LADYS SCHMITT IS A wonderful Pittsburgh writer you have probably not read. If so, the time has come for that to change.

"The Collected Stories of Gladys Schmitt," assembled with care by Carnegie Mellon University Press, presents 20 stories that she published in popular and literary journals, mainly between the early 1930s and late 1950s. Vivid character studies told with easy erudition, grounded in prose shorn of any false note and dappled with laugh-out-loud lines, these stories must be an ideal introduction to her body of work: They'll set you on the hunt for her nine novels, some of which were best sellers in their day, but are now largely out of print.

Schmitt was a total Pittsburgher. A graduate of Schenley High School, she attended the Pennsylvania College for Women (now Chatham University), graduated from the University of Pittsburgh with a degree in English and, after a decade in New York at Scholastic magazine, landed at Carnegie Tech (now CMU) in 1942, where she became a beloved teacher and founded the creative writing program in 1968. She was married to her high school sweetheart, Simon Goldfield, who served as her chief reader and critical editor.

According to a 1961 profile in The Pittsburgh Press, they lived well in "a big, English-looking house on Wilkins Avenue" in Squirrel Hill, purchased after her novel "David the King" sold over a million copies. The Press profile was published in the society pages, under the rubric "Portraits of Pittsburgh's Most
Interesting Women," and noted that "Miss Schmitt does no housework or cooking of any kind" but that the couple entertained constantly and that "the coterie is intellectual." Her work ethic was epic, by all accounts, as devoted to teaching as writing. "With the exception of occasional business trips to New York, they never leave [Pittsburgh]," the profile reported. "We haven't taken a vacation in 12 or 14 years." She died of a heart attack in 1972 at the age of 63.

I present these biographical details to establish Schmitt's Pittsburgh bona fides, because unlike, say, August Wilson or John Edgar Wideman, her native land is barely present in the work. A Schmitt character might go on a school trip to the Carnegie Museum, or a soon-to-be-married couple will refer to their planned journey to Ligoni, but these are not tales about the soul of our city. They are universal stories about the souls of people on the edge and how, most of the time, they find a path to salvation.

What strikes the reader in 2015, encountering her stories for the first time, is just how contemporary the writing feels. She began to write in the era of Hemingway, but it's not just the unadorned prose that makes her style transcend the decades. The settings reflect the era—there's cigarette smoking, formal romantic courtships, train travel and a man putting aside the afternoon newspaper because "there was nothing in it that he had not already read in the morning paper." Yet Schmitt's characters are vexed by ills that ring familiar today.

"It never once occurred to him that there was nothing extraordinary about his case, that he was like other husbands," begins "The Day Before the Dancing." "He would not have believed that, out of twenty husbands chosen at random, as many as twelve might be urged into confessing that they had wakened on the day before the wedding totally devoid of the traditional bliss." The story—first published in 1951 in Good Housekeeping magazine—is a tour de force of elegant invective. The husband-to-be, sullen because he expects that the paint job in their new apartment will be too dark after it dries, barks at his too-cheerful mother, and then rains contempt on his future wife as they bicker over a gift from "her silly family"—a reproduction of a Renoir painting, but "an atrocious" one, he says. "Of all the awful barters, this is the worst." Their exchange builds to pure rage—and a sharp, swift resolution.

Schmitt earns a reader's laughter both from spikes of nervous tension and genuine delight. "The Matchmaker" contains my favorite of the latter variety: "He walked to the sinkboard and ate a radish and considered the depths of his own Machiavellian perfidy." The radish-eater is a husband, a symphony violinist, who returns home after Saturday rehearsal to find an extra guest for dinner—a piano student of his wife's, invited to meet the gentleman bohemian painter who moosches dinner from them every Saturday.

The husband had arrived home with two crates of strawberries, ready to be

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**The Collected Stories of Gladys Schmitt**


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made into jam, "chiefly because he had seen in them a means of ridding himself of the company of the young painter who sat mournfully around the house every Saturday night. He had hoped that his wife and the artist would spend a good half of the evening in the kitchen making the jam," so he could take a bath and lounge around in his pajamas. The presence of the female student has thwarted his scheme, so he consoles himself with a radish.

Like most of the stories here, "The Matchmaker" wraps up with a happy or at least hopeful end, which might annoy a reader today accustomed to ambiguity or more comfortable with bleakness. A suspicious mind will see a commercial goal: Did a cheerful conclusion help place a story in the mass-circulation magazines of the day? The book's introduction by Peggy Knapp, a longtime CMU English professor who knew Schmitt, swats down such a crass thought. "A good many of the stories end in what James Joyce called epiphanies: they concern protagonists who awaken from misjudgments of the social meaning and emotional tone of the situations and events they experience," she writes.

Knapp's concise and insightful essay is all the reader needs to gain a foothold in understanding Schmitt's work, so this unlicensed amateur will cease with the textual analysis by citing her summation: "The stories, like many of her novels, demonstrate Gladys's trust in imagination to bridge what some hold an unbridgeable gap between former generations and our own interior lives."

But I'd like to leave the last word to Mary O'Hara of The Pittsburgh Press, who wrote the 1961 profile (and who had a distinguished career herself as society editor and political columnist). After ticking off the personal details that a personality profile for the women's page had to address (dress size, favorite color, hair stylist), she sums up Gladys Schmitt thusly: "An extremely articulate woman, her conversation is nevertheless completely free of pedantry, affectation or artifice."

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