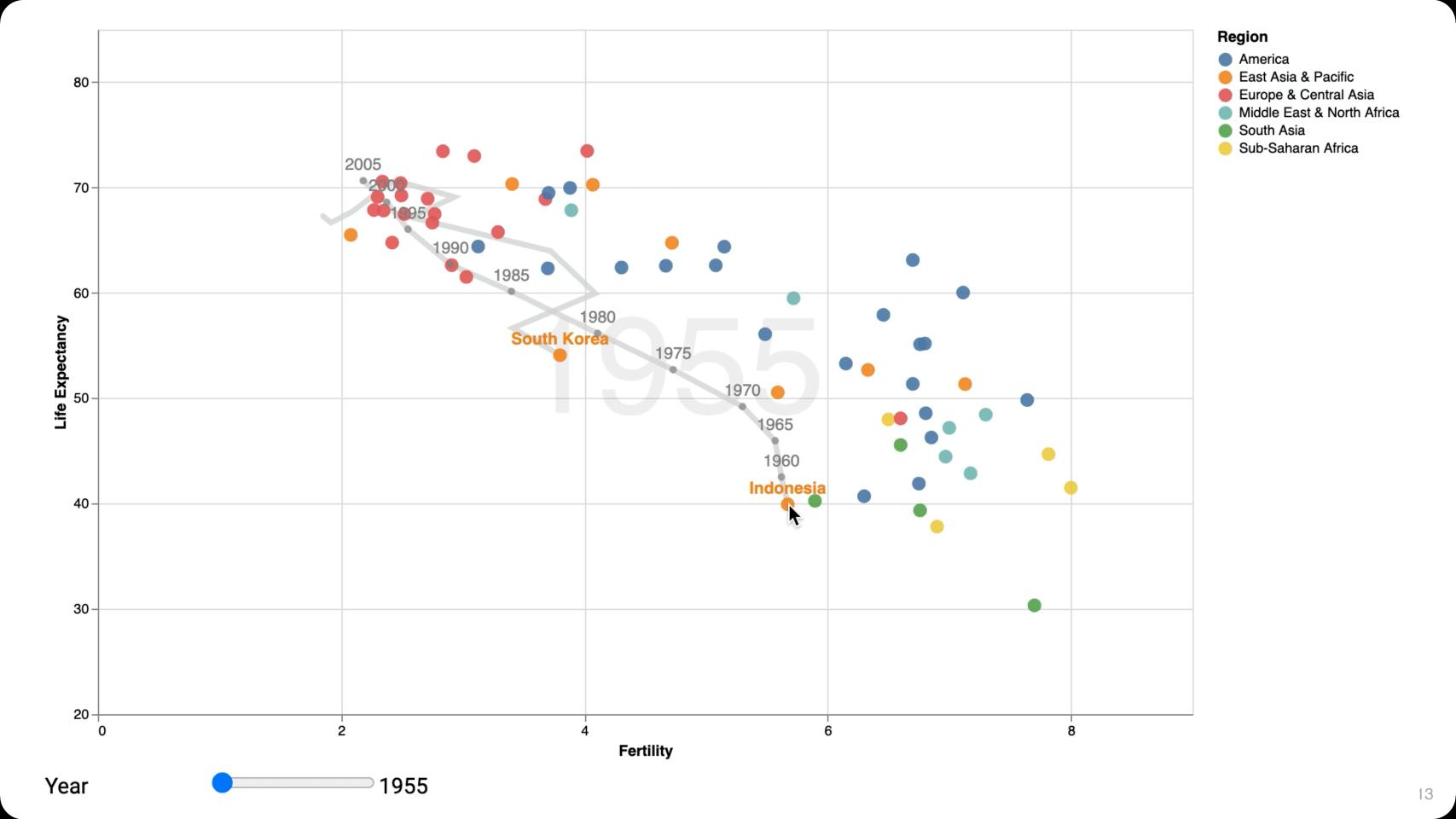
Machine Learning, AI, and Statistics are people problems. For them to be effective, we need to design for human involvement.

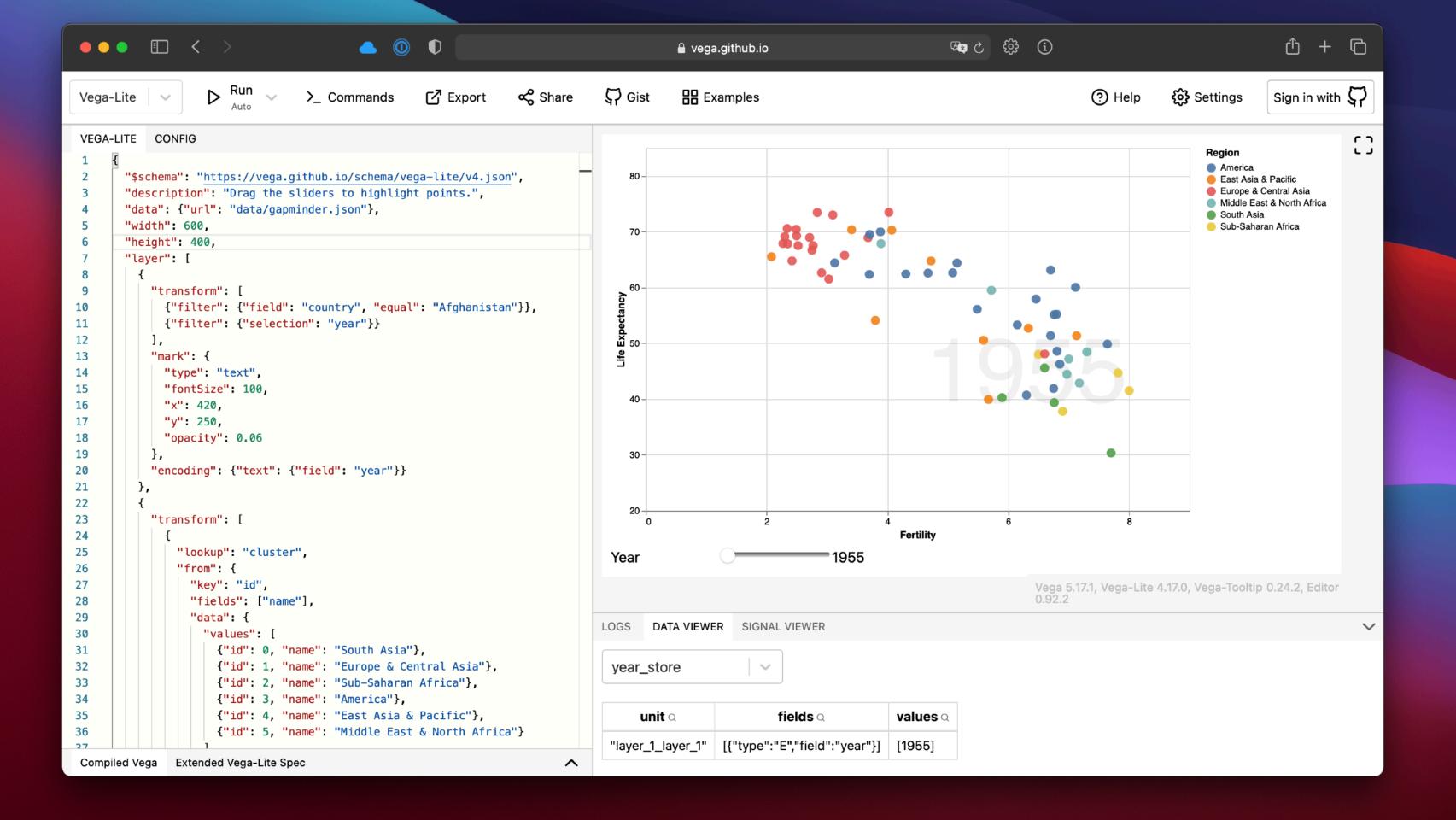






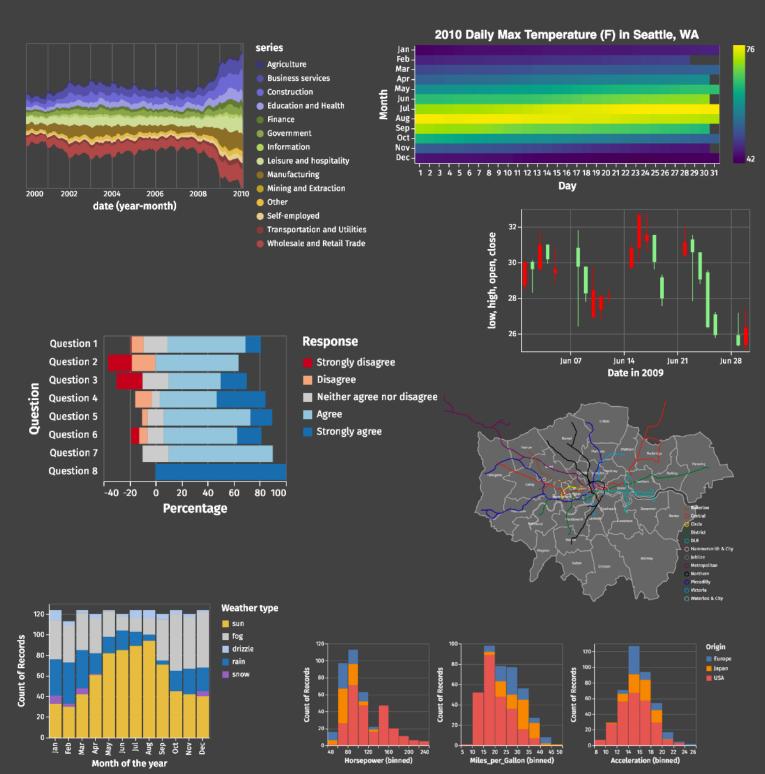
How do we make visualizations in the midst of an analysis?





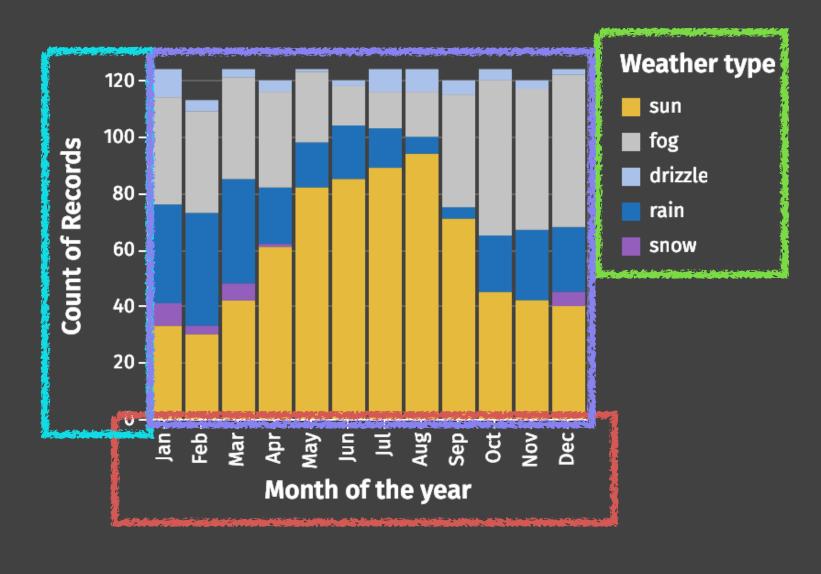
Vega-Lite

A high-level declarative grammar for interactive multi-view charts.



Vega-Lite

```
data: {
  url: "seattle-weather.csv"
mark: "bar"
 encodina: {
  x: {
     timeUnit: "month",
     field: "date"
  y: {
   aggregate: "count"
   color: {
     field: "weather"
```

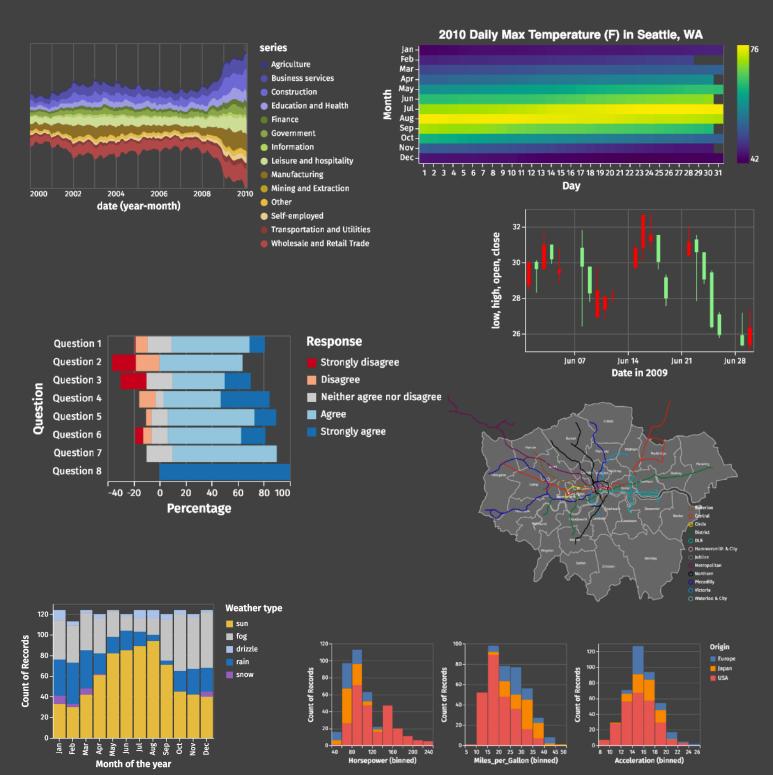


Vega-Lite

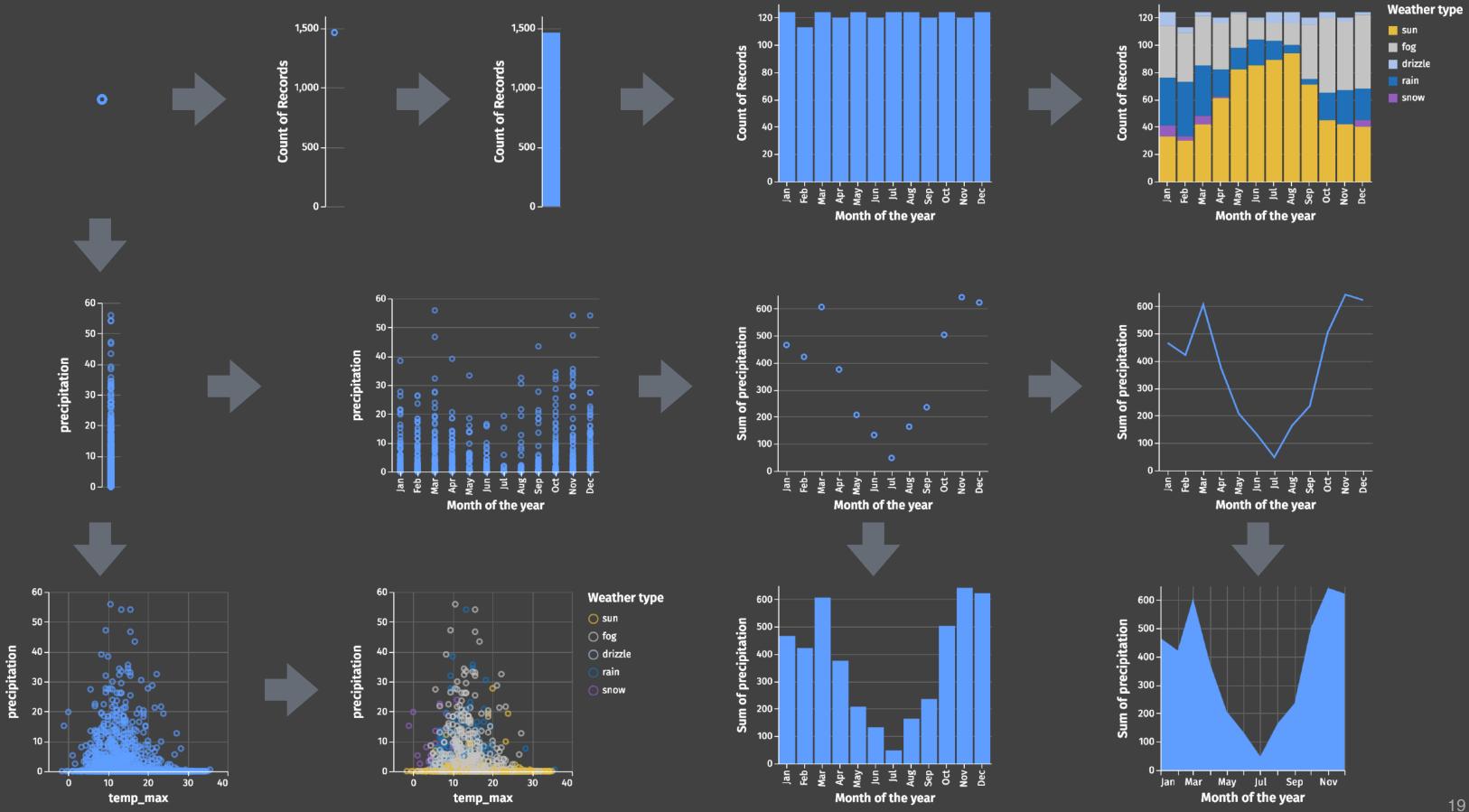
A high-level grammar for creating interactive multi-view charts.

2.1M monthly downloads from CDN.
Used at , Microsoft, Google, Netflix, etc.

vega.github.io/vega-lite



Grammar-based visualization tools (such as Vega-Lite) support flexible interactive visualization and exploration.

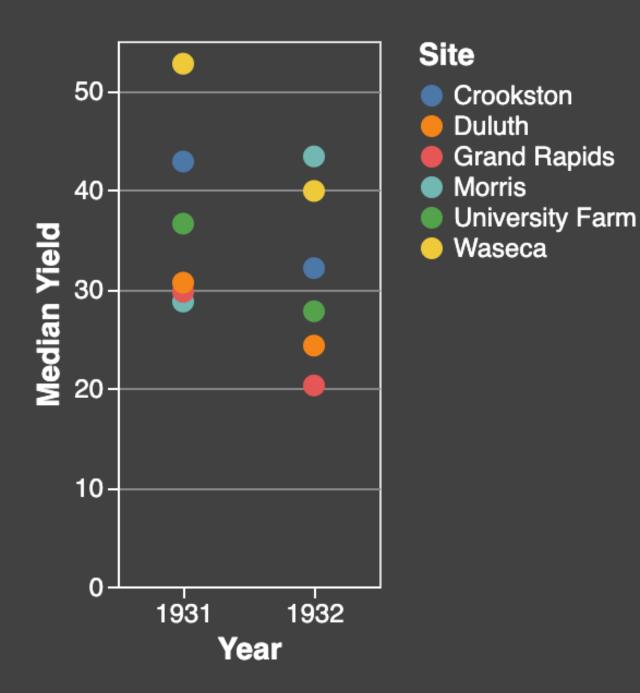


How has Barley Yield Changed at Different Sites?

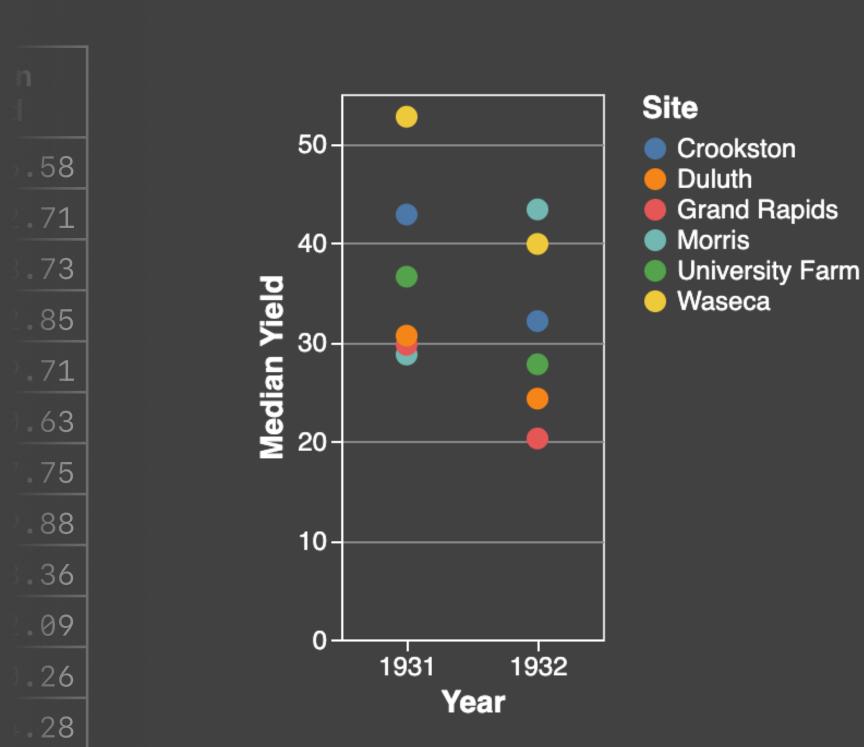
Year	Site	Median Yield
1931	"University Farm"	36.58
1931	"Waseca"	52.71
1931	"Morris"	28.73
1931	"Crookston"	42.85
1931	"Grand Rapids"	29.71
1931	"Duluth"	30.63
1932	"University Farm"	27.75
1932	"Waseca"	39.88
1932	"Morris"	43.36
1932	"Crookston"	32.09
1932	"Grand Rapids"	20.26
1932	"Duluth"	24.28

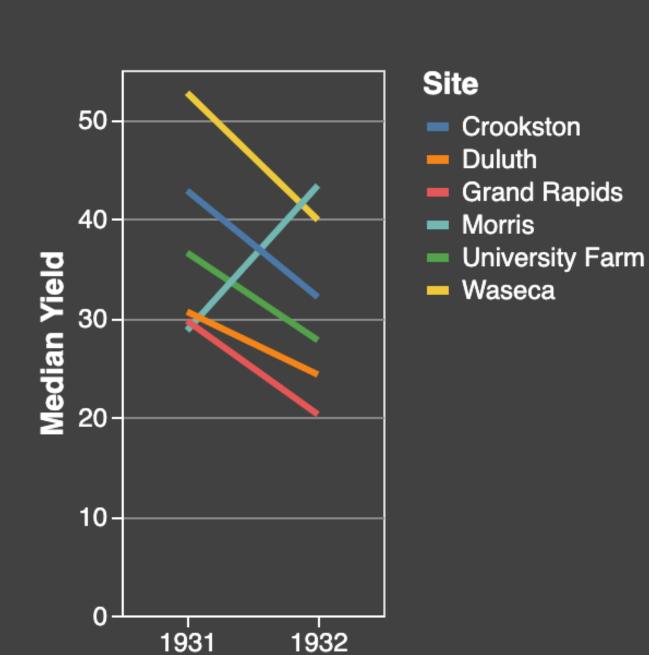
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1932	"Grand Rapids"	20.26
1932	"Duluth"	24.28



How has Barley Yield Changed at Different Sites?



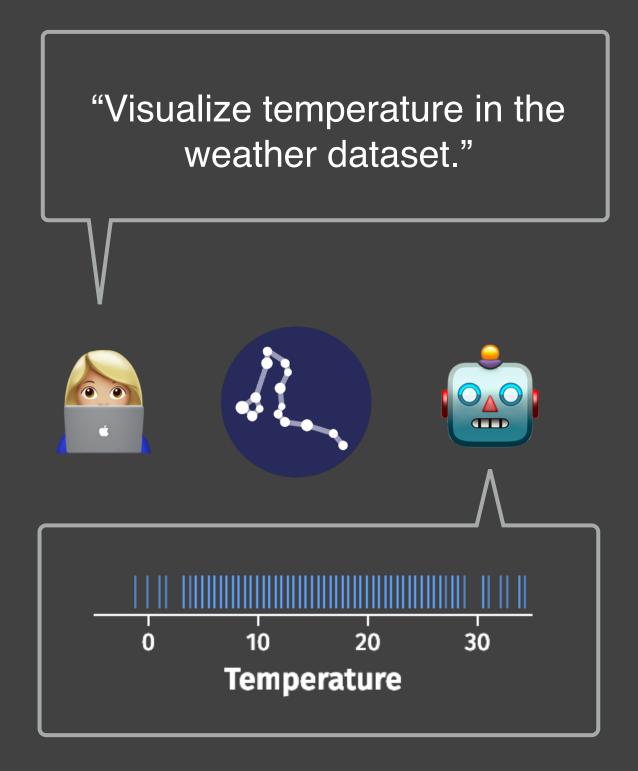


Year

Draco

A formal model of visualization design with learned constraints. Can be used to automatically create "good" visualizations.

New version is in progress at github.com/cmudig/draco2



Design Visualizations



Explore Data Make Decisions

Movie Data

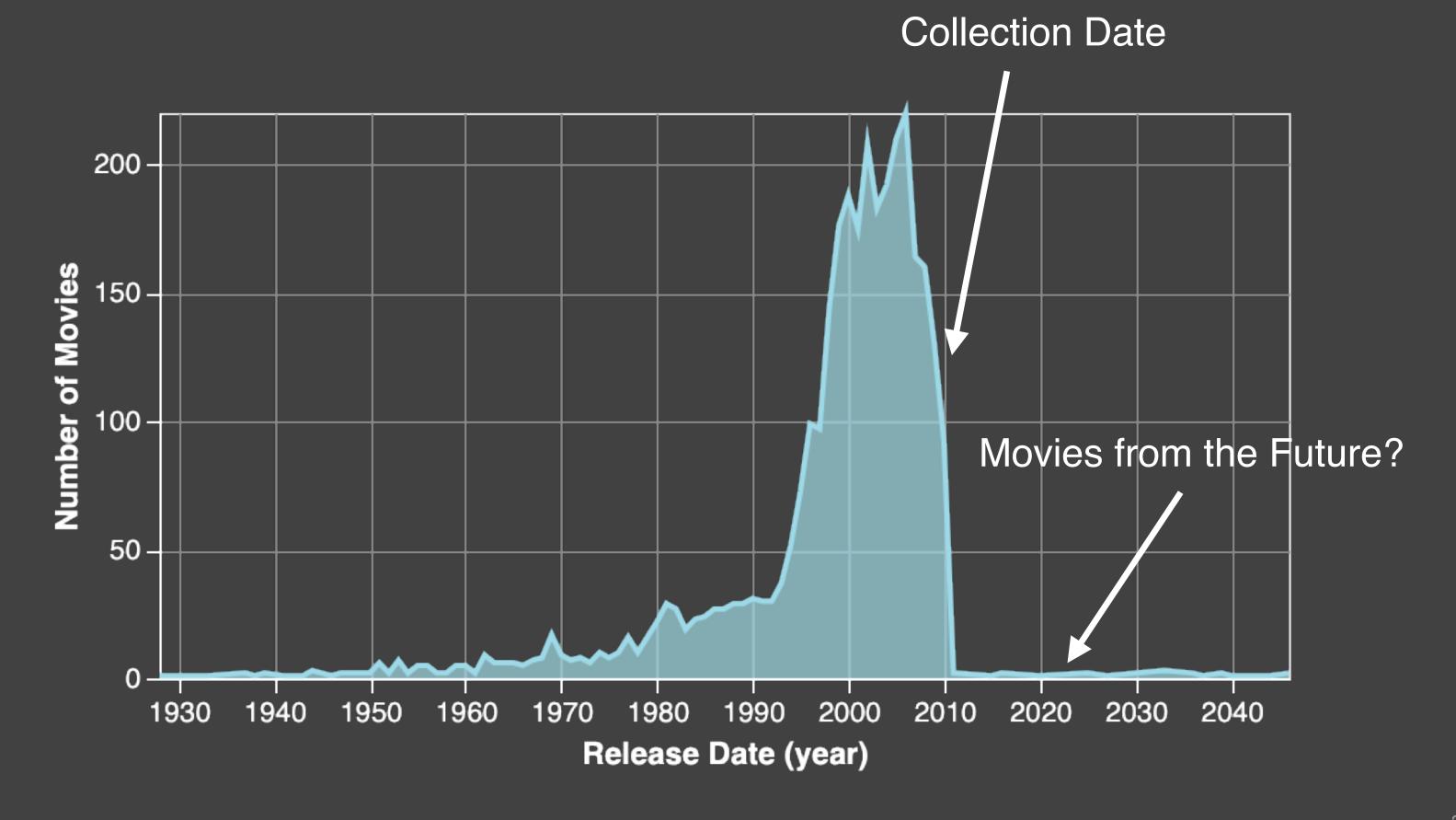
Title String (N)

IMDB Rating Number (Q)

Rotten Tomatoes Rating Number (Q)

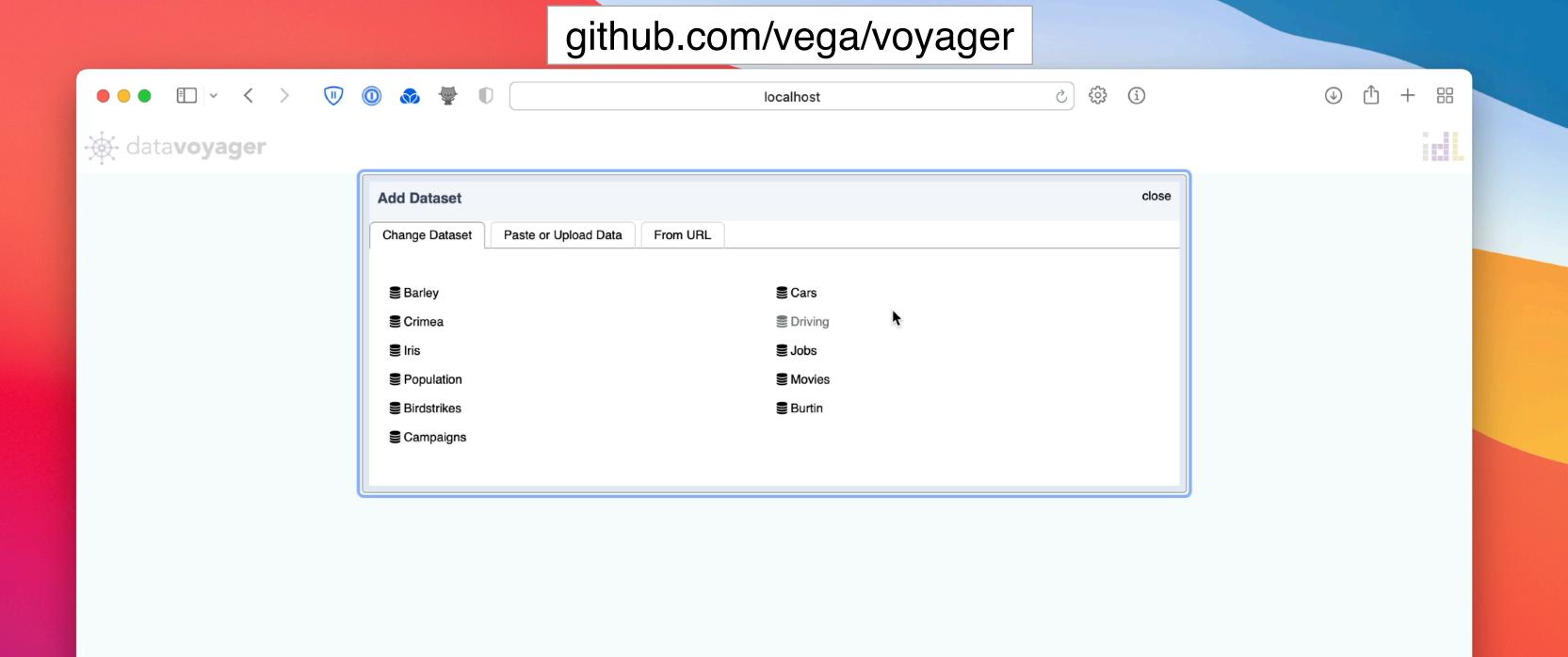
MPAA Rating String (O)

Release Date (T)



Common Analysis Pitfalls:

Overlook data quality issues
Fixate on specific relationships
Other cognitive biases



Ul tools can encourage best-practices. 🖵 🗸









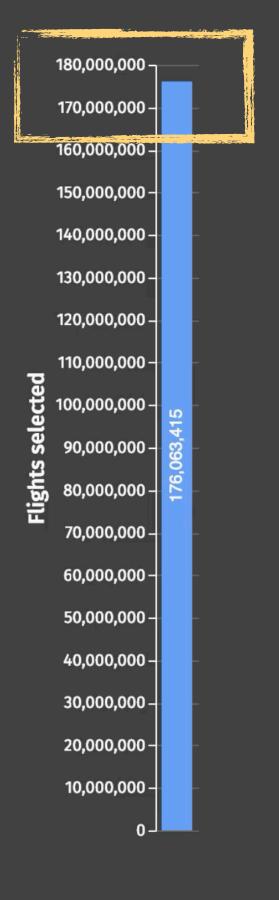
2,400 2,800 3,200 3,600 4,000 4,400 4,800

400

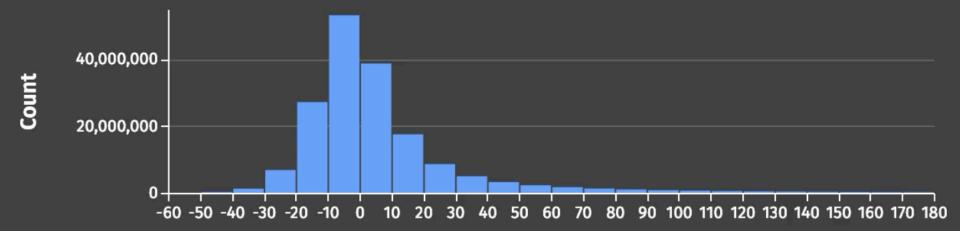
800

1,200

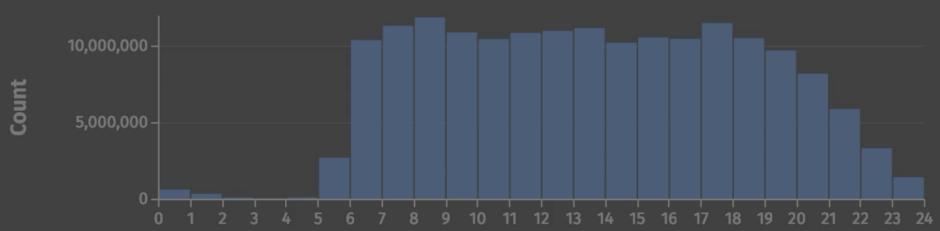
1,600 2,000



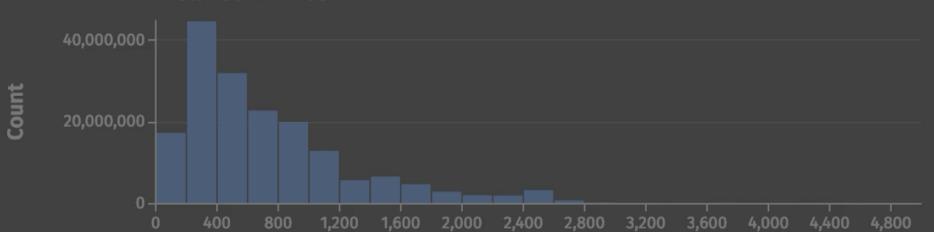


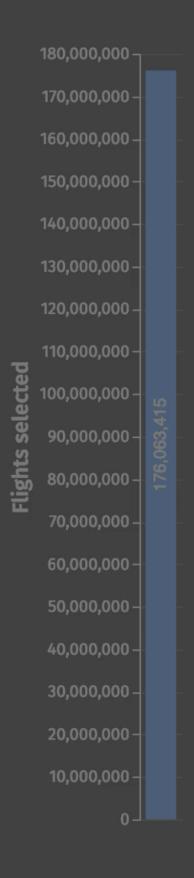


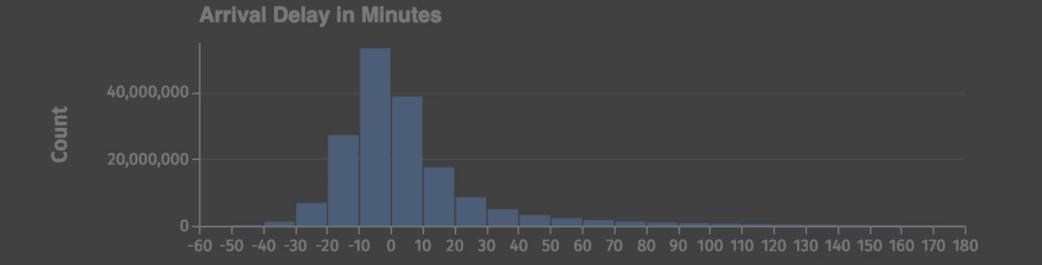
Departure Time

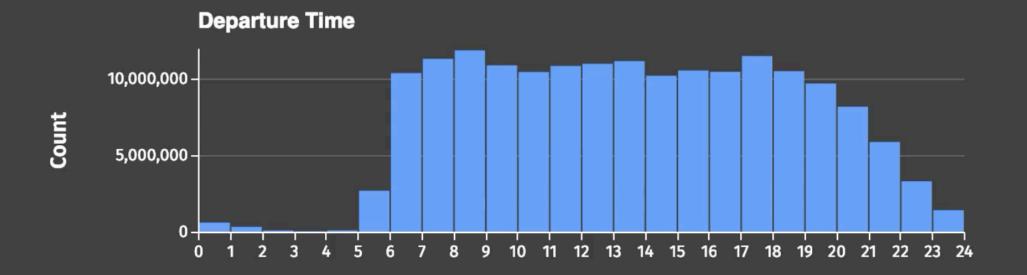


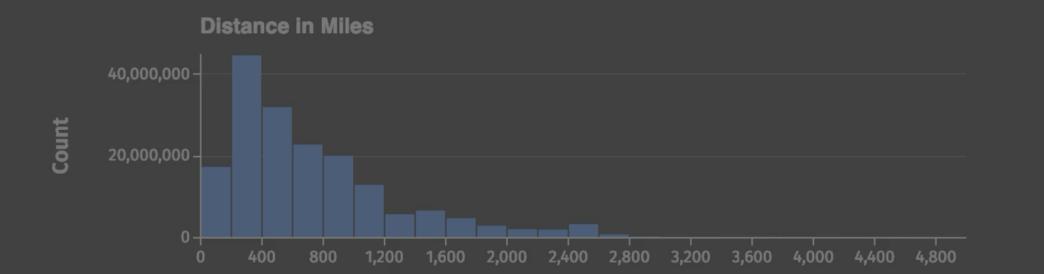
Distance in Miles

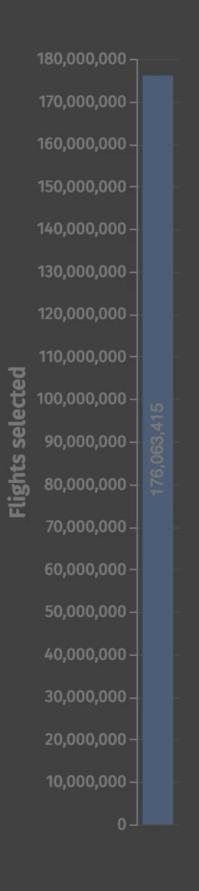


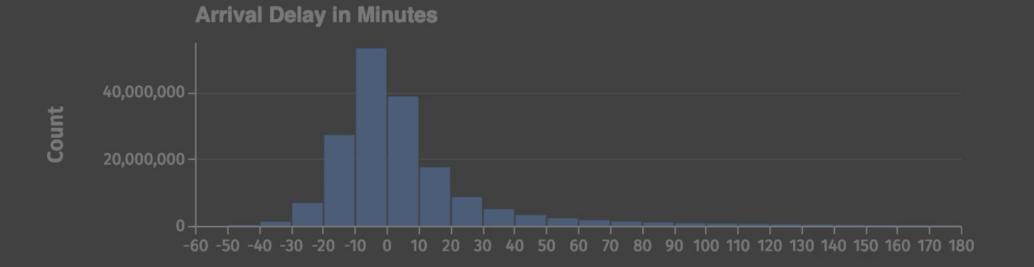


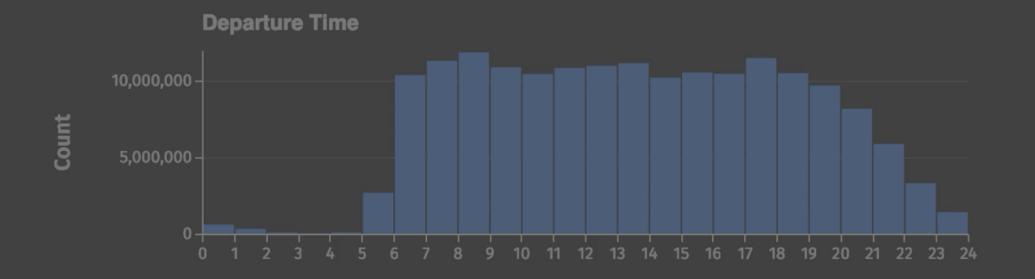


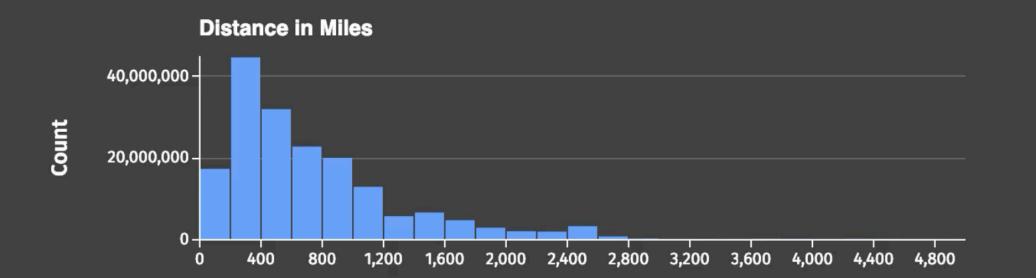




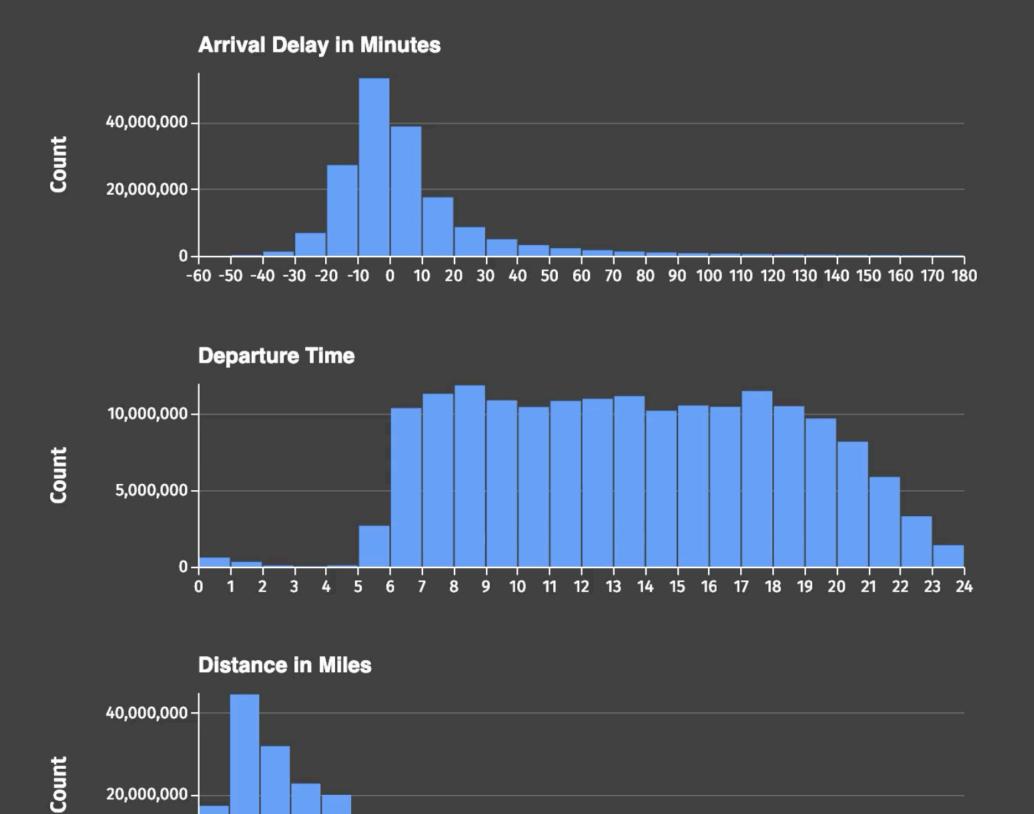












2,400 2,800 3,200 3,600 4,000 4,400 4,800

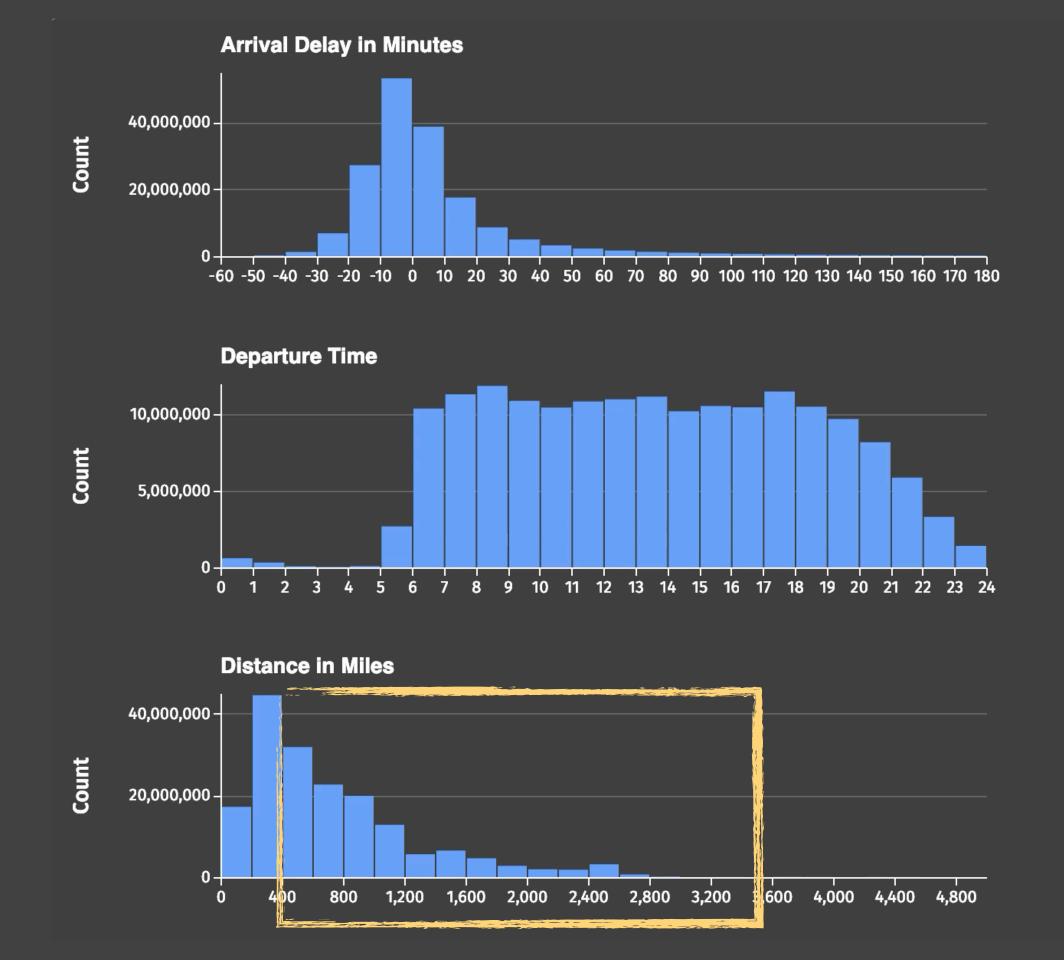
400

800

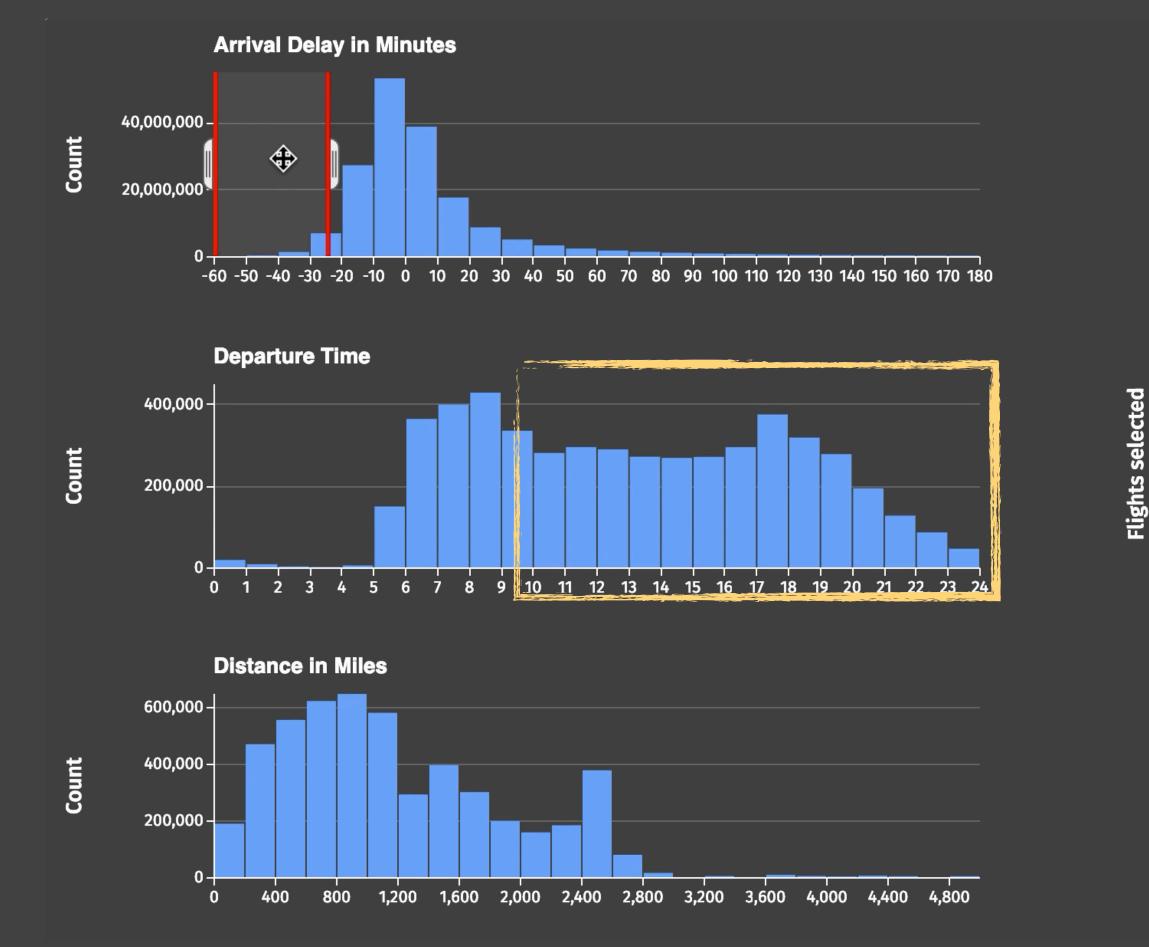
1,200

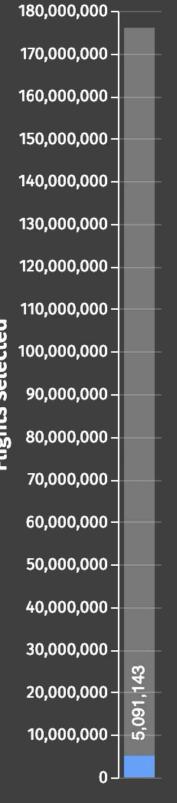
1,600 2,000

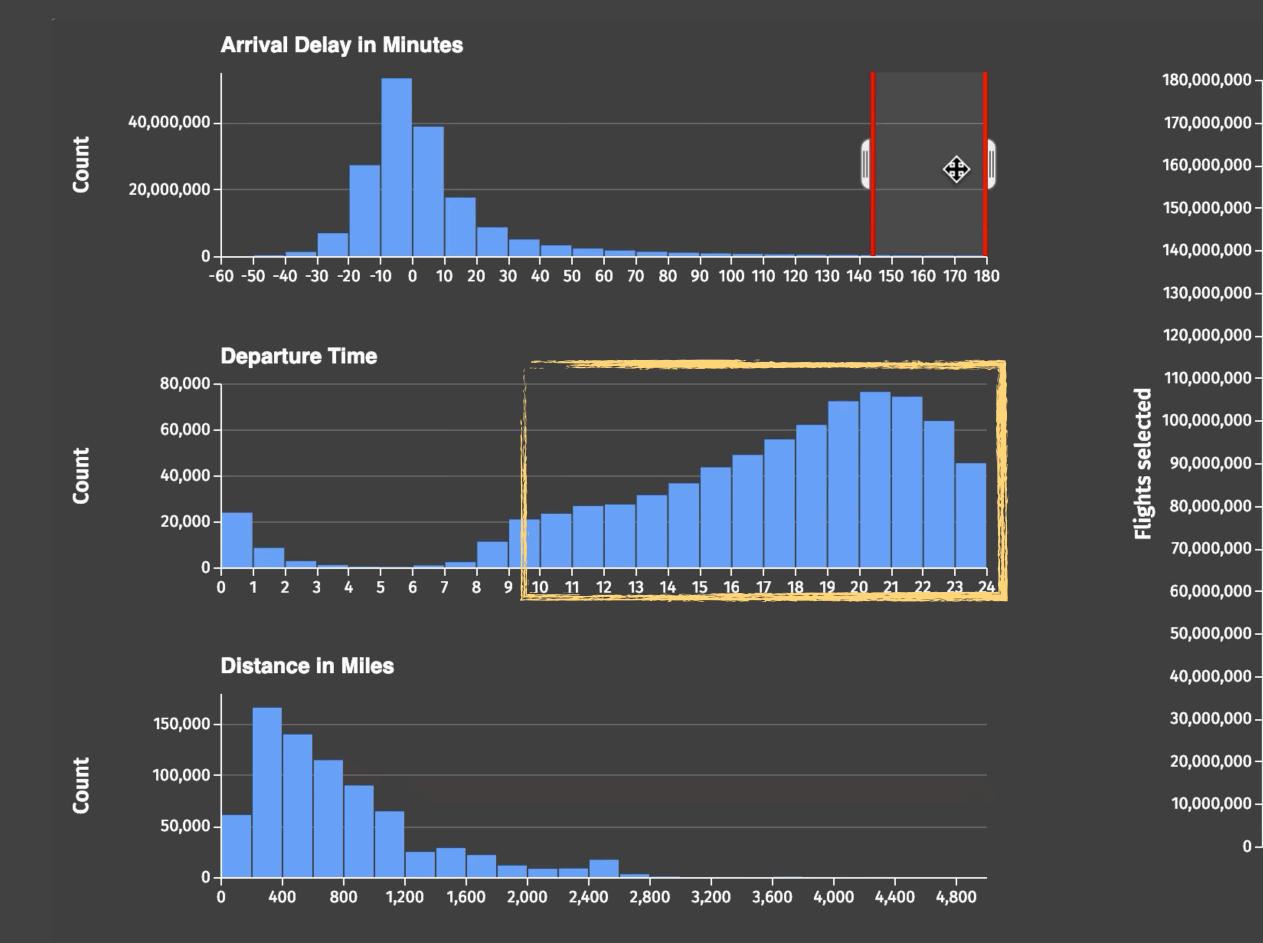




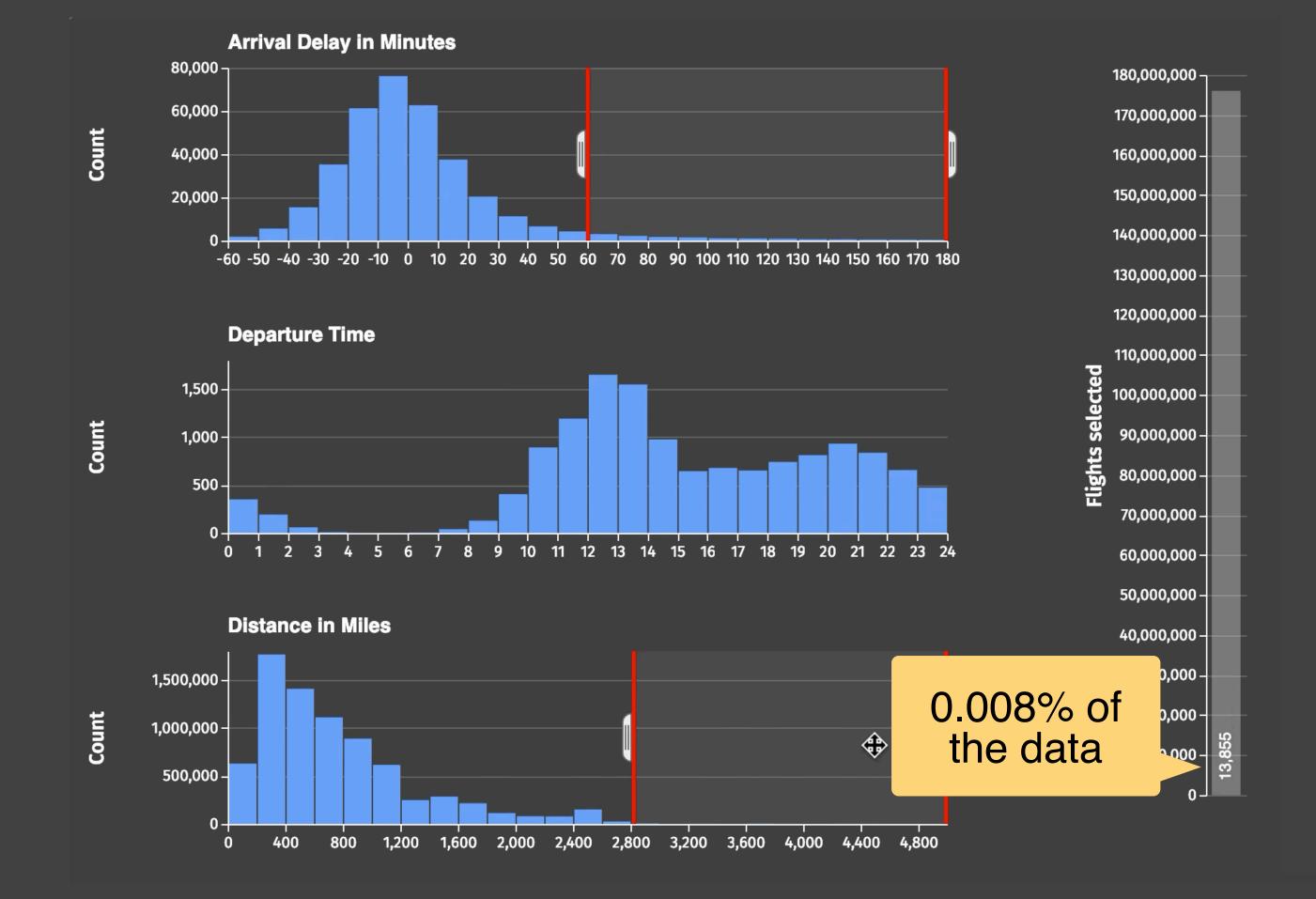








Interactivity enables us to find patterns that exist across multiple dimensions. \(\bigcup \frac{12}{34} \)



How do we interact with billion+record datasets in real-time?

How do we interact with billion+record datasets in <u>real-time</u>?

Delays reduce engagement and lead to fewer observations.

The Effect of Interactive Latency. Liu, Heer. IEEE Infovis 2014.

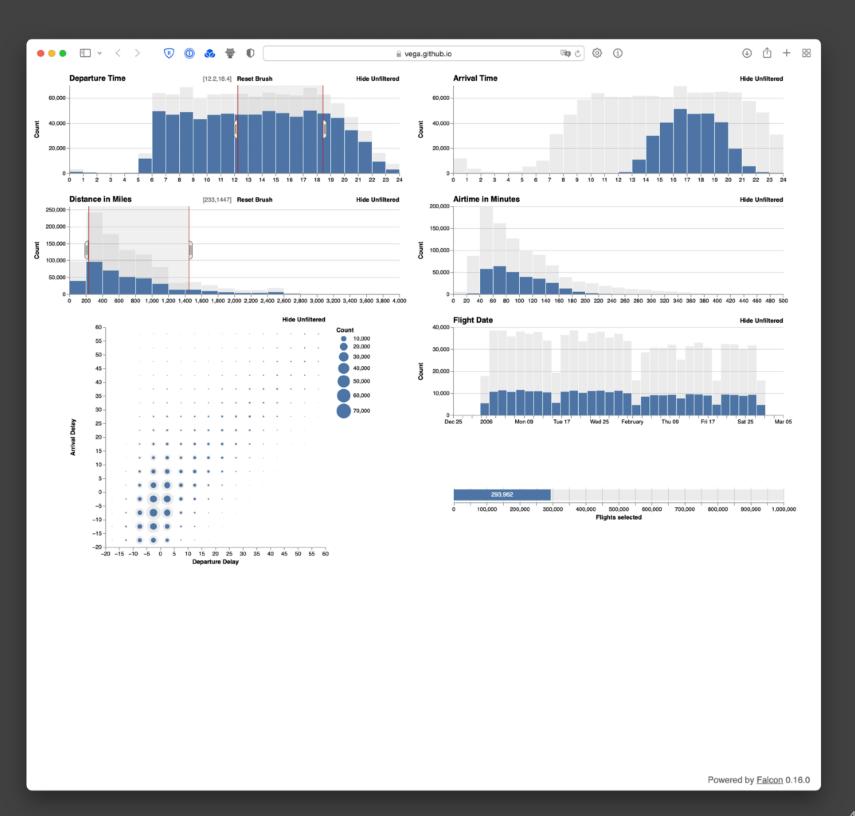
Delays may bias analysts towards convenient data.

Falcon

Zero-latency crossfiltering for massive datasets.

Leverages smart prefetching and precomputation designed around human perception.

Available as open source at github.com/vega/falcon



Interactivity should be real-time regardless of the scale of the data.

Machine Learning, AI, and Statistics are people problems. For them to be effective, we need to design for human involvement. 🤷 ≙

Grammar-based visualization tools (such as Vega-Lite) support flexible interactive visualization and exploration. 🛸 📊

When we design for perception, otherwise hidden patterns emerge. 🞱 🧠



Ul tools can encourage best-practices. 🖵 🗸

Interactivity enables us to find patterns that exist across multiple dimensions. \(\frac{12}{34} \)

Interactivity should be **real-time** regardless of the scale of the data. 🍩 🌕

Research Mission

Empower everyone to effectively analyze and communicate data, by designing interactive systems that richly integrate the strengths of both people and machines.



dig.cmu.edu