



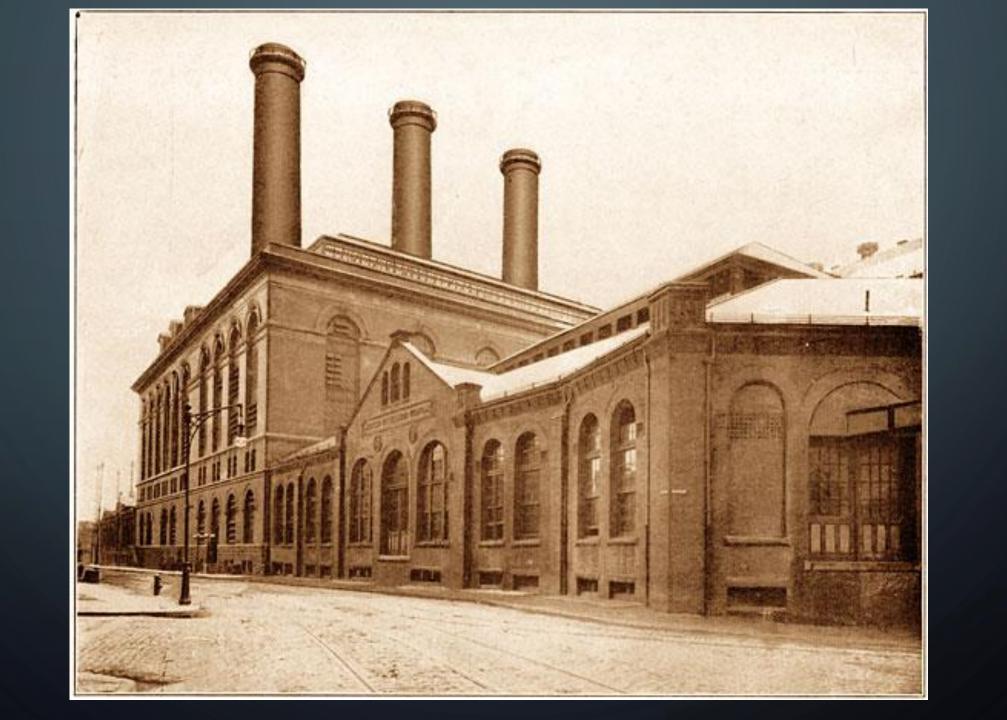
# **INNOVATION** 1882 - Pearl Street (DC) 1896 - Niagara Falls and Buffalo (AC) 1907 - Commonwealth Edison - First Utility 1914 – Expansion for 43 states (with regulation) 1932 - Grid consolidated into 8 holding companies 1935 - Structure of utilities formalized with **PUHCA** 1937 - Rural co-ops created

#### **EXPANSION**

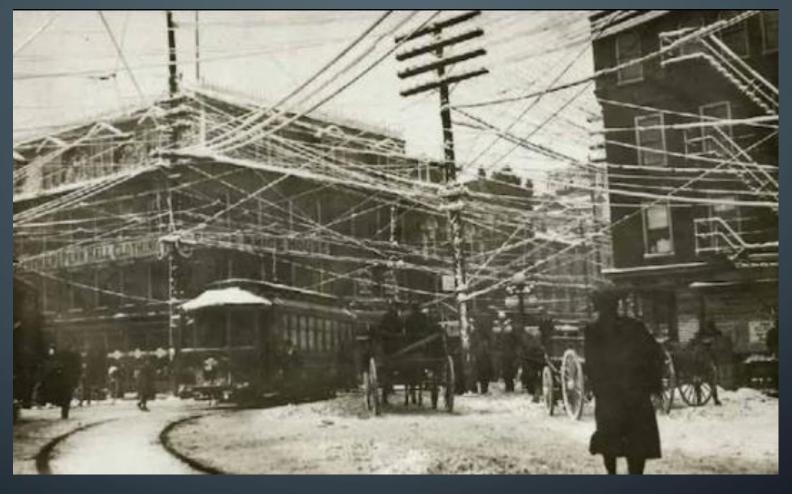
- •1914 By the end of the year, 43 states have regulatory commissions with oversight of electric utilities.
- •1932 By the end of the year, eight large holding companies control about three-quarters of the investor-owned utility business. Many of these holding companies cross state lines.
- •1960 1969 Economies of scale make it cheaper to make electricity. The number of miles of high-voltage transmission lines tripled in the decade to 60,000 circuit miles

#### **LEGISLATION**

- 1935 Public Utility Holding Company Act (PUHCA)
- •1978 The Public Utility Regulatory Policy Act (PURPA)
- •1985 Advent of the silicon grid
- •1992 The Energy Policy Act (EPACT)
- 1995 to present FERC passes several orders to better enforce EPACT







New York 1887



Buenos Aries 2016

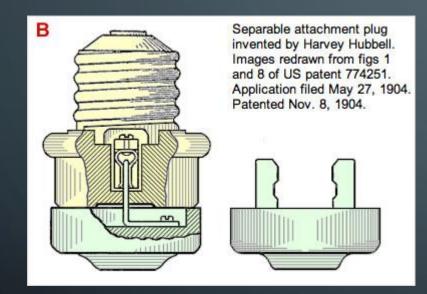


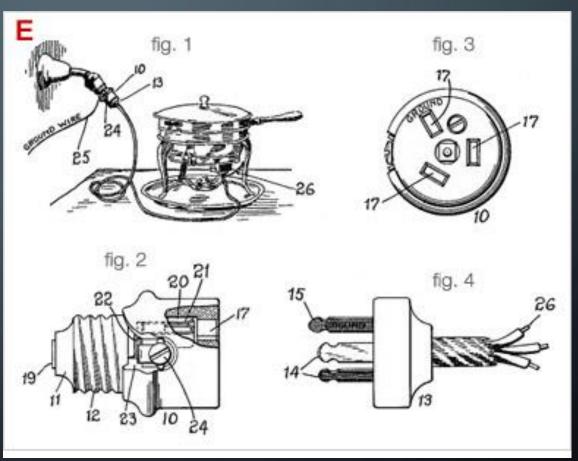
Bangkok 2017





## PATENT DRAWING OF HUBBLE PLUG





**1832 - Hippolyte Pixii** (France) built the first dynamo using a commutator, his model created pulses of electricity separated by no current. He also by accident created the first alternator. He did not know what to do with the changing current, he concentrated on trying to eliminate the alternating current to get DC power, this led him to create the commutator.

**1830s-1860s** - The battery is still the most powerful way to supply electricity for the various experimentation going on in that period. Electricity was still not commercially viable. A battery powered electric train from Washington DC to Baltimore failed, proving a gross embarrassment to the new field of electricity. After millions of dollars wasted steam still proved to be a better power source. Electricity still needed to prove to be reliable and commercially viable.

1860 - Antonio Pacinotti- Created a dynamo that provided continuous DC power

**1867 - Werner Von Siemens and Charles Wheatstone** create a more powerful, more useful dynamo which used a self powered electromagnet in the stator instead of the weak permanent magnet.

**1871 - Zenobe Gramme** sparked the commercial revolution of electricity. He filled the magnetic field with an iron core which made a better path for magnetic flux. This increased the power of the dynamo to the point were it was usable for many commercial applications.

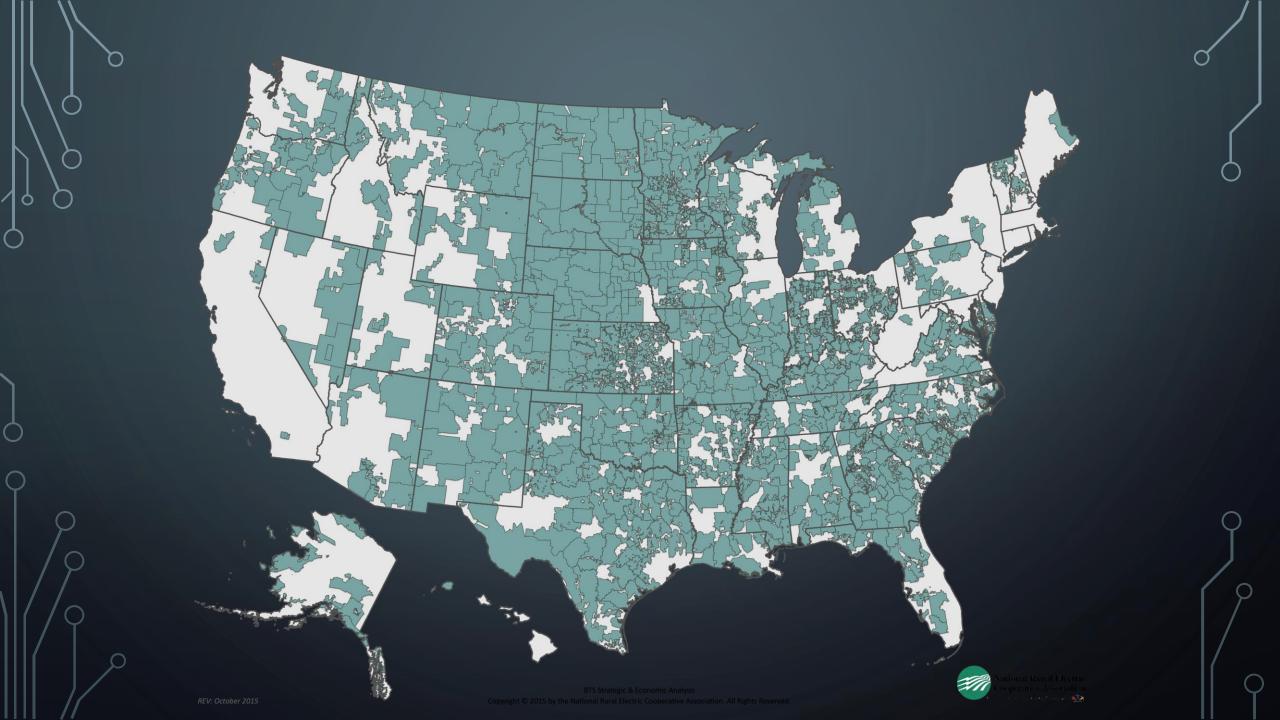
**1870s** - There was an explosion of new designs in dynamos, designs ranged a wild assortment, only a few stood out as being superior in efficiency.

**1876 - Charles F. Brush (Ohio)** developed the most efficient and reliable dynamo design ever to that point. His inventions was sold through the Telegraph Supply Company.

**1877** - **The Franklin Institute** (Philadelphia) conducts test on dynamos from around the world. Publicity from this event spurs development by others like <u>Elihu Thomson</u>, Lord Kelvin, and <u>Thomas Edison</u>.

## "20 YEAR TECHNOLOGIES"

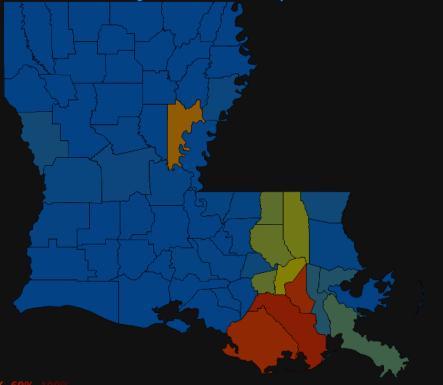
- Fusion
- Magnetohydrodynamics
- Storage?





### Louisiana

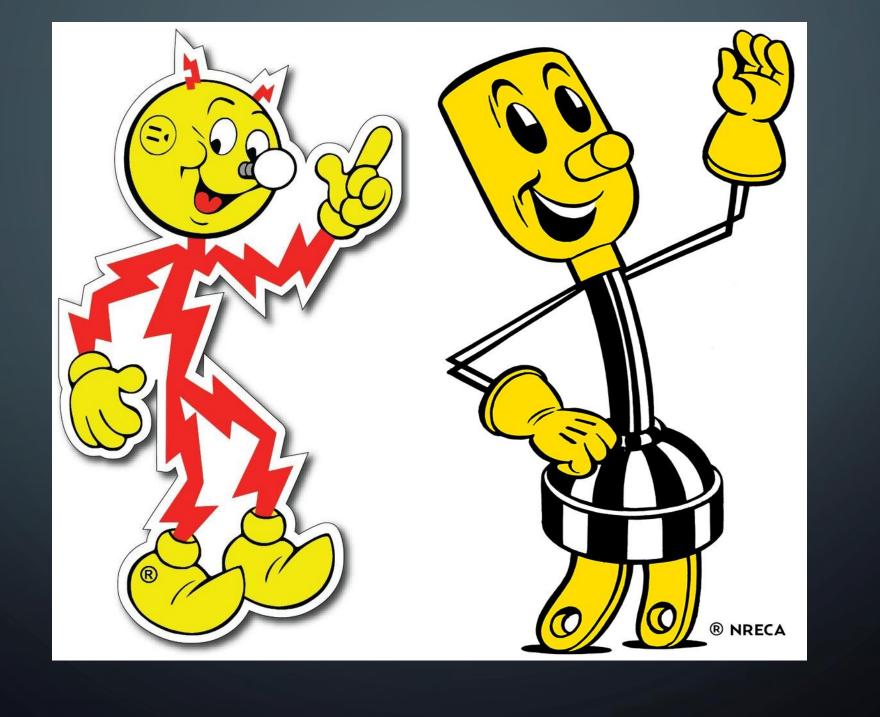




Outage Scale: **0% 10% 30% 60%** 1009

#### **Electric Providers for Louisiana**

Provider	<b>Customers Tracked</b>	<b>Customers Out</b>	Last Updated
Beauregard Electric Cooperative	41,527	47	9/15/2021, 08:56:06 AM
Claiborne Electric Cooperative	27,140	0	9/15/2021, 08:56:08 AM
Cleco Power	289,405	789	9/15/2021, 08:56:03 AM
Dixie Electric Membership Corporation	123,023	4,943	9/15/2021, 08:52:57 AM
Entergy	1,282,361	65,882	9/15/2021, 08:51:01 AM
Lafayette Utilities System	65,000	0	9/15/2021, 08:56:08 AM
Southwest Louisiana EMC	92,454	39	9/15/2021, 08:56:07 AM
Southwestern Electric Power Co	229,888	322	9/15/2021, 08:50:29 AM
Washington St. Tammany Electric Cooperative	51,968	131	9/15/2021, 08:56:07 AM







## LIVING IN THE INTERESTING TIME

1883**→** 1990

Control Through Angular
Momentum



Reliability through overbuilding

Transition

Lack of overall model Changing Technology Complicated Transition 2025?→ °°°

Analytically Driven
Control







Knowledge of state
Precise control
High performance analytics

## SO HOW WILL THE GRID EVOLVE

- Diluting the dichotomy
- Greater emphasis on resiliency
- Emphasis on Power Quality
- Distributed Generation
- Ownership
- Operational Authority
- Method of Control
- Control Technology

## "20 YEAR TECHNOLOGIES"

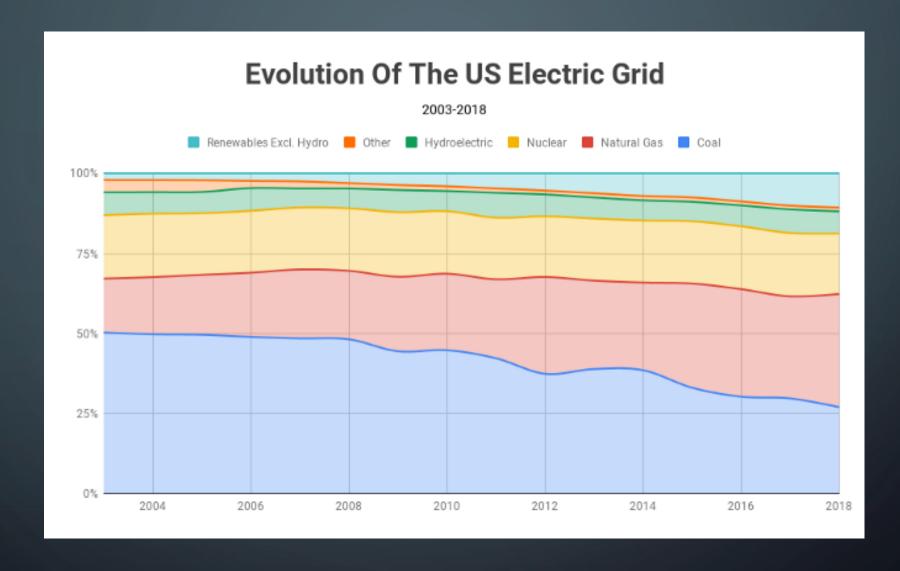
- Fusion
- Magnetohydrodynamics
- Storage
- HVDC
- Solid state power electronics

## THE VULCAN MIND MELD



"DOUG's of a different stripe"





Source: Energy Information Administration

