What is the Energy Industry?

- Fossil Fuels and Renewable Energy
- Oil, Coal, Natural gas, Nuclear
- Wind, Solar, Water, Biomass, Geothermal
- Fuel cells, Energy Storage and Transmission

Job Functions

Engineers, scientists, architects, farmers, technicians, operators, mechanics, lawyers, businesspeople, sales workers, human resource and public affairs specialists, as well as a host of administrative support workers make their living by researching, developing, installing, and promoting renewable energy.

Typical Job Titles


Skills Sought

- Students who are interested in becoming renewable energy engineers should enjoy solving problems, developing logical plans, and designing things.
- They should have a strong interest and ability in science and mathematics, as well as knowledge of renewable energy technologies.
- Engineers often work on projects in teams, so prospective engineers should be able to work well both alone and with others.
- Other important traits include strong communication skills and an interest in continuing to learn throughout their careers.
- Can problem solve and think outside the box; can demonstrate these skills during interviews and on the resume

Successful Interviews

- Need to have a passion for your accomplishments and the industry
- Demonstrate a desire to not accept status quo; that you went above and beyond the requirements
- CMU students have an extra strength...the interdisciplinary nature of many activities, organizations and projects. Communicate how you worked with many different majors during Booth or Student Government
- Know what the company/agency (for which you are interviewing) does and have a base line knowledge of the industry

Selected Employers

* Solar Energy International (SEI) * Solar Nexus * Green Mountain Energy * Consolidated Edison
* Westinghouse Energy * Chevron * Schlumberger * Shell * Occidental Petroleum
* Nevada Geothermal * Affordable Solar * Blue Sky Energy * DNV KEMA Energy & Sustainability

Trends and labor market

- One of the biggest technology trends is Smart Grid Technology. Electric utility companies across the country are incorporating Smart Grid technologies to their transmission and distribution systems. Smart Grid is technology that connects the generation, transmission, and distribution of electric power all the way through to each customer’s meter. This will allow utility companies to move power where it is needed throughout their delivery base in a more efficient and economical way. Smart Grid proponents say it will also allow end-users to use electricity more economically.
- The outlook for jobs in alternative energy sectors depends on the sector. Some sectors, such as solar, are expected to
experience much higher growth than others. Of the nearly 24,000 new jobs created, about 77 percent are newly created positions. Nearly half of solar firms expect to add workers in the next year, signaling continuing growth in this sector.

- Wind energy has had the most success, when it comes to connecting to the national grid and supplying the nation with electricity. The EIA predicts that while wind energy will continue to produce a larger percentage of energy than the other renewable energy sources, solar energy will exhibit the highest growth rate in the decades to come.

**Resources & Associations**

**Association of Energy Engineers**  
4025 Pleasantdale Road, suite 420  
Atlanta, GA 30340  
Tel: (770) 447-5083  
E-Mail: info@aeecenter.org  
http://www.aeecenter.org

**Energy Information Administration ((EIA))**  
1000 Independence Avenue, SW  
Washington, DC 20585-0001  
Tel: (202) 586-8800  
http://www.eia.doe.gov

**The Institute for Energy Research (IER)**  
1100 H St. NW, Suite 400  
Washington, DC 20005  
Tel: (202) 621-2950  
http://www.instituteforenergyresearch.org

**American Public Power Association**  
2301 M Street, NW  
Washington, DC 20037-1484  
Tel: (202) 467-2900  
http://www.appanet.org

**American Wind Energy Association**  
1501 M Street, NW, Suite 1000  
Washington, DC 20005-1769  
Tel: (202) 383-2500  
http://www.awea.org

**Geological Society of America**  
P.O. Box 9140  
Boulder, CO 80301-9140  
Tel: (303) 357-1000  
http://www.geosociety.org/

**National Hydropower Association**  
25 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, Suite 450  
Washington, DC 20001-7405  
Tel: (202) 682-1700  
E-mail: help@hydro.org  
http://www.hydro.org

**National Renewable Energy Laboratory**  
1617 Cole Boulevard  
Golden, CO 80401-3393  
Tel: (303) 275-3000  
http://www.nrel.gov
To learn more about the field, read publications such as:

- Windpower Monthly (http://www.windpowermonthly.com/windpower-weekly)
- Solar Industry (http://www.solarindustrymag.com)
- Solar Today (http://ases.org)
- International Journal on Hydropower and Dams (http://www.hydropower-dams.com)
- Geothermal Education Weekly (http://www.geo-energy.org/updates.aspx)
- Fuel Cell & Hydrogen Energy Connection (http://www.fchea.org)
- Energy Society (http://www.energysociety.org)

Visit the following Web sites for job listings:

- http://www.nspe.org/resources/career-center
- http://www.awea.org
- http://www.ases.org
- http://www.seia.org/solar-jobs
- http://solarliving.jobamatic.com/a/jbb/find-jobs
- http://www.homepower.com/jobs
- http://www.geothermal.org/employment.html
- http://www.fuelcellmarkets.com

Participate in internships or part-time jobs.


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