

The logo for Carnegie Mellon University, featuring the university's name in white serif font on a red square background. The background of the entire page is a dark blue with a complex, light blue circuit board pattern.

Carnegie
Mellon
University

FROM INVESTMENT TO IMPACT

2024–2025 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



■ FROM INVESTMENT TO IMPACT

At Carnegie Mellon University, we turn investment into impact through disciplined stewardship, agile financial management, and a commitment to long-term resilience and sustainability. Every dollar is spent with integrity and foresight. These investments fuel research and education, sparking the curiosity of the brightest minds in the next generation of visionaries to move society forward. From unlocking the future of energy to leading in the ethical use of generative AI and revolutionizing patient care, aligning financial stewardship with the mission enables the interdisciplinary, innovative, and transformative breakthroughs that define Carnegie Mellon University's lasting global impacts.



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41 2024–2025 Board of Trustees

FACTS + FIGURES

Type of University

A private, global research university granting over 6,100 bachelor's, master's and doctoral degrees each year.

Colleges and Schools:

College of Engineering
College of Fine Arts
Dietrich College of Humanities
and Social Sciences
Heinz College of Information Systems
and Public Policy
Mellon College of Science
School of Computer Science
Tepper School of Business

Student Community

7,744 undergraduates,
6,408 master's students,
2,271 doctoral students and
253 non-degree or certificate-only students

World-Class Workforce

6,779 total employees
1,615 faculty
5,164 staff

Engaged Alumni Network

136,850 alumni

Carnegie Mellon Faculty and Alumni Award Highlights:

142 Emmy Award Winners
71 Members, National Academy
of Engineering
66 Tony Award Winners
22 Members, National Academy
of Sciences
21 Nobel Prize Laureates
13 Academy Award Winners
13 Turing Award Recipients
6 Members, National Academy of Medicine
2 Members, National Academy
of Public Administration
2 Pulitzer Prize Winners
2 Stockholm Prize in
Criminology Recipients

Tartans Athletics

Carnegie Mellon's teams are "The Tartans;" NCAA Division III classification; founding member of the University Athletic Association with 19 varsity sports teams and two NCAA Division III national championships.

All In on Big Ideas

At Carnegie Mellon University, innovation is who we are. Since our founding, CMU has been driving social and technological transformation with a boundless entrepreneurial spirit. From birthing fields like artificial intelligence and autonomous vehicles, to inspiring new modes of art and creative expression, our community turns bold questions into breakthroughs.

CMU was the first American university to confer degrees in drama, the first in the U.S. to offer undergraduate degrees in artificial intelligence, and the first in the world to launch a university robotics program. That legacy of firsts continues to propel us forward. Today, CMU's fearless thinkers are going all in on big ideas, like pioneering brain research that redefines human potential, developing next-generation technologies, and shaping the future of entire industries. Together, we're turning imagination into impact, moving the world forward through work that matters.

CMU History

Founded in 1900 by industrialist and philanthropist Andrew Carnegie as a technical school serving working-class Pittsburgh; became Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1912; merged with the Mellon Institute in 1967 to become Carnegie Mellon University.

Physical Footprint

122.2-acre Pittsburgh campus
125 campus owned buildings
One branch campus in Doha, Qatar

Part of the Pittsburgh Renaissance

Carnegie Mellon's main campus is approximately five miles east of downtown Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, bordered by the 500-acre Schenley Park and three culturally vibrant residential neighborhoods. CMU has been a key partner in the Pittsburgh and Southwestern Pennsylvania region's development as a hub of technological innovation, sustainability and culture.

Global Impact

Carnegie Mellon is a global university, with students, alumni and faculty from almost every country on the planet and research partnerships worldwide. CMU has over 20 degree-granting locations around the world including CMU-Africa in Kigali, Rwanda — the only American research university with master's degree programs and full-time faculty, staff and operations on the African continent.

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**■ INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



KPMG LLP
750 East Pratt Street, 18th Floor
Baltimore, MD 21202

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees
Carnegie Mellon University:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Carnegie Mellon University (the University), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

KPMG LLP

Baltimore, Maryland
October 16, 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2025 and 2024 (dollars in thousands)

	2025	2024
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$1,067,872	\$902,532
Accrued interest and dividends	5,788	5,915
Accounts receivable, net (Note 4)	88,404	94,185
Pledges receivable, net (Note 5)	273,024	305,714
Student loans receivable, net (Note 4)	2,911	3,975
Investments (Note 6 and Note 8)	4,498,704	4,238,400
Assets held in trust by others (Note 8)	12,698	12,350
Unexpended bond proceeds (Note 11)	3,189	23,045
Prepaid expenses and other assets (Note 2)	81,014	67,444
Right-of-use assets (Note 9)	141,861	133,634
Land, buildings and equipment, net (Note 10)	1,474,063	1,387,925
Total assets	\$7,649,528	\$7,175,119
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 2)	\$232,203	\$217,291
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	127,926	113,781
Federal student loan funds (Note 2)	3,467	4,450
Present value of split-interest agreement obligations (Note 2)	13,761	14,212
Lease obligations (Note 9)	146,120	136,514
Debt obligations (Note 11)	804,117	820,131
Total liabilities	\$1,327,594	\$1,306,379
Net assets		
Without donor restrictions (Note 12)	\$2,683,612	\$2,434,106
With donor restrictions (Note 12)	3,638,322	3,434,634
Total net assets	\$6,321,934	\$5,868,740
Total liabilities and net assets	\$7,649,528	\$7,175,119

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2025 (dollars in thousands)

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenue and other support			
Tuition and other educational fees revenue, net of financial aid (Note 4)	\$752,372	\$ -	\$752,372
Sponsored projects revenue (Note 4)			
Software Engineering Institute	165,344	-	165,344
Advanced Robotics for Manufacturing Institute	24,215	-	24,215
Other grants and contracts	361,674	-	361,674
Investment income	143,057	15,098	158,155
Contributions revenue (Note 5)	23,208	147,838	171,046
Auxiliary services revenue	88,405	-	88,405
Other revenue sources (Note 2)	71,926	-	71,926
Net assets released from donor restrictions	148,421	(148,421)	-
Total revenue and other support	\$1,778,622	\$14,515	\$1,793,137
Expenses (Note 14)			
Salaries	\$908,413	\$ -	\$908,413
Benefits	203,752	-	203,752
Other operating expenses	468,024	-	468,024
Depreciation and amortization	95,559	-	95,559
Interest expense	24,436	-	24,436
Total expenses	\$1,700,184	\$ -	\$1,700,184
Increase in net assets before nonoperating activities	\$78,438	\$14,515	\$92,953
Nonoperating activities			
Net realized/unrealized gains on investments (Note 6)	\$108,976	\$270,974	\$379,950
Other (Note 2)	(1,438)	(18,689)	(20,127)
Post-retirement plan changes other than net periodic benefit costs (Note 16)	418	-	418
Net assets released from restrictions for capital	63,112	(63,112)	-
Total nonoperating activities	\$171,068	\$189,173	\$360,241
Increase in net assets	\$249,506	\$203,688	\$453,194
Net assets			
Beginning of year	\$2,434,106	\$3,434,634	\$5,868,740
End of year	\$2,683,612	\$3,638,322	\$6,321,934

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2024 (dollars in thousands)

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenue and other support			
Tuition and other educational fees revenue, net of financial aid (Note 4)	\$717,708	\$ -	\$717,708
Sponsored projects revenue (Note 4)			
Software Engineering Institute	148,763	-	148,763
Advanced Robotics for Manufacturing Institute	27,176	-	27,176
Other grants and contracts	341,832	-	341,832
Investment income	140,873	17,823	158,696
Contributions revenue (Note 5)	23,114	149,326	172,440
Auxiliary services revenue	80,618	-	80,618
Other revenue sources (Note 2)	68,925	-	68,925
Net assets released from donor restrictions	132,841	(132,841)	-
Total revenue and other support	\$1,681,850	\$34,308	\$1,716,158
Expenses (Note 14)			
Salaries	\$859,945	\$ -	\$859,945
Benefits	191,883	-	191,883
Other operating expenses	431,341	-	431,341
Depreciation and amortization	88,766	-	88,766
Interest expense	26,712	-	26,712
Total expenses	\$1,598,647	\$ -	\$1,598,647
Increase in net assets before nonoperating activities	\$83,203	\$34,308	\$117,511
Nonoperating activities			
Net realized/unrealized gains on investments (Note 6)	\$21,621	\$144,889	\$166,510
Other (Note 2)	18,318	2,893	21,211
Post-retirement plan changes other than net periodic benefit costs (Note 16)	6,399	-	6,399
Net assets released from restrictions for capital	38,623	(38,623)	-
Total nonoperating activities	\$84,961	\$109,159	\$194,120
Increase in net assets	\$168,164	\$143,467	\$311,631
Net assets			
Beginning of year	\$2,265,942	\$3,291,167	\$5,557,109
End of year	\$2,434,106	\$3,434,634	\$5,868,740

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**CONSOLIDATED
STATEMENTS OF
CASH FLOWS**

Years ended June 30, 2025
and 2024
(dollars in thousands)

*The accompanying notes are
an integral part of these
consolidated financial
statements.*

	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Increase in net assets	\$453,194	\$311,631
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Realized and unrealized gains on investments, net	(454,817)	(231,908)
Depreciation and amortization	95,559	88,766
Amortization of right-of-use assets	17,808	17,035
Amortization of bond premium and bond issuance costs, net	(7,759)	(8,757)
Gifts in kind	(770)	(254)
Losses (gains) on asset dispositions	79	(14,426)
Contributions for land, buildings, and equipment and endowment	(79,301)	(83,217)
Provision for bad debt and other allowances	19,644	6,027
Assets held in trust by others	(36)	(138)
(Increase)/Decrease in assets:		
Accrued interest and dividends	127	(972)
Accounts receivable, net	5,386	(7,001)
Pledges receivable, net	13,440	21,303
Other assets	(13,768)	(7,672)
Increase/(Decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	18,224	1,055
Operating lease obligations	(16,416)	(15,193)
Deferred revenue	14,143	(50,682)
Present value of split-interest agreements payable	(451)	(235)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$64,286	\$25,362
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	\$2,275,325	\$1,231,975
Purchases of investments	(2,081,124)	(1,273,275)
Purchases of land, buildings and equipment	(184,230)	(170,476)
Proceeds from the sale of land, buildings and equipment	67	18,808
Federal loan programs	(982)	(584)
Disbursements of loans to students	(29)	(32)
Repayments of loans from students	1,093	1,353
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$10,120	\$(192,231)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of debt, including bond premium	\$ -	\$112,857
Repayments of debt obligations	(8,254)	(114,151)
Payment of debt issuance costs	-	(633)
Contributions for land, building, and equipment and endowment	79,332	83,360
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$71,078	\$81,433
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$145,484	\$(85,436)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	925,577	1,011,013
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$1,071,061	\$925,577
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,067,872	\$902,532
Unexpended bond proceeds (Note 11)	3,189	23,045
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$1,071,061	\$925,577
Non-cash transactions		
Non-cash gift in kind	\$2,127	\$1,527
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities for land, buildings, and equipment	(3,016)	(863)
Non-cash stock contributions	58	48
Lease obligations arising from obtaining right-of-use assets	26,022	90,400

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. CARNEGIE MELLON

Carnegie Mellon University (“Carnegie Mellon” or “the university”) is a private, not-for-profit educational and research institution. Carnegie Mellon currently enrolls approximately 16,700 students and granted approximately 5,700 bachelor’s, master’s and doctoral degrees in the last academic year. Approximately 77% of undergraduate students are from the United States of America. International students comprise approximately 23% of undergraduate, 67% of master’s and 55% of Ph.D. students.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting and Reporting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) and include the accounts of Carnegie Mellon as well as the Software Engineering Institute (“SEI”) and other majority-owned entities. The consolidated entities are Advanced Robotics for Manufacturing Institute (“ARM Institute”), Benjamin Garver Lamme Scholarship Fund, Jack G. Buncher Charitable Fund for Carnegie Mellon, iCarnegie, Inc. and Carnegie Innovations, LLC. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, iCarnegie, Inc. and Carnegie Innovations, LLC ceased operations and filed certificates of dissolution. All significant inter-entity transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Carnegie Mellon is a joint sponsor with the University of Pittsburgh in MPC Corporation (“MPC”), a beneficiary of The Dietrich Foundation, and an owner as a tenant in common of the Bellefield Boiler Plant. The activities of MPC, The Dietrich Foundation and the Bellefield Boiler Plant are not consolidated in Carnegie Mellon’s consolidated financial statements (see [Note 17](#)).

The SEI is a federally funded research and development center (FFRDC) sponsored by the U.S. Department of Defense (“DoD”) and operated by the university. The most recent contract was executed in June 2025, which provides a five-year initial term ending in June 2030 along with a five-year renewal option.

In January 2017, the DoD awarded the ARM Institute, a nonprofit venture led by Carnegie Mellon, a seven-year contract to launch an advanced robotics manufacturing institute in Pittsburgh. In January 2024, the DoD extended the agreement through 2028 along with a five-year renewal option.

Carnegie Mellon’s net assets and revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

With Donor Restrictions

Net assets subject to specific donor-imposed or legal stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of Carnegie Mellon pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. Also included in this category are net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations requiring the assets be maintained in perpetuity. Generally, the donors of these assets permit Carnegie Mellon to use all, or part of the income earned on the related investments for general or specific purposes. Other restricted items in this category include annuity and life income gifts where the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is donor restricted.

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by the donor or by law. Expiration or satisfaction of donor restrictions on net assets are reported as net assets released from donor restrictions.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased. Cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value. These balances are held at the university's custodians, prime brokers, clearing agents and banking institutions for investment and working capital purposes. Cash equivalents held within investments are held for long-term purposes and not considered cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flow.

Investments

All investments held by Carnegie Mellon are reported at fair value. The fair value of marketable debt and equity securities is based on published current market prices in active securities markets. The fair value of certain investments structured as investment companies is based on the net asset value of such investments and generally is estimated by external investment managers.

As a practical expedient, the university is permitted to estimate fair value of an investment in an investment company, at the measurement date, using the reported net asset value (NAV) without further adjustment unless the university expects to sell the investment at a value other than NAV or if the NAV is not calculated in accordance with fair value principles. Investments measured under the net asset value practical expedient primarily consist of the university's ownership in alternative investments (principally limited partnership interests in private equity, real estate, natural resources and hedge funds) and certain investments in commingled funds.

Carnegie Mellon reviews and evaluates the valuation methods and assumptions used by investment managers in determining fair value NAV. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from values that would result had a ready market for these securities existed. [Note 8 - Fair Value](#) provides additional information about inputs used to determine fair value for investments. Investments received as gifts are reflected as contributions at their fair value at the date of the gift.

Gains and losses, dividends and interest income from investments are reported in the consolidated statements of activities. Internal and external investment management fees and expenses are netted against investment returns.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Endowment

Investment policy for endowment assets is the responsibility of the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees. Substantially all endowment assets are managed by outside investment managers and overseen by the university's Investment Office.

Endowment net assets without donor restrictions include Carnegie Mellon funds, gifts without restrictions from donors and any accumulated income, gains and appreciation thereon, which is intended to remain in the endowment for the long-term support of Carnegie Mellon activities but may be expended under trustee authorization. Also included is interest and dividend income on donor-restricted endowment assets where distribution of such income is not subject to a donor restriction.

Endowment net assets with donor restrictions include gifts and any accumulated income, gains and appreciation thereon which donor restrictions require to be retained in perpetuity to provide a permanent source of support for the university. Also included are accumulated income, gains and appreciation on endowment assets where distribution/spending of such returns is restricted by the donor. The Trustees of Carnegie Mellon must annually authorize release of endowment gains according to Pennsylvania law. This classification also includes term endowments and endowment gifts whereby the donor permits distributions of the principal amount of the gift and accumulated appreciation.

All endowment funds participate in a Carnegie Mellon investment pool. The investment pool provides income to its respective participants. Such income is used for the specific purpose prescribed by the donor or, if the purpose was not prescribed by the donor, the income is deemed to be without donor restrictions and used for general purposes. New endowment funds or additions to existing funds are assigned shares in the investment pool based upon the per-share market value at the end of the previous month. Income distributions from the investment pool are based upon the number of shares held by each participant and the approved spending rate (see [Note 7](#)). Income distributions from the investment pool are based upon the "total return concept". Component amounts of total return not distributed currently are reinvested in the investment pool and are available for distribution from the endowment assets in future years.

Assets Held in Trust by Others

Assets held in trust by others include the value of Carnegie Mellon's beneficial interest in perpetual trusts and irrevocable trusts held by outside Trustees. The present value of the perpetual trusts' estimated future cash receipts, which are measured by the fair value of the assets contributed to the trust, are recognized as assets and contribution revenues at the dates the trusts are established. The assets are adjusted periodically for changes in market values.

Various donors have established irrevocable trusts whereby Carnegie Mellon holds a remainder interest in the trust or is entitled to distributions over the life of the trusts. The present value of the portion of the trusts estimated to be distributable to Carnegie Mellon over the life of the trusts or upon the termination of the trusts are recorded as assets and contribution revenues at the dates the trusts are established. The assets are adjusted periodically for changes in market value.

Unexpended Bond Proceeds

Unexpended bond proceeds in the amount of \$3.2 million and \$23.0 million as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, represent cash proceeds from the issuance of Series 2022 C bonds in February 2022. The unexpended bond proceeds are held by a trustee under the respective bond indenture for capital expenditures. See [Note 11](#) for more information.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Prepaid expenses represent items such as prepaid insurance, prepaid rentals and other contractual payments made in advance of their use or consumption. Amounts are expensed and amortized over the periods to which the charges relate. Other assets include deferred compensation plan assets, interest rate swap assets and other costs incurred that will result in benefits to future periods.

Right-of-use Assets and Lease Obligations

Operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets and operating lease obligations are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. As the university's leases generally do not provide an implicit rate, the university's incremental borrowing rate at commencement date is used to determine the present value of future payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives and any initial direct costs incurred. The university's operating lease ROU assets and operating lease obligations are calculated including options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain that the university will exercise that option. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Land, Buildings and Equipment

Land, buildings and equipment are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or, if acquired by gift, at the fair value as of the date of the gift. Additions to plant assets are capitalized while scheduled maintenance and minor renovations are expensed to operations. Buildings and equipment are reflected net of accumulated depreciation which is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives. Carnegie Mellon capitalizes interest during periods of construction. Carnegie Mellon reviews its land, buildings, equipment and other long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Donated works of art, historical treasures and similar assets have been recognized at their estimated fair value based upon appraisals or similar valuations at the date of acquisition. If purchased, the assets are recognized at cost. The assets are depreciated over 99 years.

Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities

Accounts payable and other liabilities include accounts payable, accrued payroll and benefits, interest rate swap liabilities and other accrued expenses.

Federal Student Loan Funds

This liability represents Perkins loan funds provided to students by the federal government through Carnegie Mellon. Carnegie Mellon is required to collect the loans on behalf of the federal government. The federal government did not renew the Perkins loan program after September 30, 2017, and did not allow disbursements to be made after June 30, 2018. The university has elected to retain the outstanding loans in lieu of assigning the loans to the federal government. The liability will be repaid over the years that loan repayments are received from student borrowers. During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, \$1.2 million and \$0.6 million was repaid to the federal government, respectively. The amounts due from the students are reported in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as a component of student loans receivable, net.

Present Value of Split-Interest Agreement Obligations

Carnegie Mellon's split-interest agreements with donors consist primarily of gift annuities, unitrusts, lead trusts, charitable remainder annuity trusts and life income agreements. Assets held under these agreements are included in investments. Generally, contribution revenues are recognized at the dates the agreements are established, after recording liabilities for the present value of the estimated future payments to be made to the beneficiaries. The liabilities are adjusted during the term of the trusts for changes in the value of the assets, accretion of the discount and other changes in the estimates of future benefits. The discount rates utilized for split-interest agreements range from 0.4% to 6.0%. Distributions from the trusts are recorded in accordance with the donor's stipulations as contributions and the carrying value of the assets are adjusted for changes in the fair value of the trust assets.

Operating Activities

Carnegie Mellon's measure of operations without donor restrictions includes revenue from tuition, sponsored projects, investment return distributed according to Carnegie Mellon's spending policy, contributions without donor restrictions, contributions for programs, revenues from auxiliary services and other sources, and net assets released from donor restrictions. Operating expenses are reported by natural classification.

Revenue Recognition from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the university expects to be entitled to receive in exchange for those goods and services.

Contributions Revenue

Contributions include gifts, grants and unconditional promises to give that are recognized as revenue, at fair value, in the period such commitments are received. Conditional promises to give may be subject to both a barrier to entitlement and a right of return of unused funds. Such contributions are recognized as revenue when the barrier is satisfied. Unconditional promises to give to be received in future years are discounted, as of the date of the gift, at a rate commensurate with the pledge payment schedule. A discount rate commensurate with fair value is used. The discount rates utilized for contributions receivable range from 0.0% to 4.5%. An allowance is estimated for uncollectible contributions based upon historical patterns and any known uncollectible accounts or accounts in arrears.

Capital Contributions

Donors' contributions to fund construction projects are classified as net assets with donor restrictions and are released from donor restriction through nonoperating activities when the facility is placed in service. \$63.1 million and \$38.6 million of capital contributions were released from donor restrictions during fiscal years 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Nonoperating Activities

Items presented in the consolidated statements of activities as "Nonoperating activities" include unrealized gains and losses on investments and interest expense related to interest rate swap agreements, losses from adjustments of pledges receivable with donor restrictions, and certain other gains and losses, including those from benefit obligations.

Income Taxes

Carnegie Mellon is a nonprofit organization as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and is generally exempt from income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code.

The university accounts for uncertainties in income taxes in accordance with authoritative guidance, which prescribes a recognition threshold of more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by the appropriate taxing authority. Measurement of the tax uncertainty occurs if the recognition threshold has been met. Management determined there were no tax uncertainties that met the recognition threshold at June 30, 2025 and 2024.

The university's Federal Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Returns remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for the years subsequent to June 30, 2021.

The university's policy is to recognize interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated financial statements and related accompanying footnote disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates and these differences could be material.

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIQUIDITY RESOURCES

The university continuously monitors liquidity needed to meet its operating activities while prudently investing its available capital. Possible sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, marketable debt and equity securities, two \$50.0 million lines of credit and a \$200.0 million commercial paper program (see [Note 11](#)). The university also anticipates converting certain receivables to cash within the next 12 months. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, financial assets available within one year for general expenditure are as follows (*dollars in thousands*):

	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,067,872	\$902,532
Accounts receivable, net	88,404	94,185
Pledges receivables designated for operations	19,440	17,926
Short-term working capital investments	157,903	244,685
Subsequent year's approved endowment distributions	167,932	162,411
Subsequent year's approved long-term working capital distributions	22,683	20,582
Total financial assets available within one year	\$1,524,234	\$1,442,321

For purposes of analyzing resources available for general expenditures over a 12-month period, the university considers all expenditures related to its ongoing activities of teaching and research, as well as the conduct of services undertaken to support those activities, to be general expenditures. This includes short-term working capital investments available for construction and plant activity. Long-term working capital investments are included within the university's long-term investments pool. While the university does not intend to spend from these long-term working capital investments other than the amounts appropriated for general expenditure as indicated above, the long-term working capital investments could be made available if necessary. However, the long-term investments pool contains investments with lock-up provisions and other liquidity constraints that reduce the total investments that could be made available (see [Note 6](#) and [Note 8](#)).

4. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Tuition Revenue

Tuition revenue is recognized within the fiscal year in which educational services are provided. Revenue related to student services crossing fiscal years is recognized on a pro-rata basis based upon the number of instruction days in each period. Tuition, at published prices, from undergraduate students was \$495.2 million and \$468.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Tuition, at published prices, from graduate students was \$433.5 million and \$412.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Other education related revenue was \$51.7 million and \$50.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The transaction price for tuition revenue may be reduced directly by discounts or scholarships from the amount of the standard rates charged. These discounts are considered financial aid and were \$228.0 million and \$213.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Upon withdrawal, a student may be eligible to receive a refund, or a partial refund, the amount of which is dependent on the timing of the withdrawal during the academic term. The amount of refunds paid is not a significant portion of the university's tuition revenue.

Students are billed prior to the start of each academic term based upon the agreements they signed and payment is due prior to the start of the term. Student receivables are not collateralized; however, credit risk is minimized as a result of the diverse nature of the university's student base. The university establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical trends and other information.

Sponsored Projects Revenue

The university receives sponsored program funding from various governmental and corporate sources. The funding may represent a reciprocal transaction in exchange for an equivalent benefit in return, or it may be a nonreciprocal transaction in which the resources provided are for the benefit of the university, the funding organization's mission or the public at large.

Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized as performance obligations are satisfied, which in most cases is as related costs are incurred. Revenue from non-exchange transactions (contributions) may be subject to conditions, in the form of both a barrier to entitlement and a refund of amounts paid (or a release from obligation to make future payments). Revenues from conditional non-exchange transactions are recognized when the barrier is satisfied. In addition, the university has elected the simultaneous release option for conditional contributions that are also subject to purpose restrictions. Under this option, net assets without donor restrictions will include the donor-restricted contributions for which the purpose restrictions are met in the same reporting period as the revenue is recognized.

Amounts recognized as sponsored projects revenue are based upon a signed contract for direct costs along with indirect cost recovery. Indirect sponsored projects revenue is recorded at rates established in advance by Carnegie Mellon through negotiations with the United States government and other sponsors based upon direct costs incurred. The actual federal indirect cost rate is audited by the Defense Contracts Audit Agency (DCAA), and a final fixed-rate agreement is signed by the United States government and Carnegie Mellon. The variance between the negotiated fixed and the final audited indirect cost rate results in a carryforward (over or under recovery) that is included in the calculation of negotiated fixed rates in future years.

Sponsored projects revenue is invoiced per the terms of the contractual agreement. Amounts received from sponsors under agreements that require the exchange of assets, rights or other privileges between Carnegie Mellon and the sponsor are recorded as deferred revenue until the contract terms are fulfilled.

Auxiliary Services Revenue

Carnegie Mellon's auxiliaries exist primarily to furnish goods and services to students, faculty and staff. Managed as essentially self-supporting activities, Carnegie Mellon's auxiliaries consist principally of housing and dining services, parking, retail and other external services. Revenue is recognized as the services are provided based upon published prices and rates, net of any discount.

Other Revenue Sources

Other revenue is comprised of funding received for Carnegie Mellon's international locations, royalty income, licensing revenue, affiliate/membership revenue and other miscellaneous revenues. Other revenue is recognized as services are rendered or over the term of the contract and invoiced based on contractual terms.

The university has elected the practical expedient in ASC 606-10-50-14 to not disclose the information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected durations of one year or less. Federal and other sponsored grants and contracts may include fiscal funding clauses or be subject to annual appropriation. These sponsored research agreements typically span less than five years. The university estimates that its conditional awards outstanding as of June 30, 2025 approximate historical annual sponsored program activity.

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2025 and 2024, consist of the following (*dollars in thousands*):

	2025	2024
Sponsored project accounts receivable		
Software Engineering Institute	\$409	\$5,380
Other grants and contracts	63,519	68,425
Total sponsored projects accounts receivable	\$63,928	\$73,805
Student accounts	6,538	6,080
Other	20,232	17,493
Total student accounts and other	\$26,770	\$23,573
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,294)	(3,193)
Net accounts receivable	\$88,404	\$94,185

Other accounts receivable relates primarily to Carnegie Mellon's international programs, affiliate and membership agreements, license agreements and other miscellaneous revenue sources.

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2025 and 2024 consists of the following (*dollars in thousands*):

	2025	2024
Sponsored projects deferred revenue		
Software Engineering Institute	\$54	\$54
Other contracts and conditional grants	61,953	50,078
Total sponsored projects deferred revenue	\$62,007	\$50,132
Student accounts	27,057	25,335
Other	38,862	38,314
Total deferred revenue	\$127,926	\$113,781

Student Loans Receivable

Net student loans receivable of approximately \$2.9 million and \$4.0 million, as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, primarily represent student loans made under the Perkins federal loan program. These loans are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts approximately \$0.5 million as of June 30, 2025 and 2024.

5. CONTRIBUTIONS REVENUE AND PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

Conditional promises to give, which depend on the satisfaction of identified barriers such as matching gifts from other donors, are recognized as contributions revenue when the conditions are substantially met.

Pledges receivable as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 are due as follows (*dollars in thousands*):

	2025	2024
In one year or less	\$149,657	\$86,334
Between one year and five years	120,483	239,214
More than five years	42,922	25,158
Pledges receivable, gross	\$313,062	\$350,706
Unamortized discount	(28,662)	(32,254)
Allowance for unfulfilled pledges	(11,376)	(12,738)
Pledges receivable, net of discount and allowance	\$273,024	\$305,714

6. INVESTMENTS

Investments by major class at June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows (*dollars in thousands*):

	2025	2024
Cash equivalents	\$70,007	\$55,623
Short-term fixed income securities	157,903	244,685
Fixed income securities	468,872	494,533
Equity securities	1,208,510	1,142,432
Alternative investment partnerships	2,593,412	2,301,127
Total investments	\$4,498,704	\$4,238,400

Investments are held for the following purposes (*dollars in thousands*):

	2025	2024
Endowment	\$3,482,214	\$3,232,810
Reserves for working capital and plant – short-term	157,903	244,685
Reserves for working capital and plant – long-term	656,397	613,840
Other	202,190	147,065
Total investments	\$4,498,704	\$4,238,400

Fixed income securities are United States Treasury and Agency obligations, investment grade corporate debt, short-term commercial paper and asset backed securities. Equity securities at June 30, 2025 included 68.3% domestic equities and 31.7% international and emerging market equities. Equity securities at June 30, 2024 included approximately 62.1% domestic equities and 37.9% international and emerging market equities. Alternative investment partnerships are largely investments in buyout, venture capital, real estate, natural resources and hedge funds.

The previous table of investments by major class represents the actual allocation of the short-term and long-term reserves, and other miscellaneous investments on a combined basis. Actual allocations on a combined basis should not be interpreted as an investment allocation policy for a particular investment pool.

Operating investment income as reported in the Consolidated Statements of Activities includes dividends and interest earned on funds without donor restrictions as well as accumulated gains without donor restrictions utilized for current operations in the amounts of \$74.8 million and \$65.8 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The accumulated gains are reclassified from net realized gains to investment income.

Certain of Carnegie Mellon's outside investment managers are authorized to and do purchase and sell derivative instruments in order to create, increase, decrease or hedge exposures to market position, including to manage risk due to interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations.

Carnegie Mellon's long-term investments are comprised of U.S. domestic and international portfolios. Carnegie Mellon does not hedge international portfolios with respect to foreign currencies. Investment managers of these international portfolios have the discretion to, and certain do, manage foreign currencies through foreign exchange contracts to protect the portfolios from potential foreign currency losses and to benefit from potential gains.

Gains or losses from derivative instruments are reported as realized and unrealized gains or losses in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. The fair value of all derivative instruments is included in the fair value of the investments.

Under the terms of certain limited partnership agreements, Carnegie Mellon is obligated to periodically advance additional funding for venture capital, buyout, real estate and natural resources fund investments. At June 30, 2025 and 2024, Carnegie Mellon had unfunded commitments of approximately \$910.8 million and \$837.1 million, respectively, for which capital calls had not been exercised. Such commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. Carnegie Mellon maintains sufficient liquidity in its investment portfolio to cover such calls.

Alternative investments measured at NAV are less liquid than Carnegie Mellon's other investments. The following tables summarize these investments by strategy type at June 30, 2025 and 2024 (*dollars in thousands*):

	Number of Funds	2025 Fair Value	Number of Funds	2024 Fair Value
Commingled funds	6	\$258,888	6	\$327,306
Hedge funds	14	495,077	9	335,253
Natural resources	21	89,316	21	143,483
Private equity (buyout) funds	64	387,595	64	349,491
Real estate	26	190,339	27	172,969
Venture capital	225	1,395,228	218	1,263,738
Other	7	35,857	9	36,193
Total	363	\$2,852,300	354	\$2,628,433

Commingled funds and hedge fund investments held by the university may be subject to restrictions related to the initial investment that limit the university's ability to redeem capital from such investments during a specified period of time subsequent to the university's investment of capital in such funds, typically known as a lock-up period. Capital available for redemption after the lock-up period has expired may also be subject to limits which restrict the available redemption period to semi-monthly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, annually or triennially and require 2 - 180 days prior written notice, potentially limiting the university's ability to respond quickly to changes in market conditions. All commingled funds have passed the initial lock-up period as of June 30, 2025.

Natural resources, private equity, real estate, venture capital and other alternative investments cannot be redeemed upon request. Instead, the nature of these investments is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. As of June 30, 2025, it is estimated that the underlying assets of these funds would be liquidated over approximately four to eight years.

7. ENDOWMENTS

The following tables outline the endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

2025	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ -	\$2,965,772	\$2,965,772
Board-designated funds	518,871	-	518,871
Total funds	\$518,871	\$2,965,772	\$3,484,643

2024	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ -	\$2,709,492	\$2,709,492
Board-designated funds	522,504	-	522,504
Total funds	\$522,504	\$2,709,492	\$3,231,996

The following tables provide a summary of the changes in value of the endowment net assets excluding endowment pledges for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

2025	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$522,504	\$2,709,492	\$3,231,996
Gifts and other additions	\$514	\$74,967	\$75,481
Investment income			
Interest and dividends	7,071	10,805	17,876
Net realized gains on sale of securities	76,013	394,171	470,184
Net unrealized losses	(22,715)	(125,070)	(147,785)
Total investment income	\$60,369	\$279,906	\$340,275
Income distributed			
Cash and accrued interest and dividends	\$(7,071)	\$(10,805)	\$(17,876)
Accumulated realized investment gains	(57,445)	(87,788)	(145,233)
Total income distributed	(64,516)	(98,593)	(163,109)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$518,871	\$2,965,772	\$3,484,643¹

⁽¹⁾Includes \$2.4 million of endowment gifts and other transfers pending investment and other accruals.

2024	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$542,852	\$2,575,888	\$3,118,740
Gifts and other additions	\$8	\$67,758	\$67,766
Investment income			
Interest and dividends	8,659	12,925	21,584
Net realized gains on sale of securities	20,402	96,811	117,213
Net unrealized gains	10,608	45,703	56,311
Total investment income	\$39,669	\$155,439	\$195,108
Income distributed			
Cash and accrued interest and dividends	\$(8,659)	\$(12,925)	\$(21,584)
Accumulated realized investment gains	(51,366)	(76,668)	(128,034)
Total income distributed	(60,025)	(89,593)	(149,618)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$522,504	\$2,709,492	\$3,231,996¹

⁽¹⁾Includes \$(1.8) million of endowment gifts and other transfers pending investment and other accruals.

Unless the donor specifies that only a certain amount of the endowment may be spent, Pennsylvania Act 141 ("Act 141") allows organizations to choose a total return spending policy strategy, whereby the Board of Trustees may annually elect to spend between 2.0% and 7.0% of the fair market value of the endowment. Carnegie Mellon maintains a total return spending policy. Endowment income distributions can consist of dividend and interest income and a withdrawal of accumulated capital gains, when necessary. The main objective of the total return spending policy is to separate spending policy from investment policy. This approach permits asset allocation decisions to be made independently of the need for current income. Carnegie Mellon targets a diversified asset allocation to achieve its long-term objectives with prudent risk constraints. The endowment spending rate is determined annually pursuant to a smoothing formula whereby an approved spending rate percentage is applied to the trailing 36-month average of endowment market values at December 31. For fiscal years 2025 and 2024, the approved spending rate was set at 5.0%. As a result of the spending rate formula, the effective spending rate (defined as the endowment draw totals for the fiscal years 2025 and 2024 divided by the June 30 endowment market values for those fiscal years) was 4.7% for June 30, 2025 and 4.6% for June 30, 2024.

8. FAIR VALUE

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, establishes a hierarchy to prioritize valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and unobservable inputs reflect the entity's own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available.

The following is a description of the university's valuation methodologies for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Level 1

Based upon quoted or published prices in active markets that the university has the ability to access for identical assets and liabilities. Market price data is generally obtained from exchange or dealer markets. The university does not adjust the quoted price for such assets and liabilities, which include active listed equities, mutual funds, government supported obligations and cash equivalents.

Level 2

Based on quoted or published prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active or assets subject to transfer restrictions. Inputs are obtained from various sources including market participants, dealers and brokers.

Level 3

Based on valuation techniques that use significant inputs that are unobservable as they trade infrequently or not at all.

The following tables present the financial instruments carried at fair value as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 by caption in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position by the valuation hierarchy defined above (dollars in thousands):

2025	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Investments				
Cash equivalents ^a	\$44,206	\$25,801	\$ -	\$70,007
Equity securities				
U.S. – equity funds and common stocks ^a	810,378	-	15,197	825,575
Mutual funds – international developed	92,092	-	-	92,092
Mutual funds – international emerging	31,955	-	-	31,955
Short-term fixed income	-	157,903	-	157,903
Fixed income funds and securities ^a	468,872	-	-	468,872
	\$1,447,503	\$183,704	\$15,197	\$1,646,404
Investments measured under the NAV practical expedient ^b				\$2,852,300
Total investments				\$4,498,704
Assets held in trust by others				
Beneficial interests held by third party	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,920	\$2,920
Perpetual trusts held by third party	-	-	9,778	9,778
Total assets held in trust by others	\$ -	\$ -	\$12,698	\$12,698
Unexpended bond proceeds	\$3,189	\$ -	\$ -	\$3,189
Prepaid expenses and other assets				
Deferred compensation plan assets	\$28,789	\$10,300	\$4,647	\$43,736
Total prepaid expenses and other assets	\$28,789	\$10,300	\$4,647	\$43,736
Total assets at fair value	\$1,479,481	\$194,004	\$32,542	\$4,558,327
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps payable	\$ -	\$5,957	\$ -	\$5,957
Total liabilities at fair value	\$ -	\$5,957	\$ -	\$5,957

(a) Presentation as a single class is appropriate based on the nature and risks of these investments.

(b) In accordance with ASC Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. This includes commingled funds of \$258.9 million, and hedge and private equity funds of \$2,593.4 million as of June 30, 2025.

2024

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Investments				
Cash equivalents ^a	\$30,973	\$24,650	\$ -	\$55,623
Equity investments				
U.S. – equity funds and common stocks ^a	698,730	-	11,219	709,949
Mutual funds – international developed	39,126	-	-	39,126
Mutual funds – international emerging	66,051	-	-	66,051
Short-term fixed income	-	244,685	-	244,685
Fixed income funds and securities ^a	494,533	-	-	494,533
	\$1,329,413	\$269,335	\$11,219	\$1,609,967
Investments measured under the NAV practical expedient ^b				\$2,628,433
Total investments				\$4,238,400
Assets held in trust by others				
Beneficial interests held by third party	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,885	\$2,885
Perpetual trusts held by third party	-	-	9,465	9,465
Total assets held in trust by others	\$ -	\$ -	\$12,350	\$12,350
Unexpended bond proceeds	\$23,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$23,045
Prepaid expenses and other assets				
Deferred compensation plan assets	\$24,353	\$9,168	\$4,343	\$37,864
Total prepaid expenses and other assets	\$24,353	\$9,168	\$4,343	\$37,864
Total assets at fair value	\$1,376,811	\$278,503	\$27,912	\$4,311,659
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps payable	\$ -	\$4,389	\$ -	\$4,389
Total liabilities at fair value	\$ -	\$4,389	\$ -	\$4,389

(a) Presentation as a single class is appropriate based on the nature and risks of these investments.

(b) In accordance with ASC Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. This includes commingled funds of \$327.3 million, and hedge and private equity funds of \$2,301.1 million as of June 30, 2024.

Deferred compensation plan assets are valued using market quotations or prices obtained from independent pricing services (Level 1), market quotations or prices obtained from independent pricing sources who may employ various pricing methods (Level 2), and at contract value (Level 3), which approximates fair value.

Beneficial remainder and lead trusts held by third parties are valued at the present value of the future distributions expected to be received upon termination of the trust or over the term of the trust agreement and approximate fair value. Perpetual trusts are valued based upon the university's percentage interest in the fair value of the underlying trust assets.

Interest rate swaps are valued using observable inputs, such as quotations received from the counterparty, dealers or brokers, whenever available and considered reliable. The valuation methods described above may produce fair value calculations that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values.

The following table includes a roll forward of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position amounts for financial instruments classified by the university within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy (*dollars in thousands*):

	Deferred Compensation	Common Stock	Trusts Held by Others	Total
Fair value, June 30, 2023	\$3,490	\$9,845	\$11,207	\$24,542
Unrealized gains	\$167	\$74	\$1,143	\$1,384
Purchases	161	1,300	-	1,461
Transfers in	525	-	-	525
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Fair value, June 30, 2024	\$4,343	\$11,219	\$12,350	\$27,912
Unrealized gains	\$179	\$3,013	\$423	\$3,615
Purchases	169	965	-	1,134
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(44)	-	(75)	(119)
Fair value, June 30, 2025	\$4,647	\$15,197	\$12,698	\$32,542

9. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The university has operating leases primarily for campus facilities, student housing and office space. Variable lease payments based on an index or rate, such as the consumer price index, are initially measured using the index or rate in effect at lease commencement. The university has elected the short-term lease exception under Topic 842 for all leases and, as such, leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. The university recognizes lease expense for short-term leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The components of lease cost for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, included operating lease costs of \$23.8 million and \$21.9 million and short-term lease costs of \$6.0 million and \$5.5 million. Cash payments for operating leases were \$22.4 million and \$20.2 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The following table displays the undiscounted cash flows due to operating leases as of June 30, 2025 along with a reconciliation to the discounted amount recorded on the June 30, 2025 Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (*dollars in thousands*):

As of June 30, 2025

2026	\$17,486
2027	17,449
2028	16,914
2029	16,344
2030	14,163
Thereafter	94,932
Total undiscounted cash flows (weighted average term 12.7 years)	<u>\$177,288</u>
Impact of present value discount (weighted average discount rate 3.3%)	(31,168)
Amount reported on Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	<u>\$146,120</u>

10. LAND, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Land, buildings and equipment at June 30, 2025 and 2024 consist of the following (*dollars in thousands*):

	Useful Lives	2025	2024
Buildings	35-50 years	\$1,952,298	\$1,822,923
Movable equipment	5-20 years	378,558	338,533
Utilities and building-related assets	20 years	150,067	140,340
Land improvements	15 years	20,313	19,841
Software costs	5-10 years	55,043	54,591
Leasehold improvements	2-20 years	42,803	42,757
Subtotal		\$2,599,082	\$2,418,985
Accumulated depreciation		\$(1,370,779)	\$(1,282,295)
Subtotal		\$1,228,303	\$1,136,690
Land		59,057	59,057
Construction and equipment in progress		186,703	192,178
Land, buildings and equipment, net		\$1,474,063	\$1,387,925

Carnegie Mellon acquired \$14.0 million and \$7.2 million in equipment through grants for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

11. DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Debt obligations consist of the following as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 (*dollars in thousands*):

	Maturity	Interest %	2025	2024
Allegheny County Higher Education Building Authority Revenue Bonds				
Fixed Rate				
Series 2017	08/01/29	5.0%	\$61,560	\$61,560
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			4,262	5,630
Series 2019 A	08/01/27	5.0%	49,600	49,600
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			2,646	3,867
Series 2020 A	02/01/30	5.0%	45,565	45,565
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			6,861	8,358
Series 2022 B	08/01/27	5.0%	27,240	27,240
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			2,106	3,117
Series 2022 C	02/01/32	5.0%	25,000	25,000
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			4,814	5,546
Series 2023	08/01/33	5.0%	44,025	44,025
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			6,482	7,284
Series 2024 A	08/01/27	5.0%	56,025	56,025
Premium, net of debt issuance costs			2,445	3,619
Variable Rate				
Series 2008 A	12/01/37	2.79%	120,820	120,820
Debt issuance costs			(207)	(224)
Series 2022 A	02/01/33	3.55%	50,230	50,230
Debt issuance costs			(151)	(171)
Total Allegheny County Higher Education Building Authority Revenue Bonds			\$509,323	\$517,091
Taxable Series 2022	02/01/52	3.2%	\$75,000	\$75,000
Debt issuance costs			(206)	(214)
Collaborative Innovation Center Mortgage	03/01/25	6.78%	-	8,254
Taxable Senior Notes	02/01/47	3.6%	70,000	70,000
Taxable Senior Notes	02/01/50	3.2%	70,000	70,000
Taxable Senior Notes	11/15/52	5.15%	70,000	70,000
Taxable Commercial Paper	Rolling, up to 270 days	4.34%	10,000	10,000
Total debt obligations			\$804,117	\$820,131

The university borrows its tax-exempt debt through public conduit issuers. As of June 30, 2025, all of Carnegie Mellon's tax-exempt debt was issued by the Allegheny County Higher Education Building Authority (ACHEBA). The tax-exempt debt represents a general unsecured obligation of the university. Although ACHEBA is the issuer, the university is responsible for the debt service of these bonds.

On September 30, 2014, Carnegie Mellon acquired the Collaborative Innovation Center (CIC) from the Regional Industrial Asset District (RIDC) when Carnegie Mellon and RIDC agreed to terminate the long-term ground lease for the land on which the CIC building was built. The CIC building was originally built and owned by RIDC on land owned and leased by Carnegie Mellon to RIDC pursuant to a long-term ground lease. Prior to the termination of the ground lease, the CIC was recorded as a capital lease by Carnegie Mellon.

As part of the agreement to terminate the ground lease, Carnegie Mellon assumed a \$16.8 million mortgage note. The mortgage note required monthly principal and interest payments, bore interest at a fixed rate of 6.78% and matured on March 1, 2025.

The university maintains a taxable commercial paper program that allows the university to issue in aggregate up to \$200.0 million in commercial paper notes. Proceeds of the notes may be used to refund outstanding debt, finance capital projects, support operations and for any other lawful activity of the university. The notes are sold at a discount to par. The maturities of individual notes cannot exceed 270 days. The university had \$10.0 million in notes outstanding at June 30, 2025.

The university has two \$50.0 million unsecured line of credit agreements that expire October 17, 2025 and May 3, 2026, respectively. No advances were outstanding on either line at June 30, 2025. Advances accrue at a rate based on SOFR.

Interest Expense

Cash paid for interest on debt obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 totaled \$32.1 million and \$32.3 million, respectively. The university utilizes interest rate swaps to synthetically adjust its exposure to variable rates. Including the swap expense, cash paid for interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$32.5 million.

Aggregate Maturities

Aggregate maturities of bonds and other debt instruments, for each of the next five years ending June 30, are as follows (*dollars in thousands*):

2026	\$ -
2027	5,125
2028	152,370
2029	20,505
2030	67,115
Thereafter	519,950
Total	\$765,065

Debt obligations are reflected in the table above based on stated final maturity dates. The outstanding Series 2008 A bonds are variable rate demand bonds that are subject to daily optional tender by the bondholders. In the event that a bondholder tenders these variable rate demand bonds, the purchase price will be repaid from the remarketing of the bonds to a new investor. However, in the event that none of the bonds could be remarketed, Carnegie Mellon has entered into a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement (SBPA) with a financial institution that will purchase the Series 2008 A Bonds at the amount of the bonds outstanding plus related interest. The bonds would then become bank bonds, payable to the liquidity provider per the terms of the agreement. This SBPA was renewed in January 2024 for a three-year term ending January 12, 2027.

12. NET ASSETS

Net assets consists of gifts and other unexpended revenues and gains and are available for the following purposes supporting the university's educational and research mission as of June 30, 2025 (*dollars in thousands*):

2025	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Board-designated endowment funds	\$518,871	\$ -	\$518,871
Reserves for working capital and plant – long-term	656,397	-	656,397
Donor-restricted endowment funds	-	1,512,844	1,512,844
Unexpended endowment gains	-	1,452,928	1,452,928
Capital and other designations	1,505,861	356,161	1,862,022
Pledges and assets held in trust by others	-	285,722	285,722
Split-interest agreements and other donor designations	-	14,851	14,851
Term endowments	-	12,594	12,594
Loan funds	2,483	3,222	5,705
Total net assets	\$2,683,612	\$3,638,322	\$6,321,934

Net assets consists of gifts and other unexpended revenues and gains and are available for the following purposes supporting the university's educational and research mission as of June 30, 2024 (*dollars in thousands*):

2024	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Board-designated endowment funds	\$522,504	\$ -	\$522,504
Reserves for working capital and plant – long-term	613,840	-	613,840
Donor-restricted endowment funds	-	1,437,877	1,437,877
Unexpended endowment gains	-	1,271,615	1,271,615
Capital and other designations	1,295,285	378,211	1,673,496
Pledges and assets held in trust by others	-	318,064	318,064
Split-interest agreements and other donor designations	-	13,086	13,086
Term endowments	-	12,849	12,849
Loan funds	2,477	2,932	5,409
Total net assets	\$2,434,106	\$3,434,634	\$5,868,740

13. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Carnegie Mellon has entered into the following interest rate swap agreements to adjust the exposure to variable interest rates on long-term debt (*dollars in thousands*):

Swap Agreement	Effective Date	Notional Amount	Rate Paid by CMU	Interest Received	Term (in years)	Termination Date	Cancellation Option
Apr 2006	Dec 2006	\$100,000	3.4 %	67% x (SOFR + 11.448 bps)	22	Dec 2028	Dec 2016
May 2007	Jun 2007	\$5,125	3.8 %	67% x (SOFR + 11.448 bps)	20	Mar 2027	N/A
May 2007	Mar 2012	\$40,325	3.8 %	67% x (SOFR + 11.448 bps)	20	Mar 2032	N/A

The following fair values of the swap agreements were recorded as accounts payable and other liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 (*dollars in thousands*):

Date of Swap Agreement	Derivatives Reported as Liabilities	
	2025	2024
Apr 2006	\$(3,429)	\$(2,279)
May 2007	(109)	(99)
May 2007	(2,419)	(2,011)
Total	\$(5,957)	\$(4,389)

The fair value of these agreements is estimated to be an amount that Carnegie Mellon would receive or pay (liability) to voluntarily terminate the agreement. Based upon the university's credit rating, the university is required to post collateral equal to the amount by which the liability value exceeds \$30.0 million for each of its counterparties. No collateral was required as of June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

The following interest expense and fair value gains/(losses) were recorded as other sources under nonoperating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Activities for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (*dollars in thousands*):

Date of Swap Agreement	Interest (Expense) Income		Fair Value (Loss) Gain		Total (Loss) Gain	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest rate swaps:						
Apr 2006	\$(178)	\$263	\$(1,150)	\$1,280	\$(1,328)	\$1,543
May 2007	(29)	(7)	(10)	59	(39)	52
May 2007	(228)	(52)	(408)	750	(636)	698
Feb 2012	-	(398)	-	439	-	41
Total	\$(435)	\$(194)	\$(1,568)	\$2,528	\$(2,003)	\$2,334

Carnegie Mellon utilizes energy forward contracts, which are physically settled, to hedge against future changes in the cost of electricity and natural gas. These contracts limit Carnegie Mellon's exposure to higher rates; however, they could also limit the benefit of decreases in rates. These contracts qualify for normal purchases and sales exemptions and are not required to be recognized on the statements of financial position at fair value because Carnegie Mellon takes physical delivery of the electricity and natural gas, and the gains and losses are already recognized in the cost.

14. EXPENSES BY FUNCTIONAL CATEGORY

Operating expenses by functional category for the year ended June 30, 2025 are as follows (*dollars in thousands*):

2025	Instruction & Dpt Research	Sponsored Research	SEI/ARM Activities	Admin & Instl Support	Academic Support	Student Services	Auxiliary	Total
Salaries	\$405,763	\$168,870	\$102,159	\$99,749	\$91,806	\$37,253	\$2,813	\$908,413
Benefits	88,375	24,399	26,880	26,708	26,441	10,236	713	203,752
Other Operating Expenses	120,488	90,327	44,407	69,093	64,942	24,444	54,323	468,024
Depreciation and Amortization	35,485	15,791	5,554	5,171	11,328	10,214	12,016	95,559
Interest	7,600	3,382	1,190	1,108	2,426	2,187	6,543	24,436
Total	\$657,711	\$302,769	\$180,190	\$201,829	\$196,943	\$84,334	\$76,408	\$1,700,184

Operating expenses by functional category for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows (*dollars in thousands*):

2024	Instruction & Dpt Research	Sponsored Research	SEI/ARM Activities	Admin & Instl Support	Academic Support	Student Services	Auxiliary	Total
Salaries	\$381,069	\$164,878	\$93,786	\$94,640	\$87,938	\$34,964	\$2,670	\$859,945
Benefits	83,350	23,653	24,469	25,189	24,820	9,709	693	191,883
Other Operating Expenses	112,258	80,839	49,097	58,143	61,395	21,796	47,813	431,341
Depreciation and Amortization	31,867	15,925	5,161	5,339	10,485	8,308	11,681	88,766
Interest	9,240	4,617	1,496	1,550	3,040	2,409	4,360	26,712
Total	\$617,784	\$289,912	\$174,009	\$184,861	\$187,678	\$77,186	\$67,217	\$1,598,647

Natural expenses attributable to more than one functional expense category are allocated using a variety of cost allocations such as square footage, time and effort.

Total fundraising expense of \$33.9 million and \$33.8 million (\$30.0 million and \$30.1 million in administration and institutional support) is included above for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Carnegie Mellon is a defendant in a number of legal actions seeking damages and other relief. While the final outcome of each action cannot be determined at this time, management records a reserve in operating activities for those cases in which the loss is both probable and estimable. For the other legal actions that are not reserved, legal counsel and management are of the opinion that the liability, if any, will not have a material effect on Carnegie Mellon's consolidated financial statements.

Carnegie Mellon receives significant financial assistance from the federal government, including the sponsorship of federal research projects. Research grants and contracts normally provide for the recovery of direct and indirect costs. Entitlement to the recovery of the applicable direct and related indirect costs is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants and Carnegie Mellon's indirect cost rate are subject to financial and compliance reviews and audits by the grantors. In management's opinion, the likelihood of an adverse material outcome upon its financial position from those reviews, federal budget decisions and audits is remote.

Carnegie Mellon continues to monitor developments in the government regulatory environment that may impact the availability, timing, and terms of the government's financial assistance and its resulting impact on the university's operations.

Alternative investment partnership commitments totaled \$910.8 million at June 30, 2025. These funds may be drawn down at the request of the general partners over the course of the next several years. Carnegie Mellon expects to finance these commitments through available cash and expected proceeds from the sales of securities.

At June 30, 2025 and 2024, Carnegie Mellon had contractual obligations of approximately \$242.2 million and \$93.3 million, respectively, in connection with major construction projects.

16. RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Carnegie Mellon sponsors two defined contribution retirement plans for eligible faculty and staff, health care plans for retirees and participates in a multi-employer pension fund for union staff. Retirement plan expense for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 totaled \$51.7 million and \$49.4 million, respectively. Carnegie Mellon contributed \$1.1 million to the Central Pension Fund of the International Union of Operating Engineers, a multi-employer plan in fiscal years 2025 and 2024. See below for a discussion of the assets held in trust to fund post-retirement health care and other post-employment benefits.

Carnegie Mellon provides certain health care benefits for eligible retired employees. The liability for post-retirement benefit obligations is recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position in accounts payable and other liabilities.

Net periodic benefit costs recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Activities totaled \$0.2 million and \$1.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Other gains/(losses) in benefit obligations recognized in non-operating activities totaled (\$0.4 million) and (\$6.4 million) for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Cumulative net actuarial gains of \$25.1 million and \$24.7 million have been recognized as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

During fiscal year 2025, amortization of \$1.4 million actuarial gain is expected to be recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost. The discount rate used in determining the net periodic benefit cost was 5.6% and 5.3% for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The reconciliation of the accumulated benefit obligation and funded status at June 30 2025 and 2024 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2025	2024
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$14,367	\$20,178
Service cost	751	1,092
Interest cost	834	1,115
Assumption changes and actuarial gain/(loss)	(1,833)	(7,545)
Benefit payments	(431)	(472)
Benefit obligation, end of year	\$13,688	\$14,368
Fair value of plans' assets	-	-
Funded status	\$13,688	\$14,368

The assumed discount rate used for calculating the benefit obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was 5.8% and 5.6%, respectively. An annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 of 6.75% and 7.0%, respectively, was assumed. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the rate was assumed to decrease gradually to 5.0% by 2030 and remain at 5.0% thereafter.

Expected benefits to be paid in future fiscal years are as follows (dollars in thousands):

June 30	Retiree Contributions	Employer Payments	Total Expected Benefit Payments
2026	\$751	\$454	\$1,205
2027	990	585	1,575
2028	1,183	675	1,858
2029	1,364	754	2,118
2030	1,476	751	2,227
2031–2035	9,748	4,481	14,229

In conjunction with an agreement made with the federal government, Carnegie Mellon has established a separate trust, which is available to general creditors only in the event of insolvency. Assets in the trust to fund post-retirement health care and other post-employment benefits are \$25.8 million and \$24.7 million as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These assets are reflected as investments in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Carnegie Mellon is one of 15 designated institutions of higher learning and other charitable organizations named as beneficiaries of The Dietrich Foundation (the "Foundation") created by William S. Dietrich II pursuant to an Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust dated August 23, 2011. The Foundation came into existence as a Pennsylvania charitable trust on October 6, 2011 and was granted exemption from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, specifically as a Type I charitable supporting organization under section 509(a)(3). The Foundation's primary mission is to provide ongoing and increasing financial support to a number of educational institutions, largely in the greater Pittsburgh area, including Carnegie Mellon. The Foundation is governed by a Board of nine Trustees, of which two are appointed by Carnegie Mellon.

The Foundation is expected to make annual distributions that will be allocated among the pre-specified supported organizations. As of June 30, 2025, Carnegie Mellon's distribution share remained at 53.5%.

The distributions to Carnegie Mellon have been recorded as contribution revenue with donor restrictions as received and held in endowment net assets with donor restrictions designated as Dietrich Foundation Endowment Funds. The endowed funds will be managed in accordance with Carnegie Mellon's generally applicable investment and disbursement policies in effect for its other permanently restricted endowments. Distributions made from the endowed funds will be used for the purposes authorized by the Foundation's Trustees. Distributions of \$23.7 million and \$24.3 million were received in fiscal years 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Carnegie Mellon is an owner as a tenant in common of the Bellefield Boiler Plant ("Bellefield") for the purpose of sharing of the steam produced by the plant. Bellefield operates such that all of the operating costs of the plant are passed to the owners in the form of steam prices. Carnegie Mellon is obligated for a percent of liabilities based upon use of steam produced by Bellefield. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, Carnegie Mellon's percentage obligation was 15.2%. Included in other assets is \$0.4 million of advances as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, resulting primarily from historical operating surpluses. Included in occupancy and related expenses is \$4.7 million for steam costs paid to Bellefield in both the year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

MPC is a nonprofit related entity of Carnegie Mellon and the University of Pittsburgh. Carnegie Mellon had no revenue from MPC in fiscal year 2025 and fiscal year 2024.

18. GUARANTEES

In the ordinary course of business, Carnegie Mellon engages in transactions with third parties involving the provision of goods and/or services. The contracts for these transactions may require Carnegie Mellon to indemnify the third party or others under certain circumstances. The terms of indemnity vary from contract to contract. The amount of the liability associated with such indemnification obligations, if any, is not expected to be material.

Carnegie Mellon has contractually agreed to indemnify its Trustees and officers, and, in some cases its employees and agents, against certain liabilities incurred as a result of their service on behalf of or at the request of Carnegie Mellon and also advances, on behalf of those indemnified, the costs incurred by them in defending certain claims. Carnegie Mellon carries insurance that limits its exposure for this indemnification obligation. The amount of the liability associated with any known pending or threatened claims covered by this indemnification obligation, if any, is not expected to be material.

Carnegie Mellon has contractually agreed to indemnify specified parties in connection with bond offerings in which it has been involved. The indemnification obligation covers losses, claims, damages, liabilities and other expenses incurred by the underwriters as a result of any untrue statements or material omissions made by Carnegie Mellon in connection with the bond offerings. The amount of the liability associated with any known pending or threatened claims covered by this indemnification obligation, if any, is not expected to be material.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The university has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through October 16, 2025, the date on which the consolidated financial statements were issued.

In September 2025, the university received payment in full on a \$110.9 million endowment pledge receivable. This endowment will be utilized to support a fellowship program for graduate STEM education.



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