CLear: An At Home Ear Cleaning Device

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INTRODUCTION

According to Harvard Health Publications, earwax removal is the most common otolaryngologic procedure performed in American primary care settings. Although it is much safer and more effective to visit doctor's office, expensive co-pay and inconvenience for both doctors and patients have been brought to our attention which led to the development of an at-home earwax removing device.

Though earwax is meant to aid in self-cleaning and providing protection against the infection, excess or impacted earwax can cause various symptoms including dizziness, pain, temporary hearing loss as well as perforated eardrums.

Thus, by combining the efficacy of sophisticated devices with convenience and usability, this novel design aims to provide a preventative method against earwax impaction caused by inappropriate practices or simply due to earwax overproduction.

CLINICAL NEED

major problem to the at-home earwax removal is that there is a lack of safe and 1. Tipeffective device that people can use. Though statistics suggest that a significant percentage of population is suffering from the impacted earwax, there are not many treatment options that meet all three criteria that patients often want: safety, effectiveness and easy usability.

Currently, there are several options available for at-home usage: curette, drops and irrigation. However, these options often result in some uncomfortable side effects such as infections, perforated eardrums or dizziness that people rely on more readily available and easy-to-use Q-tips for an alternative.

Because Q-tip is one of major causes for earwax impaction, there is a need for an alternative to Q-tips that can safely remove earwax while allowing the safety and convenience of at-home products.

MARKET DESCRIPTION

1. Market Survey Percentage of people that consider **Frequency of Cleaning** Q-tips as a cleaning method Never 6% 11% ■ No Q-tip Daily Q-tip ■ Weekly 81%

- 2-6% of the population at any time suffers form impacted earwax.
- In GP survey (2000)- when asked about the most challenging part of ear cleaning
 - 38% responded "complications while removing the earwax"
 - 29% responded- "failure of earwax removal"

Potential target group includes:

- Individuals with inappropriate earwax removing practices
- 2. Individuals with earwax overproduction, i.e. due to skin condition

2. Competitors – Most readily available products are compared and tested

Product	Quantity	Cost	Туре	
EarClear	1	\$49.00	Syringe	
WaxVac	2	\$20.00	Vacuum – Battery Powered	
Q-tips	500	\$6.48	Multi-use Disposable Hygiene Product	

FINAL DEVICE PROTOTYPE

MATERIALS USED

- Properties considered:
 - Price: Raw materials and processing
- Young's Modulus: Restricted to 1E10 psi for balance between stiffness and flexibility
- Safety factor: Measured via buckling to ensure no failure under pressure
- Materials chosen: Polypropylene (PP)
 - Due to compatibility, low price, high safety factor

11.25mm

25mm

PARTS DESCRIPTION

- Whisk-like design is able to scrape earwax off of the ear canal without damaging the sensitive skin
- Hollow shape prevents pushing earwax further into the ear canal and is able to collects the earwax through the openings.

2. Safety Guard

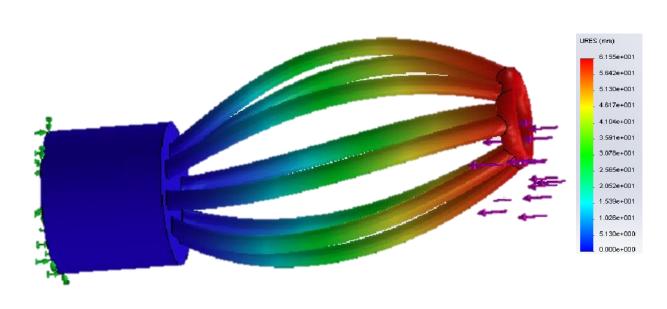
- A safety guard at preset distance allows users to clean their ears without worrying about rupturing their eardrums.
- The location of safety guard is determined from the average ear canal length.

3. Rod

- Rod is made of a flexible plastic to follow the curvature of the ear.

MECHANICAL ANALYSIS

1. Buckling-Displacement

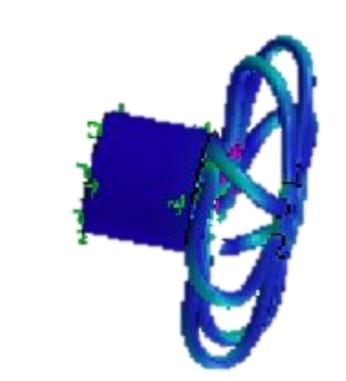


its widest diameter

Maximum buckling load of the device: 21 kN at

- Force applied to the device: 2N:
 - Factor of safety: 10E+3
 - Safe to use on a clinical level
- The weakest point for the buckling pressure is the edge with the narrowest diameter.

2. Displacement - Displacement 3. Stress-Displacement



Due to the flexibility of the material, stress and displacement are a non-issue.

TESTING EVALUATION

DRY EARWAX WET EARWAX Before WaxVac After WaxVac After WaxVac Before WaxVac Before Q-Tip After Q-Tip Before Q-Tip **Before CLear** After CLear **Before CLear** After CLear

Testing Materials: Clear Ear Model, Tooth Paste, Marker, ABS shavings

PRODUCTION COST

REGULATORY PATHWAY

Volume	1651.3 mm ³	 Ear, Nose and Throat Devices classification -manual surgical instrument
Injection Molded	10,000,000 parts	
Material	\$47,250 (\$0.005 per part)	 Class I device
iviateriai	747,230 (30.003 per part)	 Exempt from 510(k) or PMA
Production	\$229,506 (\$0.023 per part)	 Does not require FDA clearance before marketing in the U.S.
Tooling	\$31,699 (\$0.003 per part)	The device must be registered within the generic category and exemption status prior to distribution
Total	\$308,454 (\$0.031 per part)	

Devices

- 510(k) or PMA
- quire FDA clearance before the U.S.
- ust be registered within the gory and exemption status oution

NOVELTY OF CONCEPT

- Hollow structure that does not push earwax further back
- Disposable product that does not involve complicated manufacturing processes or unnecessary cost for the users
- Safety guard that allows users to easily remove earwax without rupturing eardrums.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We would like to thank Dr. Conrad Zapanta and TA Natasha Loghmanpour for their guidance throughout this project. Andrea Martin for aiding in the printing of our prototype. Also, we are grateful for Dr. Phil Zapanta's valuable input.